AILWAYS, ETC.—(Continued.)

n Pacific Railroad Co.

The Overland Route.

rains daily, leaving Fifth and H sts., No. 4, mited Fast Mail," leaving at 7 A. M., Pullman palace sleeping and dining cars e, Pullman palace sleeping cars daily from Portland to Chicago, via Council Bluffs change; this train also makes direct connection for Walla Walla, Dayton, Denver, Kansas City, Louis, Helena, Butte, and St. Paul. the Overland Flyer, leaving at 5 P. M. Pullman sleepers, Portland to Chicago, via Ogden; mbet sleepers, modern day coaches and chair cars without change, making direct connections at Lake, Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis. ria Walla Walla, Colfax, Farmington, Rockford and e Falls, making direct connections for Dayton, omeroy, Lewiston and Moscow. West bound rrive at 6:40 A. M. and 9:40 P. M.

San Francisco Line.

om Portland. ing at 10 P. M. | From San Francisco. Leaving upper st. 10 A. M.

	Mar.		Mar.
	2	Oregon	6
	6	Santa Rosa	10
	10	State	14
	14	Oregon	18
	18	Columbia	22
	22	State	26
	26	Oregon	30
	30	Columbia	April 3

ompany reserves the right to change steamers ng days.

Astoria.—Steamer S. G. Reed leaves Portland ays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M.; land way points on Oregon side. Telephone leaves nday and Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 A. M.; ding at way points on Washington side. R. R. rson leaves Portland Tuesdays, Thursdays and ays at 11:30 P. M.

M. R. Thompson and S. G. Reed leave Ash dock; steamer Telephone leaves foot Alder st. Dalles and Cascades—Leave Ash street at M., except Sundays.

rton and Corvallis.—Leave Portland at 7 Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Day- d way points. Returning, leave Dayton at 5 A. nesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5 A. and way points at 6 A. M. Mondays and days. Returning, leave Corvallis Tuesdays rsdays.

oma, Seattle and Victoria.—Steamers plan and North Pacific between Tacoma and ria (except Sundays) as follows: Leave Tacoma M.; leave Victoria at 6 A. M. Leave Tacoma ak River Points.—The 5:00 P. M. on Tues- nd Friday connects at Hilyard next with day e river boat for Lewiston and intermediate s.

Ticket Office, First and Oak streets. GEO. S. TAYLOR, City Ticket Agent.

CIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

ALASKA ROUTE.

teamers leave San Francisco, Broadway wharf 1, 9 A. M.

teamer Umatilla—March 6, 21; April 5, 20; May 0; June 4, 14, 19, 29; July 5, 14, 19, 29; August 8, 18, 28; September 2, 17.

eave Portland by rail 11:45 A. M.

teamer City of Topeka—March 8, April 7, May 7, 6, July 7, August 5, September 4.

teamer G. W. Elder—March 23, April 22, May June 21, July 21, August 20, September 19.

teamer Queen—June 1, 16; July 1, 16, 31; Aug 15, 30.

eave Tacoma, 4 A. M.; Seattle, 9 A. M.; Port nsend and Victoria, P. M.

teamer City of Topeka—March 8, April 8, May 8, e 7, July 8, August 6, September 5.

teamer Geo. W. Elder—March 24, April 23, May June 22, July 22, August 21, September 20.

teamer Queen—June 2, 17, July 2, 17, August 16, 31.

or further information about Alaska see pamph- "All About Alaska," published by the Pacific st steamship Co., which can be had at all agencies.

W. T. WALLACE, Agent, 33 First street, Portland, Or.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen'l Agents, San Francisco.

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STEAMER TELEPHONE

(Leaves foot of Alder street, Portland.)

eave Portland Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 A. M.

eave Astoria Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M.

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.—

STEAMER UNDINE

apt. Charles T. Kamm, leaves Portland at 3:30 M., and Vancouver at 8 A. M., daily, Sunday cepted. For freight or passage apply on board, at ot of Taylor street.

Towing between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

OWLITZ ROUTE—

For Freeport (via Willamette slough), touching at t. Helens and way points, Tuesday, Thursday, Sa- urday, Str. JOSEPH KELLOGG, 7 A. M. For oredo, touching at St. Helens and way points, Sun- TOLEDO Monday and Thursday at 6 A. M. South ndo of dock, foot of Taylor street.

FOR CLATSKANIE—

Steamer G. W. SHAVER leaves Alder-street wharf at 6 A. M., on Monday, Wednesday and Fri- day for Clatskanie and way landings.

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G. ROSENBLATT, Agent.

Capital	$3,000,000
Reserve fund (in addition)	874,000
Deposit in Oregon	350,000

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OF GREAT BRITAIN.

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THOMPSON & RIGGIN, 48 Stark St.

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Corner First and Madison Streets, Portland.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Freshand Cured Meats.

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Dealer in All Kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats.

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Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXX.—NO. 9192.

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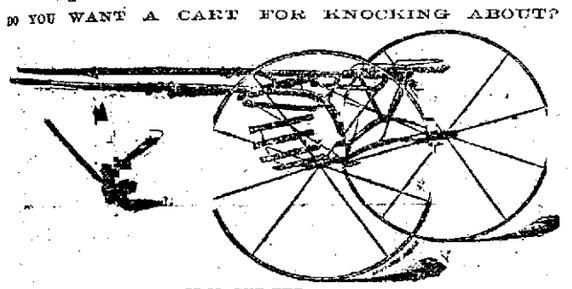

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We have just received a supply of Eureka Lime Co.'s SAN JUAN X.X.X. LIME. Best in market.

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USE IT!

It is the best helper to Health and the quickest cure on Earth. Use it in time for all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Skin. It cures Rheumatism, Malaria, Coated Tongue and Headache, relieves Constipation, Biliousness and Dyspepsia, drives all impurities out of the blood and dries up all Sores. The Business man buy it, the Workingmen use it, the Ladies take it, the Children cry for it and the Farmers say it is their best health preserver.

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FOR THE BLOOD

Nature's own remedy and only scientific form (tasteless) for all blood and skin diseases, dyspepsia and scrofula. Gives a trial for all female complaints. It is pleasant to the taste. Price, per bottle $1.00.

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SPECIAL ESTIMATES FOR WATER WORKS OF CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES.

SOLE AGENTS:

THE PARKE & LACY MACHINERY COMPANY

33 and 35 N. Front St., Portland, Oregon.

A PORT NEAR THE SEA.

Union Pacific Extension to Port Angeles Seems Probable.

ACCESSIBLE BY THREE ROUTES

Seattle Editor Neatly Colors the Eye of an Abusive Heavyweight.

STORE AT INDEPENDENCE ROBBED

The Albany Teachers' Institute—Washington Deputy Marshals Appointed—The Iroquois Sails for Mare Island.

TACOMA, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—There is something in the wind concerning the Union Pacific railway and its movements in the Puget Sound country. There arrived to-night from Portland a party of seven Union Pacific railway engineers, headed by O. A. Holmes, of Portland, en route to Port Angeles, on the southern shore of the straits of Fuca, and about thirty-five miles nearer the gateway to Puget sound than is Port Townsend. Mr. Holmes in an interview says:

I got orders to go to Port Angeles with my corps of engineers and do some platting and reconnoissance work there. The Union Pacific Company owns about 600 acres of land about the place and a great deal of water front property. We are going to survey this and separate the company's property from that of other holders. There is a fight going on between the railroad now penetrating Washington to get the best terminal possible. The Great Northern is after one, the Hunt law at least one staked out already, and it is but natural to believe the Union Pacific wants one and is not after it. Still, I can't say just where they think it should be located.

The Union Pacific can build to Port Angeles by several routes. It could build northward from Portland, cross the Columbia at Vancouver, follow up close to the Willamette meridian line and by at least three good routes to the west and through what property developed would be a very rich country strike Port Angeles. The cost of construction from either of the three points I hate to name could be done and the opening up of the country they are in would hasten on the work of its development which is now progressing very tardily.

The contour of the coast line there in point of desirability as a harbor cannot be excelled. I have been informed that the construction of a breakwater would make of the harbor a splendid haven for the largest ships. It will take us about three weeks to complete our work, when we will return to Tacoma for orders.

The annual meeting of the Union Pacific occurs very soon, and from the way officials of the road are scurrying around, I think the question of putting the Union Pacific on as good, if not a better footing to handle the big Washington business as its rival cross country roads do will all be settled. In case the order goes out to wade in you can look for big developments.

A SEATTLE GIANT KNOCKED OUT.

Editor Holman, of the "Post-Intelligencer," Receives an Abusive Fellow.

SEATTLE, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—The lobby of the Rainer hotel was the scene of a highly sensational incident about 5 o'clock this afternoon. The occasion was a personal encounter between Alfred Holman, editor of the *Post-Intelligencer*, and Mr. W. H. Sherman, also a resident of this city. The combat was very brief and consisted of a single round, in which Mr. Holman completely knocked out his man, sending him to bed with a beautiful black eye and a much ruffled temper.

The affair grew out of a contest which has been pending here for some days over the secretaryship of the chamber of commerce. Sherman was a candidate for the position, and Mr. Holman was a member of the board of trustees by whom candidates were to be examined and recommended. Holman opposed Sherman's candidacy in the trustees' meeting last night upon grounds which seriously offended the candidate.

Meeting Mr. Holman in the lobby of the hotel this evening Sherman addressed him insultingly, and in return got a blow in the face, with the result above mentioned.

The outcome was a good deal of a surprise to onlookers, owing to the fact that Holman is a man of medium size, while Sherman stands six feet two inches, and weighs 210 pounds. The encounter made a good deal of stir about town, and public opinion concerning it was expressed to-night in a meeting of the chamber of commerce by Sherman's overwhelming defeat for the position for which he was a candidate.

NEWS FROM INDEPENDENCE.

Dry Goods Store Robbed—The Motor Line —Inexhaustible Gravel Mines.

INDEPENDENCE, March 18.—[Special Telegram.]—J. L. Stockton's dry goods store was burglarized last night and $600 in goods and money stolen. The store is under the opera house, a brick building on Main street. Entrance was gained by means of a ladder to the transom of the front door and climbing down a piece of leather belting fastened to a ladder the burglars dropped inside. The money drawer contained but $6 or $7 which was taken, also twenty-seven pairs of fine shoes, fifteen suits of the best clothes, besides silk handkerchiefs and other goods. The store was found badly disordered this morning. It is thought the theft was committed by three persons at some time after 4 o'clock. A man sleeping in the opera house was disturbed at that hour. The night watch goes to bed at 4 o'clock.

An alarm was given early, and some twenty persons scoured the country, and this afternoon three tramps were brought in from near Airlie, about ten miles from here, who were seen about town last night. They are lodged in jail.

The directors of the motor line railway were in session to-day, having returned from Portland. The steel rails for the motor line will arrive in about eight weeks. A quarter million feet of lumber will be used in the construction of the road.

It is said 200 men will be required to get gravel here for the Corvallis extension and the Astoria railroad. The supply of gravel is inexhaustible.

News From Salem.

SALEM, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—The Polk County Improvement Co., of Dallas, filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state to-day as per the Oregonian to-day. The project of building a motor line from Dallas to Salem meets with hearty approval here, and it may be assumed that Salem will take stock in the enterprise.

F. T. Beel was brought to the penitentiary to-day from Linn county and will serve a one-year term for bigamy.

Ollie Jim, an Indian woman from Liberty reservation, was brought to the asylum from Benton county to-day.

Supplemental articles of incorporation were filed to-day of the Umpqua River Railroad & Improvement Company; incorporators, J. C. Drain, W. A. Parkins, Levi Kent, Joseph Sellers, J. W. Krewsen, J. E. Payton, W. Kuykendall and Henry Beckley; principal place of business, Drain; purpose, to increase the capital stock from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

A camp of Sons of Veterans will be organized in Salem to-morrow night, a meeting having been called for that purpose. A lodge of Sons of Hermen is also about to be instituted here.

Washington Federal Appointments.

TACOMA, March 19.—United States Marshal Brown, of Tacoma, qualified before Judge Hanford to-day and appointed D. G. Lovell, of Tacoma, and James H. Woolery, of Seattle, deputies. Charles Lamkin, of Tacoma, warden of the United States penitentiary on McNeill's island, and Arthur Perry, of Olympia, clerk.

The district court will convene in Olympia the first Monday in April, but Judge Hanford will hear cases in chambers, beginning the latter part of this week. Marshal Brown hopes to be able to keep his general office in Tacoma. Relative to the matter he said to-day: "If Senator Allen's bill, requiring the holding of sessions of the United States district court in Tacoma, Seattle, Spokane Falls and Walla Walla passes, I shall have a deputy stationed at each of these cities and will have my general office in Tacoma. The office will be in Olympia, however, as long as the district court holds its sessions there."

A Tacoma Whisky Trust.

TACOMA, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Four liquor dealers of Tacoma are anxious to enter into negotiations with the city to control the whisky retail traffic within the corporate limits. The scheme contemplates that at the end of the present year all the saloon licenses shall be rescinded and no new ones issued except to the syndicate. The company will agree to pay into the city treasury a sum equal to that obtained from all the saloons. The projectors will further guarantee to run not more than twenty places for retail liquor selling, and that these shall not be located near churches, schoolhouses or in thickly settled residence portions of the city. Aside from these obligations the saloon syndicate will assume the responsibility for all violations of the law traced to any of the places controlled by them, agreeing to strictly observe all ordinances as to closing hours and selling to minors, habituals, etc.

Albany Teachers' Institute.

ALBANY, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—The teachers' institute for the third judicial district convened at the opera house tonight, with a large attendance from all the counties of the district except Tillamook. The institute was called to order by State Superintendent E. B. McElroy. The address of welcome was delivered by Superintendent L. M. Curl, of Albany; the response by Superintendent Reynolds, of Polk county. A lecture was delivered by Rev. W. Rollins, of Suver; subject: "Heroism Modernized." The session will last three days.

News from Whatcom.

WHATCOM, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Ed. Davis, a young negro, went into Postmaster Hofercamp's house at Sehome and stole a gold watch, jewelry, and a small sum of money. The landlady saw him under a bed upstairs, gave the alarm, and he was captured and jailed.

Lawyers doubt whether tide lands sold under the house bill are taxable until the state passes title to the purchaser by deed ten years hence.

The Iroquois Sails South.

PORT TOWNSEND, March 19.—The American man-of-war Iroquois sailed for Mare Island to-day. One engine has been partly repaired. She can steam four knots an hour. It is reported that the revenue cutter Oliver Wolcott will accompany the Iroquois to San Francisco.

The bark Bundaleer, which was towed ashore yesterday near Dungeness, could not be got off by two tugs. She is resting easily on the mud flats, and is uninjured.

Supreme Court of Oregon.

SALEM, March 12.—[Special Telegram.]—In the supreme court:

A. Ferrarr, app., vs Parke & Lacey, resp.; appeal from Multnomah; argued and submitted.

Benj. Jaraway, resp., vs. James M. Halston, app.; appeal from Multnomah; argued and submitted.

State of Oregon, ex-rel. George W. Heath, resp., vs. Theodore Kraft, app.; appeal from Multnomah; judgment of lower court affirmed; opinion by Strahan, J.

Liability of an Indorser.

TACOMA, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—In a suit before Judge Campbell in the superior court the jury to-day decided that indorsers of promissory notes were liable, and that it is not necessary to notify them of the non payment of the note. The case has been in court for two years, and was watched with great interest by the legal fraternity.

Santiam Mining Suits.

ALBANY, March 19.—In the case of M. V. Bilyeu, Amos Strong, et al., vs. E. O. Smith, for the recovery of the Red Bull mining claim, in Santiam mining district, to-day the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs. The case will be appealed to the supreme court.

Found With His Throat Cut.

WHATCOM, March 19. — [Special Telegram.]—The man found here with his throat cut, last December, has been identified as Samuel McCauley, of British Columbia, where he left a wife and four children.

General Faulkner is Certainly Dead.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 19.—C. L. Bingham, receiver of the First National bank of Dansville, pronounced the report that Lester B. Faulkner is alive and in Mexico without the least particle of truth. Rev. Ward, who officiated at Faulkner's funeral, says also that he is dead. He saw the body after death.

The Lake Shore Conductor Arraigned.

BUFFALO, March 19.—Conductor Houghtaling was arraigned this morning, charged with a misdemeanor, in being responsible for the Bay View accident, in accordance with the verdict of the coroner's jury. He pleaded not guilty, and was held to await the action of the grand jury.

Manitoba Asks Unrestricted Reciprocity.

WINNIPEG, March 19.—The Manitoba legislature has adopted a resolution asking the Dominion parliament to take steps to negotiate with the United States government with a view to the adoption of an unrestricted reciprocity in trade.

Only a Few Days Left.

Don't forget that lots in Rosedale addition to Astoria will be $20 a lot on and after the 28th of March; 1d lots $190. 49 First street, W. Reidt, M'g'r. Open until 8 P. M.

The Northern Pacific are now selling first-class limited tickets through to Chicago for $67; second class, $30. These are the lowest rates now in effect.

The town is growing south

A CALL TO DEMOCRATS.

State Convention to Be Held in Portland April 24.

COUNTY CONVENTIONS APRIL 24

Demand That Brickyards Furnish Their Employes With Straw.

UNANIMOUS FOR GOV. PENNOYER

Sweat-Wrought Appeal of the State Central Committee—The Primary Meetings Set for April 10.

SALEM, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—The state democratic central committee met in Salem this afternoon with the following representation of delegates and proxies, by counties:

A. Bush, chairman: P. H. D'Arcy, secretary; Benton, P. H. D'Arcy; Clackamas, W. H. Vaughan; Clatsop, C. J. Trenchard and H. A. Smith; Coos, A. Bush; Crook, Elisha Barnes; Grant, J. L. Morrow; Josephine, James Coleman; Lane, L. Bilyeu; Linn, M. A. Miller; Morrow, J. L. Morrow; Multnomah, L. B. Cox; Polk, W. W. Williams; Umatilla, W. T. Slater and T. Fitzgerald; Wasco, M. Herbert; Multnomah, William von Cadow, seated by courtesy.

It was the unanimous sense of the committee that the state convention be held at Portland, and the time was set for Thursday, April 24, eight days after the republican convention.

A motion was carried that a committee of five be appointed to draft a call for the convention and determine the appointment, which it was decided to have based on the vote for Governor Pennoyer four years ago. Cox, Trenchard, Miller, Herbert and Fitzgerald were appointed the committee, and after deliberation an hour reported the following call which was unanimously adopted verbatim, after considerable discussion as to the advisability of expunging the words "sweat-wrought" in connection with tribute, and the brick and straw picture drawn at the close of the call, but the report was adopted unanimously as it came from the hands of the committee, as follows:

CALL FOR A STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The democratic central committee for the state of Oregon, assembled at Salem the 19th day of March, 1890, has appointed Portland as the place and Thursday, the 24th day of April, 1890, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, as the time for holding a convention for the democratic party of the state of Oregon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of congressman, governor, judge of the supreme court, secretary of state, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, state printer and district officers to be voted for at the June election, and to transact such further business as may properly come before the convention.

The representation will consist of 192 delegates, apportioned among the several counties of the state as follows:

Baker	6	Polk	6
Clackamas	8	Tillamook	2
Columbia	3	Union	7
Crook	2	Wasco	6
Douglas	7	Yamhill	7
Grant	4	Clatsop	7
Jackson	8	Benton	7
Klamath	3	Coos	6
Lane	8	Curry	2
Malheur	3	Gilliam	4
Morrow	6		
Harney	2		
Josephine	4		
Lake	2		
Linn	12		
Marion	10		
Multnomah	25		
Sherman	2		
Umatilla	10		
Wallowa	4		
Washington	8		

The same being one delegate at large from each county and one delegate for every 175 votes, and one for every fraction thereof exceeding one-half cast for Governor Pennoyer at the June election of 1886.

The committee recommend that precinct primaries be held the 10th day of April, and the various county conventions the 16th day of April, unless county committees determine differently.

We invite all American citizens, without distinction of calling or political preference, who are weary of paying sweat-wrought tribute to conscienceless monopolies, to emulate the example of their fellows who have so emphatically expressed themselves at the polls at the recent elections in Massachusetts, Ohio and Iowa, and who in Kansas announce their intention to take a stand and to unite with us in a determined effort to re-establish our National Merchant-Marine, to strike off the fetters of our suffering factories and to relieve the great army of consumers from the burden of tax which oppresses them grievously and profits them nothing, and to rebuke the party which now announces not only that the body politic of this country shall make brick, but that they shall make them without straw.

GOVERNOR PENNOYER THE CHOICE.

In interviews with different members of the committee it could readily be seen that Governor Pennoyer was the unanimous choice of the democracy of the state for governor, and there seems to be no doubt among democrats that he will be elected. They think his opponent will be Thompson, Moody or DeLashmutt.

The last paragraph in the call was constructed to meet the republican call, and answer the challenge, so to speak, contained therein. The committee thought a chip had been placed on the republican shoulder by the call of that party, and their effort to-day was to displace that chip.

TRIAL OF BISHOP ESHER.

The Noted Evangelical Preacher Charged With Unchristian Practices.

READING, Pa., March 19.—The committee of the Evangelical Association, appointed to try Bishop Esher, of Chicago, began its hearing to-day. The charges were read in substance as follows: Unchristian conduct, slander, evil speaking and falsehood, creating dissensions, perpetuating and intensifying agitation in the church and disturbing her peace by the revival of old and previously adjudicated differences. Bishop Esher is not in attendance.

Express Robbers Arrested.

MISSOULA, Mont., March 19.—E. A. Searles and W. C. Paine, who have been living here the past month, were arrested to-day, charged with robbing the Northern Pacific express office at Brainerd, Minn., of $15,000 about a year ago.

Mrs. Burchell Discharged.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., March 19.—Mrs. Burchell was taken before a police magistrate to-day, but as neither Detective Murray of Crown Attorney Raymond had any evidence against Mrs. Burchell she was discharged.

The Sugar Trust Dividend.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The application of the sugar trust to declare a dividend of 2½ per cent. on its $50,000,000 of certificates, was to-day referred to Judge O'Brien, and will be heard to-morrow.

DR. PIERCE'S Favorite Prescription cures "female weaknesses," prolapsus, retroversion, anteversion, inflammation, etc. By druggists.—Adv.

Through Pullman vestibuled sleepers and dining cars; also latest improved tourist sleepers through to the East via Northern Pacific railroad. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

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TARIFF AND COINAGE.

President Harrison Consults the Leaders of Congress.

THE McKINLEY BILL WILL PASS

Windom Silver Bill Not Acceptable to the Senate —Vetoness on Agricultural Depression— A Gentleman's Name Is Mud

WASHINGTON March 19.—[OREGONIAN office, corner Fourteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue.]—Yesterday the president invited Senators Dawes, Aldrich, Allison, Hitchcock, Morrill and Jones of the senate and Messrs McKinley Burrows, Cannon, Conger and Bingham, of the house to dine with him informally it being understood that matters of public policy were to be discussed during the evening. Dinner was earlier than usual and was served in a private dining room. After the menu was half finished the president introduced the subject of the tariff and asked how the committee on ways and means was getting along with the bill. McKinley explained the situation. The president then asked Mr Aldrich and Mr Allison what prospect the bill would have in the senate. They told him they would be able to pass it in good order provided it conformed to the policy represented by the bill reported and passed by them at the last session.

The president then expressed himself very warmly upon the subject of the tariff, explaining that in his opinion the interest of the country demanded that there should be a reduction of the revenue particularly on articles of food and the necessaries of life. There was a good deal of feeling expressed particularly in the Northwest, against maintaining the tariff imposed during the war. The republican party was pledged to reduce the revenues, and duties would better be cut down even if the government was compelled to economize to make both ends meet.

Then the silver question was taken up, and the president asked Conger, chairman of the house committee on coinage weights and measures, what the prospect was in the house for that legislation. Conger thought it was entirely probable that the Windom bill would pass very much as had been decided upon by the committee but when the president asked Aldrich what prospect the bill would have in the senate he was informed that the committee on finance had already reported a substitute which differed materially from the Windom bill, and that they would insist on its passage and to agree to no other when up on Jones of Nevada spoke quite freely and explained to the president the character of the senate bill. The most remarkable feature about it, he said was that it had been unanimously agreed to by the senate committee on finance and was the only financial measure indorsed to such an extent by that committee. Any measure, he said, was remarkable that could secure the approval of Morrill and himself but the Windom bill was not so popular.

The president did not engage in controversy but intimated that in his opinion the Windom bill covered the ground as well as any that could be devised and he was particularly anxious for the passage of some sort of measure.

At the caucus of republican senators last evening a general policy was decided upon now that the Blair bill will be disposed of to-morrow. Senator Davis's dependent pension bill will be first considered and probably with it the disability pension bill. Next in importance will be the coinage or silver bill. From the talk among senators it was assured that the bill would be pushed. It required the secretary of the treasury to coin the full amount of $4 000 000 a month. Some were of course in favor of free coinage but he proposition of the finance committee will be early brought forward and, if acted on passed. A committee of seven was appointed to select the measures which should be passed as a matter of party policy and to report at a future meeting.

Among the amendments made by the senate committee to the administrative customs bill, reported to the senate this afternoon, was the striking out of the provision that the section shall not apply to articles exported from the United States and reimported. A section was added fixing the time the act shall take effect July 1 1890 except section 16 which shall take effect at once. This section provides for the appointment by the president of nine general appraisers not more than five from one political party.

The republican members of the ways and means committee will submit the tariff bill to the full committee on Friday. An agreement has been reached on Mexican hides. Hides will be dutiable at 1½ cents per pound and will have to pay duty regardless whether or not hides are associated with other ores.

The house has passed Hermann's bill restoring Mrs Christina Leisor to money known in early Oregon days as Mrs Geisel, whose captivity among the Rogue River Indians and subsequent ransom and services to the surviving settlers as well as the pathetic narrative of the massacre of her family was told by Joaquin Miller at the time. Her bill was published in many of the Eastern papers. She is voted a pension of $600 a year for the remainder of her life. Mr Hermann took a deep interest in this aged pioneer woman and was very solicitous as to the fate of his bill, because of the general opposition of Knights of Honor who incline to pensions to survivors of Indian wars usually as evidenced by the fact that there are plenty of pioneer people in Texas just as meritoriously entitled to a pension. Lord Lamont declined over night for the first time to discuss the Knights' bill to pension survivors of Indian wars, being content to let the matter go through by default. The touching narrative of the committee's report was read until the pathos became monotonous. At once a Tennessee democrat rose, and walking up to Mr Hermann extended his hand and said tenderly said:

"I believe I've stepped ahead in having more democratic Americans and no republicans. I knew it was one of your cases from your Oregon Indian war. Now I have plenty of heroic cases in Texas but I don't want the war here any just like this case of yours to night."

Senator Mitchell of Oregon made a strong speech at the republican caucus last night urging that the forfeiture bills pending before congress should be brought forward and passed. He particularly referred to the unearned grants in Washington and Oregon of the Northern Pacific road which were of great disadvantage to the development of that country.

The house committee on public lands today ordered a favorable report on Comstock's bill for the relief of settlers on Northern Pacific indemnity lands, with a few amendments.

A majority of the house committee on public buildings and grounds have signified their intention of supporting the bills passed by the senate yesterday for sites for public buildings in Washington. Senator Squire, a member of the senate committee, has been pulling some strings on these committee which seems to be bearing fruit. Representative Wilson says he thought that the better plan would be to secure one building now and take another next session but as the senate bills have passed they will have his hearty support.

The new state men have found a method of securing legislation in the senate. They all stay through the dreary debates, and late in the afternoon when the prosy talkers have driven everybody out of the chamber, they call up as unobjected bills their own pet measures and pass them. A number of bills went on through last evening which have been pending some time.

Hansbrough and Pickler were today laboring with Dunn of Minnesota to convince him that the repeal of the timber culture act was what was necessary for the good of the new states and territories. It is generally understood that Dunn's active opposition would defeat the bill and the men anxious for its repeal want him to hold off. If present indications Wilson of Washington says that the law is used in his state to keep settler from securing valuable tracts by passing the title from one man to another for several years. It is believed the bill will pass.

The democrats do not propose to take any chances on the Mudd Compton contested election case which came up to-day and will be decided before the end of the week. It is unquestionable that Cate of Arkansas would not have been unseated if the democrats had rallied their full party and in the present instance they do not propose to repeat the blunder. Carlisle has issued a circular to the democratic members urging them to be present during the progress of the case. It is claimed that seven republican members will vote with the democrats.

Governor Shoup of Idaho who has been in Washington City several weeks working hard for the admission of his state left for the West today. He thinks that Idaho's admission is assured. A number of senators suggested to the governor to day that he select a seat he would like to occupy in that body as soon as Idaho is a state.

Martin Maginnis, the would be democratic senator from Montana is very sour and disgusted. He thinks he has not been used as he should have been, even by his party friends. His defeat and Toole's election last fall has not been fully explained, and now that he will be obliged to return to his constituents without any senatorial dignity he is not all pleased. Colonel Clark on the other hand is feeling all right and accepts the inevitable with cheerfulness.

Senator Squire to lay presented a memorial from the Washington legislature asking congress to appropriate $100 000 for improvements on the Skagit river. It was ordered printed.

IN THE SENATE.

Morton in the Chair—Voorhees on Farming in the Sterile East.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—In the senate Vice president Morton occupied the chair to day. The resolution offered by Voorhees Monday as to agricultural depression was taken up and Voorhees addressed the senate. He said in part:

It was now nearly thirty years since the close of the war had given to avarice an opportunity to prey upon the sacrificing patriots of the country. The measures resorted to for the taxation of one class of citizens and the enrichment of another had been legislation by which the burden of public debt had been doubled after demoralized and a high protective tariff established. He characterized the protective tariff as a curse. Farmers of the United States to day did not receive on an average more than ten cents a bushel for corn fifty cents for wheat and two to three cents a pound for lambs. Every pretense of a home market for the farmer was a fraud and every pretense of raising wheat and oats and potatoes for his beach was a cheat and a sham. It is a notorious truth that the ruin has stood in the fields of farmers expense account from 40 to 50 per cent on every implement of industry with which he toiled and his yearly hauling two to was raised to eighteen cents a pound by a tariff.

He did not believe even the friends of the farmer would, in a republican ticket at the next presidential election. Not only had there been no increase in the value of land the last quarter of a century but there had been an absolute decrease of 25 per cent. Forced farm sales by under the most favorable circumstances would not on a general average realize more than two thirds what their value had been twenty five years ago. Ohio farms were now under mortgages amounting to $2 000 000. In Illinois 8 per cent of the whole face of the state was under mortgage they amounting to $10 000 000. Forty seven per cent of the state of Michigan was under mortgage. In Indiana, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas Nebraska and the whole Northwest from 40 to 60 per cent of farm lands were under mortgages at such rates of interest as the farmers could never pay out of the crops to say nothing of the principal. The farmers were thus brought face to face with ruin. Now were the farmers of New England different in that respect from the Western states.

The senator lies to be applied were: First, tariff reform a full supply of legal money, free coinage of silver suppression by law of gambling in futures and a liberal policy of pensions.

Voorhees summed up his argument with a reference to the subsidized press, blocks of five official patronage etc.

Watson of Iowa desired to read a letter from a farmer in Iowa who knew more by practical experience about the farming class than the senator from Indiana ever learned in his readings. The letter has already been published showing the comparatively low prices of farm produce and high prices of manufactured goods before the war.

The Blair educational bill was taken up and Pierce spoke in opposition to it, while Evarts and Call advocated it.

Allison from the finance committee reported with amendments the house bill in relation to collection of revenue, calendar. Adjourned.

Among nominations to day was the following: Commodore E. K. Beckham to be rear admiral.

In the House.

WASHINGTON March 19.—In the house the Mary and contested election case of Mudd vs Compton was called up. Debate was limited to six hours. Lacey of Iowa opened the discussion in support of the claims of the contestant. Dazell and Greenhalge advocated the case of the contestant, and the case of the sitting member was upheld by Moore and Gibson. Pending a vote the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES.

Public Buildings in Alaska.

WASHINGTON March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Mr Dolph secured passage of his bill to provide for civil in Alaska last evening. It constitutes Mary Island Wrangel Juneau Sitka Kodiak and Unga as ports of delivery in the customs district of Alaska and provides that the secretary of the treasury shall appoint officers for each of these places. Buildings to cost $25 000 are to be erected for the government.

O. T. Porter, United States marshal for Alaska has asked for an appropriation of $3000 for repair of the foundation of government buildings at Sitka, which he says are in a dangerous condition. The attorney general this morning transmitted the letter, with a request for an appropriation to the house.

Dr Harrison Wagner a Crank.

WASHINGTON March 19.—Dr Harrison Wagner whose numerous and heavy suits against the Adams Express Company, instituted in small county courts, recently attracted considerable attention, is locked up in the police station here to await the pleasure of the authorities of Stafford county, Va., who want him on a charge of forgery of signatures to documents in a case. Wagner says he was a manufacturer of medicines in Frederick county Md and brought suits against the express company in several states for failure to deliver his medicines, obtaining numerous judgments by default. He asserts his innocence of forgery. Wagner is thought to be a crank.

The President Goes Duck Hunting.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The president, accompanied by ex Senator Sewell, left Washington this afternoon on a ducking expedition to the preserves of the Maryland Ducking Club.

OREGON NOT A MODEL.

Washington Senators See the Folly of a Mortgage Tax.

FERRY'S APPOINTMENT SUITS

The Australian Ballot Law Passes Into Effect—School Bill Passed—A Western Union Telegraph Victory.

OLYMPIA March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Twenty one senators were present this morning when the senate met to consider Hughes's revenue bill. Before taking the bill up the governor informed the senate that he had signed senate bill 38 entitled "An act to allow school districts to borrow money and issue bonds for the building and furnishing of schoolhouses etc." also Kinnear's bill providing for printing and distribution of ballots at public expense also senate bill 119 providing for construction of drains and ditches.

Then Houghton started the ball rolling by submitting an amendment prescribing the manner in which an assessor shall ascertain the value of mines and mining claims. On April 1 the owner or president of the mine shall file a statement of the net profits and that shall be taken as the net value of the mine. Coal mines were excluded. Owings supported the amendment, and Thompson of Pierce told how he had spent $15 000 for the purpose of discovering oil near Sumner. The speaker did not believe in taxing capital when it was anxious to develop the state. Before taking a vote Houghton further amended his amendment by also including machinery. Kinnear opposed this, and Houghton withdrew his last amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Luce next submitted an amendment that insurance companies pay into the state treasury a tax of 1 per cent. Kinnear thought 1½ per cent was better and suggested this as an amendment to the amendment. Luce asked the king senator what he thought would be a fair tax for home insurance companies to pay. Kinnear frankly admitted his ignorance of the subject. Wood thought 1 per cent. was hard enough for any company to pay. Rhinehart said foreign companies paid their taxes where they were organized. The object of taxing foreign companies was for the purpose of placing them on a more equal basis with companies organized in the state. Owings failed to see the force of the argument. The presumption of the law was that the company paid taxes somewhere. If a foreign company paid taxes at home it should not be asked to pay taxes in Washington. The idea was a ridiculous one. Whatever the state charged the companies, the people who insured would have to pay the difference. Dunn looked upon the tax as a license to carry on business. However, if we were obliged to have a tax, let it be as small as possible. Kneeland thought the state was treading on delicate ground. It was unfair to ask insurance companies to pay taxes after the loss as that they had been put to last summer.

After a lively passage of arms between Owings and Kinehart the Thurston senator said he regretted that the King county senator had cited Oregon as an example for Washington to follow. If there were ever semi barbarians in an enlightened state they lived in Oregon. In financial matter they were positively stupid. He regretted that so great a state as Washington should be mentioned in the same breath with Oregon. The remarks were greeted with applause.

Kinnear's amendment was lost—17 nays 6 yeas. The original amendment was then adopted—17 yeas 6 nay.

Houghton next submitted an amendment that the state tax shall be 9 mills and not 8 mills as suggested by the committee on revenue and taxation. Kinehart seconded the amendment. Carried.

Lawrence's amendment to make the school tax 10 mills, instead of 6 mills, aroused the wrath of Long who stated that in view of the prospective migration to the state it would be highly improper to have such a school tax. Lost 11 ayes 10 noes.

Rinehart followed with an amendment that all goods chattels moneys and credits, except such as are secured by mortgages, shall be construed to include per sonal property. Houghton hoped the amendment would not prevail. In advocating the amendment Rinehart said that he had lived in benighted Oregon twenty five or thirty years, and knew that Washington was getting much of Oregon's wealth as many of Oregon's people through Oregon's unjust taxation financial policy. Owings thought the principal would enrich the state more than anything else. The speaker was in favor of the amendment. He knew many who made notes over in Oregon to escape paying taxes in the state. He would not tax credits of any kind.

Long's motion to exempt credits from taxation provoked a lengthy debate after which it was adopted—yeas 15 nays 8. Rinehart withdrew his motion. The senate then adjourned. The bill will come to a vote to-morrow.

The senate judiciary committee knocked the life out of Senator Payne's bill defining the rights and obligations of telegraph and telephone companies with a little amendment on page 5 section 5 giving to any telegraph company to build along any road or railroad line. The committee amendment was to provide reading as follows: "Providing that the right to build such lines shall be obtained by the exercise of the right of eminent domain as provided by law." The amendment practically kills the bill and leaves matters as they are. Victory for Bell, Ripley would be especially beneficial to the Pacific Postal Telegraph Company, which wants authority to extend its lines throughout Washington. Senator Payne thinks the senate will not adopt the amendment. There were three members present at the meeting of the committee. Payne Hoyt and Kinnear. Houghton offered the amendment.

The bill introduced by the joint committee on school lands providing for the selling of school lands, was under consideration to day in the senate and was pending when the upper chamber adjourned this afternoon. It has been made a special order for to morrow at 10 o'clock. Section 7 of the bill was amended to provide that purchasers of improved lands shall pay to the improver in cash the appraised value thereof within thirty days of the day of sale. Section 21 which prohibited the state land commission from purchasing county bonds payme no more than par for the bonds was stricken out. Any other important amendments will be made before the senate passes the bill. The probabilities are that it will possess but few of the original features when it is returned to the house for concurrence.

The house this afternoon passed the school bill of the joint committee of education, which it has been considering for the past three days. There were only seven votes against it. Gandy and Grubb intended to vote against it but withdrew their opposition after explaining that they were confident the senate would not concur in some house amendments and that the objectionable features would be removed by the joint conference committee. The principal amendment made in the house to day was one offered by Cook, requiring county superintendents to apportion 35 per cent of the county school fund to each district in proportion to the number of teachers employed, and the remaining 65 per cent to each district in proportion to the number of children as shown by the last school census. The original figures were 75 and 25 per cent. This change was the cause of the opposition from Gandy and Grubb. The state auditor and state treasurer were added to the board to be composed of the state superintendent and four persons to be appointed by the governor to adopt a series of text books. Another amendment allows teachers $3 per day and mileage at 10 cents while at ending institutes. A long debate followed Geoghegan amendment requiring at least six months school to be taught in all parts of the state. The bill provides three months. It was shown that it would be impossible to comply with Geoghegan's amendment and it was voted down. Section 87, requiring children who have been absent from school because of sickness or lack of school facilities to make good the time so lost at the ensuing term, section 88 imposing a fine of $100 on parents or guardians who keep children from school and section 89 relating to such fines, were stricken out, and a fine of from $10 to $20 provided for parents or guardians who fail to send children between eight and ten years of age to school at least three months in a year. It was provided that the bill should not apply to towns containing 10 000 or more inhabitants.

The house then passed without amendment Senator Drumm's bill for the government of schools in towns of 10,000 inhabitants or over. Shaw made a determined effort to make the bill cover towns of 5000 or more. His motion failed by the close vote of 21 to 26. The bill empowers boards of education to prescribe systems of text books, which must not be changed oftener than once in five years.

At a meeting of the house to night the senate bill for the incorporation of municipalities was taken up and two hours spent in reading two thirds of it. The bill divides municipalities into three classes—cities towns and villages. Cities are divided into three classes according to population, those having 20 000 people being of the first order, those over 10 000 being of the second order and those over 3000 being of the third order. Municipalities having from 300 to 1,000 are towns and those under 300 are villages. An amendment proposed in the house is that no more than one square mile shall be contained within the limits of a town nor shall more than twenty acres of improved land belonging to any one person be taken by the corporate limits of a town without the consent of the owner of the land.

Senator Austin introduced another bill in the senate to day but he had to get the consent of two thirds of the members of both houses. This is in accordance with the constitution which distinctly states no new business can be introduced after ten days preceding final adjournment. The bill is amendatory of the bill recently passed by both houses authorizing counties to issue bonds to build schoolhouses, to which Governor Ferry had serious objections. The governor thought the bill was all right for counties but not for cities.

Senator Austin made a strong effort this afternoon in the senate to have Oliphant's bill creating a commission to establish a scientific school considered and was so far successful as to have it discussed in committee of the whole but the bill was laid on the table not only once but twice. The bill appropriated $10 000 for the purpose but this amount was reduced to $5 000 on motion of Kinnear who thought such an amount would be ample to carry out the ideas of the proposed commission.

The joint committee on apportionment met to day and took up the bill drafted by Governor Ferry which bill passed the senate by one and the house by two members. The governor thought his bill would meet all the constitutional requirements. The committee was favorably impressed with it. The committee will take up the subject again to morrow when it is expected to present the bill Friday morning.

The senate has refused to take action on Governor Ferry's veto of Representative Steven son's trespass bill deeming the action of the house in suggesting the veto sufficient. The house to day asked for a conference committee. Evans, Geoghegan, McPeny Pickrell and Stevenson were appointed on the part of the house.

Representative Geoghegan's bill appropriating $3500 to defray the expense of a state exhibit at the G. A. R. encampment at Boston this year was indefinitely postponed in the house this morning. Geoghegan made a hard fight for his bill but the retrenchment policy had taken too firm a hold of the house.

The senate bills governing primary elections and providing for registration in places having a voting population of over 200 were reported favorably by the house election committee this morning and made a special order for 10 30 A. M. to-morrow.

The senate to day passed Representative Evans's bill enabling Puyallup Indians to allot their lands and Senator Paynes bill to protect the health of female employes.

A Family Awfully Tangled Up.

PORT TOWNSEND March 19.—James Seth Adams a boy of 7, is suing, through friends his father's right to establish his right to one-fourth of an estate of $2 000 000 left by the late Seth Adams of Newton, to the children of his brother, Charles W. Adams. Plaintiff is a child of Charles W. Adams and Hannah Phillips. His mother was born in England in 1843. She met Mr Adams father in 1863 and came to America with him to the captivity of governess for his children, and subsequently returned to England, but in 1873 returned and assumed marital relations with her future husband. They resided in various sections of the country and in 1882 James was born in San Francisco. A few months later Adams outraged divorce from his third wife then resident in the province. He died in 1887. The third wife contended still a divorce was illegal on the ground that the husband had not been a citizen of California that she was not guilty of abandonment as alleged. If the divorce was illegal plaintiff has no share in the estate in question.

Cruiser Newark Launched.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—The Newark the last of the three steel cruisers built for the government by Cramp & Sons, was successfully launched this afternoon in a blinding snow storm. The vessel was christened by the daughter of Congressman Boutelle.

The Newark is an unarmed steel cruiser, is 310 feet long, 49½ feet in extreme beam with a maximum draught of 20¼ feet and mean draught of 18¾ feet securing for her an intended displacement of 4083 tons. She will be fitted with twin screws and triple expansion engines, which are expected to furnish 6000 horse power under natural and 8,000 under forced draught thus enabling her to attain a speed of eighteen knots an hour.

Seven Persons Killed by Apaches.

SILVER CITY N. M., March 19.—It is reported here that seven persons have been killed by Indians on the Little Blue about twenty miles from Alma a small place in the Mogollones, seventy five miles from this city. The report has not yet been confirmed. Thirty Indians are reported out. The military at Fort Bayard have information that only thirteen renegades are out, and they were at last accounts near the Mexican line heading for Mexico.

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THE GERMAN CRISIS

Obscure Soldier Chosen to Succeed the Great Bismarck.

MONEY MARTS OF EUROPE UNEASY

The Late Chancellor Grows Friendly With His Enemies, the French—Lord Salisbury May Dissolve Parliament.

BERLIN March 19.—General von Caprivi commander of the Tenth army corps has been appointed chancellor of the empire to succeed Bismarck.

Bismarck, in his note to the emperor tendering his resignation alleged that old age and failing health were the reasons for his desiring to withdraw from public life.

To-day's papers call attention to the fact that while taking lunch yesterday with the delegates to the labor conference Bismarck gave a cordial greeting to Jules Simon the head of the French delegation and had a long conversation with him. He has invited all the French delegates to dine with him to-morrow.

The bourse is weak in consequence of Bismarck's resignation.

The *National Gazette* says that General von Caprivi, the new chancellor has also been appointed president of the Russian ministry. The *Gazette* also says Count Herbert Bismarck persists in resigning his post on as imperial foreign minister, and he will be succeeded by either Von Radowitz German ambassador at Constantinople, or Count von Hatzfeldt, German ambassador at London.

Chancellor Caprivi will not assume the foreign portfolio. Von Boettecher becomes president of the Prussian ministry, Count Eulenberg, governor of Hesse Nassau, succeeds Von Boettecher as minister of the interior. Count Herbert Bismarck will receive an ambassadorship. Ministers Herrfurth and Maybach have resigned. The *Tageblatt* says the emperor has dismissed Count von Waldersee his chief of staff.

LONDON March 19.—The Berlin correspondent of the *News* denies the story that Bismarck refused to visit the emperor the evening before the resignation. It is reported that the emperor was annoyed at Bismarck for interviewing Windthorst without consulting him. It is said to be certain that Bismarck did not intend to resign at present because he intended to make a great political speech on the reopening of the reichstag, and await a chance for an impressive exit from the political scene. Bismarck is in excellent spirits. He suffered from insomnia and earnestly desires rest. His family and especially his wife are glad he resigned.

LONDON March 19.—The *Times* Berlin correspondent says: Although a soldier of the first order Caprivi in the opinion of all his intimates is very much more and if personal appearance counts for anything he is a man of great force of character and will. He bears a remarkable likeness to Bismarck.

The *Standard's* Berlin correspondent says: The emperor likes Caprivi personally, but their intercourse is not likely to be chancellor long.

LONDON March 19.—The stock market is weak on account of Bismarck's retirement from office.

BISMARCK AND VILLARD.

The Resignation Has No Effect on Stocks —Syndicate Will Liquidate.

ST LOUIS March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—A *Globe-Dem* New York special says: An evening paper says of to-day's stock market: The report that Bismarck is about to retire concurrently with the decline in Northern Pacific preferred, and the rumor that Germany was selling stocks, are theorist puts this way: The Berlin syndicate can't allow the stock to decline very much abroad. Within the past few days the Deutscher bank has notified the directors that it will exercise its option of taking a twenty five block of $3 000 000 bonds at a price that will net the company eighty nine. When the first block of $3 000 000 was offered subscriptions amounted to $1 130 000 and the syndicate felt confident of its ability to place another block of like size. The resignation of Bismarck is not likely to interfere with the scheme. A more probable cause for weakness in Northern Pacific preferred is the maneuvering of Villard in connection with the Oregon & Transcontinental Company. It has been under stood that the Oregon & Transcontinental is to be reorganized as a banking corporation but it is now rumored that this is a mistake. It seems the concern is to go into liquidation, sell off its assets pay its debts and divide what is left among the stockholders. As preliminary its bonds which are guaranteed by the Northern Pacific are to be paid off May 1.

SIBERIAN RAILWAY NEEDED.

Without It Russia Dare Not Begin the Conquest of China.

ST PETERSBURG March 19.—At a military conference here General Unterberger, governor of the province of Amoor advocated a policy of moderation toward China on the ground that in case of war Russia could place only twenty battalions against 80 000 Manchurian soldiers. He urged speedy construction of the Siberian railway as the best counsellor to the massing of Chinese troops on the Siberian boundary, with the object of seizing the Russian ports on the North Pacific coast.

THE CZAR DISPLEASED.

That England and America Should Not Be Included in Arbitration.

LONDON March 19.—The St Petersburg correspondent of the *Daily News* says: The Russian government is displeased with the proposal that the meeting should be held in Washington to carry out the plans committed upon at Lisbon.

CABLE NOTES.

The Edison Phonograph Simplified.

LONDON March 19.—A Milanese named Sotnicksky has simplified Edison's phonograph cousin, Professor Franz. The instrument produces the human voice and music in a marvelous manner.

Lord Salisbury Threatens Dissolution.

LONDON March 19.—Lord Salisbury, at tomorrow's meeting of the Carlton Club, will threaten to dissolve parliament if the tithes and land purchase bills are not passed.

To Exclude Children from Factories.

BERLIN March 19.—The committee of the labor conference has agreed to the exclusion of children under 12 from factories.

An English Eight-Hour Strike.

LONDON March 19.—Eight thousand employes of the Armstrong Gun Works have struck for eight hours.

News From Mexico.

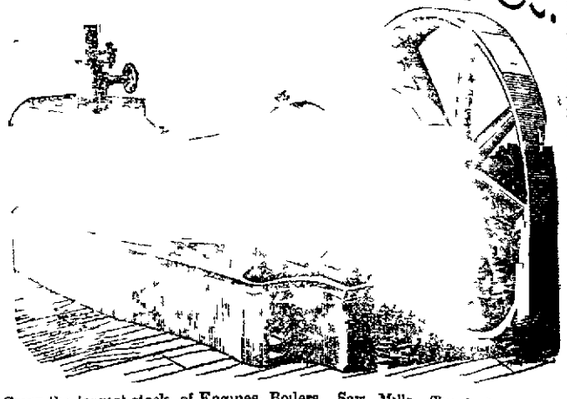
CITY OF MEXICO March 19.—The American general passenger agents held a meeting to-day and organized. Every attention is being paid them by officials and citizens. President Diaz has ordered every possible courtesy extended to them.

General Carrillo, commanding the forces operating against the Yaquis, telegraphs the war department that he will commence a vigorous campaign.

It is stated that Eyraud, the French murderer, is in Lower California.

Impure water, the cause of so much ill health is made harmless by adding a little Angostura Bitters. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. At all druggists.

RUSSELL & CO.



Carry the largest stock of Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Shingle Mills and Working Machinery of any house on this coast, at their warerooms, 160 to 166 Front street, Portland, Oregon. Catalogue mailed free.

EDWARD HUGHES, Manager.

SWEEPING THE CHEROKEE STRIP.

Soldiers Driving Boomers Before Them—The President in Dead Earnest.

GUTHRIE I. T. March 19.—The patrol of the Cherokee strip by the forces of the United States army has begun. The troops were massed at this point this morning and from Guthrie will march to four different points along the southern boundary of the strip, thence will march in squads, covering as much ground as possible, north through the strip notifying settlers who now remain of the president's notice and forcibly evicting those who refuse to go voluntarily. Once out, they will be kept out.

WASHINGTON March 19.—It has been discovered that the Cherokee Homesteaders' Association has issued a secret circular calling for a general raid into the strip from all directions April 22. It says there is good reason to believe they will not be molested if a sufficiently large number go in. On the strength of this, President Harrison has authorized the statement that settlement of the strip will not be allowed until authorized, no matter who proportions the raid assumes.

CALDWELL Kan. March 19.—The Cherokee Strip Live Stock Association to-day adopted resolutions providing for the removal of cattle in accordance with the president's proclamation. A memorial to the president was adopted, requesting protection against boomer raids.

LIBERAL Kan., March 19.—Despite the president's proclamation a party of boomers numbering 200 or 300 have started for No Man's Land where they intend to found a town at Hardesty. They say the president's order does not apply to No Man's Land.

THE CREVASSE WIDENING.

Water Rushing Into Louisiana With Tremendous Force.

LAKE PROVIDENCE La., March 19.—The crevasse at Raleigh this afternoon is 3000 feet wide and from ten to twelve feet deep. The water is going through with tremendous force and velocity. Attempts are being made to fasten the ends so as to prevent further abrasion.

TALLULAH La. March 19.—All west of here is a vast sheet of water to the hills of Bayou Macon. The water in the overflowed section is not rising as it is finding its natural outlets.

HELENA, Ark., March 19.—The town of Clarendon is now pretty nigh covered with water from White river. The river rose so fast that a conductor was compelled to move a train on the Arkansas Midland road out two miles from Clarendon in order to make his run into Helena. Between Duncan and Clarendon the water is in some parts of the track six feet deep.

GREENVILLE Miss., March 19.—Offutt's break has widened to an extent of 350 feet up to 6 30 to night. One of the broken ends has finally been secured, and the other end will be made secure to morrow. No great change has yet been reported as happening from overflows. Only one cabin in the immediate vicinity of the break has been washed away. Water is spreading on the low places through the plantations and swamps, and is now within four miles of Greenville, in Black bayou. A small embankment is being thrown up in the northern portion of the city. It is thought Greenville is in no danger from this break. The river has fallen here five inches since the levee at Lake, Ark broke. No effort was being made to close the crevasse at last reports and it was widening and a column of water passing through.

JOHN F. PLUMMER ASSIGNS.

The Merchant Politician Loses by Depreciation in Dry Goods.

NEW YORK March 19.—The dry goods trade was startled to day by the failure of John F. Plummer & Co. They made a general assignment for the benefit of creditors to their cashier, Jeremiah P. Murphy. Plummer also made an individual assignment. Murphy says the assignment is principally due to depreciation in the value of goods the firm has been carrying some time. The creditors by uniting, can possibly make the suspension only temporary. Murphy says the liabilities are about $1 000,000 of which $300 000 is for borrowed money and the balance is due to manufacturers and for trust money deposited with the firm by relatives and friends. The assets are nominally a little larger than the liabilities, and consist of outstanding accounts and valuable real estate owned by Plummer. The trade attributes the failure to large advances on dry goods net accounts, and complications arising from the old firm of Boyer & Dunning, who embarrassed Plummer too.

Plummer was active in republican politics but it is claimed it did not interfere with his business. He is a personal friend of President Harrison and took a leading part in the last presidential campaign in the dry goods trade.

FIVE ALLEN MINERS LOST.

Great Fire Raging Under Ground at Hurley, Wisconsin—Heavy Financial Injury.

HURLEY Wis., March 19.—A great fire is raging in the Germania mine. Five miners have perished and all efforts to stay the flames are unsuccessful. The unfortunate men are James Thomas, his son, John Thomas Hugh Waller Jimmy Sullivan and William Banks, all miners. The loss will reach $100,000.

Waller escaped from the mine with about 400 men when the fire broke out, but returned to rescue others still in the mine and was himself burned to death.

Perrin Jurors Were Bribed.

ASHLAND Wis., March 19.—The jury in the case of Cashier Perrin, charged with robbing the Hurley National Bank, have disagreed, after being out two days. They stood six to six. District Attorney Rossman is authority for the statement that at least two of the jurors were bribed. It is said that a number of prominent men are implicated.

The jury was discharged.

Atlantic Ocean Travel.

For rates and steamer reservations call at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

The town is growing south.

THE FIRST RAILS ARE LAID.

And There Was Great Excitement at Anacortes—Other Matters of Interest.

ANACORTES March 17.—[Special Correspondence.]—One hardly needs to be reminded that this is St Patrick's day for the day is being commemorated by the admirers of the patron saint in a right royal manner, and the display of green ribbons on the streets, emblematic of the Emerald Isle, at once assures one that there are many true and loyal Irishmen in Anacortes.

The weather is certainly without exception to day, and could not be surpassed. Old Sol shining with full power and brilliancy.

Early this morning an extra gang of men were put to work laying the steel rails on P street, and quite a crowd had gathered to witness the proceedings. Over half a mile of track has been laid since the morning.

Captain T. Worth a member of the United States geodetic survey corps, arrived to-day with a new set covering the harbor of Anacortes and making a report thereon. He attended a full meeting of property owners and citizens at which Mr. J. L. Romer presided and a committee of three was appointed to look into the matter and arrange with Captain Worth to obtain accurate information of the currents, etc., of the harbor may be passed before the public in a few days.

Captain Hogan has let contracts for clearing Fifth street and the same as completed contracts will be let for clearing Sixth and Seventh streets.

A petition has been signed by many of the influential citizens and merchants of Anacortes asking for the appointment of W. Anderson, late postmaster of Lake Anderson and Premier to the speedy building of the City of Kingston which will commence running Monday next by which time will be ready for business having been thoroughly overhauled. Mr W. Anderson is well and favorably known throughout the sound as an efficient officer and a courteous old gentlemanly fellow and was aided by the traveling public.

UNDUE exposure to cold wet sun, keen light or moisture may cause inflammation soreness of the eyes. Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water ending 150 Salvation Oil, will relieve cool and soothe the eyes and restore sight and failing eyesight to health.

Pullman reservations can be secured for all points East via the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining car line. Office, No. 121 First street cor. Washington.

CATARRH CURED—Sufferers may be cured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by druggists.

Mr Wm. M. Caswell, of the Columbia River Manufacturing Co. Cured of Chronic Rheumatism.

Ed OREGONIAN—*Dear Sir*: Having heard of Dr Darrin through my brother George L. Caswell who was cured of a confirmed case of many years standing I was induced to apply to him for relief from chronic rheumatism which was then extremely painful and also secure relief from which I suffered very much. I was cured and have felt no recurrence of the disease and am rapidly recovering from the liver difficulty so that my health is better than for several years. WM. H. CASWELL.

Skamokawa, Wash.

Brief Mention of People Cured by Dr. Darrin.

Mrs F. W. Vliet Portland Heights—Neuralgia of the head of 20 years' standing.

L. P. Smith Freeport Texas—Liver and kidney complaint cured. He was also reduced eighteen pounds in flesh.

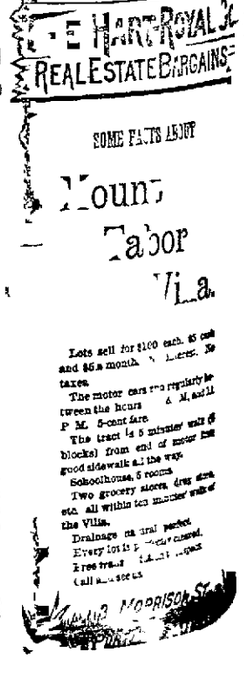
Mrs J. M. Martin Ocean Park—Of many rheumatism general debility nervousness ailments for three years cured in every case.

B. VanPelt Salem Or.—Severe bronchitis to the extent that he was liable to hemorrhage and undermined his health cured.

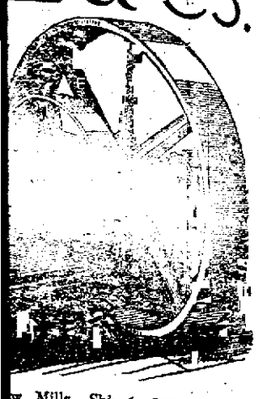
Miss Sadie L. Chamberlain Portland—Long standing case of catarrh bronchitis and throat trouble cured.

E. B. Chamberlain Woods Tillamook county Or.—Aged gentleman with kidney and liver complaint and dyspepsia of the stomach, cured in six weeks.

Dr. Darrin can be consulted daily at the Washington building corner of Fourth and Washington streets Portland. Special attention given to chronic diseases, such as catarrh, throat and lung diseases, irregularities of females, nervous complaints, loss of vital power, and early indiscretions permanently cured. Strictly no references are given in the press concerning special cases coming to the office. Every possible delicacy of the patient's case is kept sacredly private. Letters answered promptly and free of charge. Those desiring to consult the doctor at their residence can be accommodated. Private rooms for patients. Charges moderate. Medicines sent by express free of charge. Consultation by letter free. Private diseases and blood poisons guaranteed cured. Patients at a distance can be cured by home treatment. Medicines sent by express or mail. Charges for consulting by letters sent without the doctor's name appearing.


THE HART ROYAL
REAL ESTATE BARGAINS
SOME FACTS ABOUT
Mount Tabor
Villa
Lots sell for $100 each, $5 cash and $5 a month. No interest. No taxes.
The motor cars run regularly between the hours of A. M. and P. M. 5-cent fare.
The tract is 5 minutes' walk (5 blocks) from end of motor line, good sidewalk all the way.
Schoolhouse, 6 rooms.
Two grocery stores, dry goods, etc. all within ten minutes' walk of the Villa.
Drainage an ideal perfect.
Every lot is a choice one.
Free maps, full information and circulars at
Morrison St.

L & CO.



w Mills, Shingle Mills and Work-
eir warerooms, 130 to 166 Front street,
ARD HUGHES, Manager.

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B. VanPelt, Salem, Or.—Severe headache to the extent that it caused him to stagger and undermined his health; restored.

Miss Sadie L. Campbell, employed at Hirsch's dressmaking establishment, Portland—Cured of catarrh, bronchitis and weak lungs.

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Drs. Darrin can be consulted daily at the Washington building, corner Fourth and Washington streets, Portland, and Hotel Gandolfo, Tacoma. Hours 10 to 5; evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 12. All chronic diseases, irregularities of women, blood taints, loss of vital power and early indiscretions permanently cured, though no references are ever made in the press concerning such cases, owing to the delicacy of the patients. Examinations free and all cases will be sent to any address to all, and circulars will be sent according to address. Charges for treatment reasonable to any patient's ability to pay. The poor treated free of charge from 10 to 11 daily. All private diseases confidentially treated and cures guaranteed. Patients at a distance can be cured by home treatment. Medicines and letters sent without the doctors' name appearing.

THE HART-ROYAL CO.
REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

SOME FACTS ABOUT

Mount Tabor Villa.

Lots sell for $100 each, $5 cash and $5 a month. No interest. No taxes.

The motor cars run regularly between the hours A. M. and 11 P. M. 5-cent fare.

The tract is 5 miles east walk (8 blocks) from end of motor line.

Good sidewalk all the way.

Schoolhouse, 5 roods.

Two grocery stores, drug store, etc., all within ten minutes' walk of the Villa.

Drainage (natural) perfect.

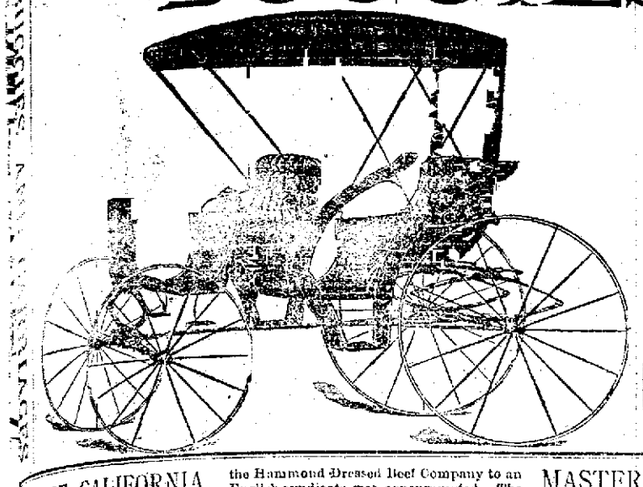
Every lot is perfectly cleared.

Free transportation to inspect.

Call and see us

31 MORRISON St.

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES



We Desire to Call Your Special Attention to Our

NEWMARKET BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.

This is a special grade of medium priced work that we have had built for our trade, and we unhesitatingly guarantee these vehicles as being the best buggies and carriages for the money there are in the market. If you want a medium priced Buggy, Phaeton, Surrey or Carriage, be sure and see our NEWMARKET grade before purchasing elsewhere, as you get more for your money than was ever before offered in this market. They are a stylish, well finished, strong, durable and easy riding vehicle, and for the price have never before been approached. If you want a GOOD vehicle, CHEAP, buy the NEWMARKET, and you will get the best vehicle for the money you ever purchased.

STAVER & WALKER,

NEW MARKET BLOCK, - - - PORTLAND, OREGON.

Carry everything on wheels at prices to suit everybody. Top Buggies from $90 to $500. Carts from $20 to $300. Carriages from $150 to $1000. Coupes, Broughams, Cabriolets and Landaus in all grades and at all prices.

SEND FOR SPECIAL CIRCULARS AND PRICE LISTS. MAILED FREE.

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

...GS OF CALIFORNIA.

...ancisco Postoffice Clerk a Heavy Embezzler.

...D HOLDERS BREAK FAITH

...Wife S. Hager Dead—Cold Weather ...Northern Counties—The Transcontinental Meeting.

...Francisco, March 19.—The *Chronicle* ...ys: Postoffice Inspectors ... and Irwin and Assistant Post... ...commenced an examination to... ...accounts of James S. Kennedy, ... money order clerk at ... Francisco postoffice, and ... show a shortage of ... orders, ranging in value from $1 ... Inspector Seytoidt received a dis... ...m the chief of the secret service ... ...ton the afternoon train ... ...ity this afternoon, inquiring ... ...money order issued in this city ... ...last, payable at London, Eng... ...reported missing. Inspector ... detailed to make an examination ... ...manner of ... ...ing. When he was turned ... ...States Marshal Franks this ... ...$2000 in $20 gold pieces and green... ...concealed on his person. ... ...to have told Franks the ... ...defalcation would reach $12,000 ... Kennedy was appointed clerk in ... ...by ex-Postmaster Backus in ... ...will be arraigned before the United ... ...commissioner to-morrow.

THE LONG PURSE WILL WIN.

...ulders Traveling East and ...-Workman Rebukes Unions.

...Francisco, March 19.—The striking ... gained something of a victory ... they induced all but four of ... molders brought out from the ... foundries to quit work. The ... ...ements were taken in charge by ... ...ers of the Ironmolders' Union ... ...ed to the latter's headquarters, ...will be taken care of. The man... ...ers say they are not surprised ... ...ported molders leaving, and are ... ...ready to bring non-union men ... ...fast until they fill the town with ... ...break the strike. They have ... ...about to leave Philadelphia, ...there are started they will send ... ...The manufacturers say that ... ...cannot secure non-union men ... ...East who are willing to work, ...close up their business, as the ... ...say, is killing the iron industry ... ...Eight of the new comers ... ...on the overland train ... ...afternoon, their fares being paid by the ... ...which expects to send away a num... ...to-morrow.

...Francisco, March 18.—Governor Waterman ... ...letter to-day to Corresponding ... ...Society of the Pacific coast ... ...League, giving his reasons for ... ...declare May 1 a legal holiday, ...business interests, from which ... ...certain support, are entitled to con... ...and to check the entire business ... ...of the State in order that a single ... ...may make a public demonstra... ...unfriendliness.

OREGONIA NEWS ITEMS.

Vessels Fitting for Alaska.

...Francisco, March 19.—There are a ... ...vessels fitting out for Alaska to ... ...seal fishing. The Alaska Com... ...Company's steamers Bertha, Dora ... ...Fall have been brought to the city ... ...are overhauled and loaded and will ... ...for the North in a week. Business is ... ...briskly look along the water front, ...vessel which leaves takes away a ... ...of men, both white and Chinese, ...every week. Thus far the following ... ...vessels are fitting out and will sail in ... ...or two: Kodiak, Pearl, James A. ... ...Compaine, Gatherer and Percy ... ...Several vessels have already left ... ...this.

The Transcontinental Meeting.

...Francisco, March 18.—The Transconti... ...Association proper concluded its ... ...this day, and this afternoon the ... ...commenced work. The ... ...brought before it was the peti... ...California shippers for reduced rates ... ...east. This afternoon was ... ...discussion, but no conclusion was ... ...Indications are that Chicago fruit ... ...will be granted uniform rates ... ...part of the state.

Unseasonable Weather at Sissons.

...Sissons, Cal., March 19.—This was the ... ...day of the season, the thermometer ... ...degrees at 2 this afternoon. No ... ...expected to get through during the ... ...

...Salt Lake, March 19.—It has been storming ... ...here on the Sierra mountains for the ... ...hours, and to-night the snow... ...reached Reno.

Killed by Falling Timber.

...Francisco, March 19.—L. P. Wyman, ...L. P. Whittier, rooker, was killed ... ...Pacific Lumber building, on Market ... ...this afternoon. Wyman was super... ...during the removal of five heavy trusses ... ...were lowered on the head by a pile of tim... ...Several of the workmen had a narrow ... ...escape with their lives.

A Schooner in Distress.

...Francisco, March 19.—The little ... ...Bertha Belle, 116 days from Hali... ...N. S., bound for Victoria, B. C., arrived ... ...this morning in distress, her supply ... ...and water having been ex... ...some days ago, since which time her ... ...obliged to subsist on short ... ...

The British Conquest.

...March 19.—The announcement ... ...to-night that the proposed sale of ... ...the Hammond Dressed Beef Company to an English syndicate was consummated. The new capitalization, $7,500,000, it is said, has all been placed in London.

MINNIE MADDERN MARRIED.

Just After Securing a Divorce She Weds Harrison Gray Fiske.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Miss Mary Augusta Davey, known to the stage and the general public as Minnie Maddern, was married to-day to Harrison Gray Fiske, editor of the New York *Dramatic Mirror*. Mrs. Fiske was recently divorced from her first husband, Le Grand White.

Miss Annie Lyle Bradley, a belle of Lexington, Ky., will be married in this city tomorrow to Colonel W. S. Barnes, the well-known turfman.

CHICAGO, March 19.—A *News* Washington special says: The engagement of Miss Rosecrans, daughter of General Rosecrans, to Governor Toole of Montana is announced. Miss Rosecrans is 25 or 26 years old, of fine figure and handsome face, and has been a belle in society here. The marriage will take place immediately after Lent.

COULD ENDURE IT NO LONGER.

An Anonymous Writer Drives a Joliet Girl to Suicide.

JOLIET, Ill., March 19.—A sensation was created this evening by the suicide of Miss Jessie White, daughter of a well-known resident. Three years ago an anonymous letter writer began persecuting the girl with imputations of scandalous conduct and finally threatening that he would kill her. The matter was finally placed in the hands of the authorities. David White, her cousin, was arrested on suspicion and tried, but no reliable evidence was produced and he was simply placed in bonds to keep the peace. The anonymous letters kept coming this year regularly and it is thought the girl became distracted. She left a letter saying she could endure the torture no longer.

Inventor of the Life-Car Honored.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—By authority of an act of congress the secretary of the treasury has had prepared a gold medal to be presented to Joseph Francis, the celebrated inventor of the life-car. The medal has been struck and is now in the keeping of the secretary of the treasury. It possesses greater intrinsic value than either the medal voted to Cyrus W. Field for laying the Atlantic cable or to General U. S. Grant for his services during the civil war. Mr. Francis lives in Brooklyn, but for many years has, during the sessions of congress, occupied a pleasant house on Capitol hill. A model of the original car which was used in a wreck off the coast of New Jersey is now on exhibition in the national museum.

Spring Snowstorms in the East.

NEW YORK, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—The heaviest snowstorm of the season began this morning. Snow fell rapidly without interruption in this city, Brooklyn and the surrounding country for ten hours.

PITTSBURG, March 19.—The fiercest snowstorm of the season is raging. It extends over a wide area, and railroad travel is almost suspended. Heavy drifts are reported all over the state.

BOSTON, March 19.—Dispatches from various points along the coast report a very severe snow and wind storm. Wrecks are feared.

Another Crash in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 19.—At 1 o'clock this afternoon the east wall of the Becker block, adjoining the burned Bower-Merrill building, crashed down on top of the ruins. For a time the wildest rumors of the disaster were afloat, but investigation proved that only two men were slightly hurt, though many had narrow escapes. Flames broke out again in the ruins, and are still burning to-night. It is feared that two three-story buildings adjoining the wreckage have been damaged by the crash and are likely to succumb.

Shortcomings of Prominent Democrats.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—The legislative committee's report places Treasurer Hemingway's deficit at $315,412.

CHATTANOOGA, March 19.—The shortage of City Auditor Whiteside was erroneously reported last night. It is only $6882, and the city is secured by good bonds.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Charles E. Hebbain, special deputy sheriff, connected with the sheriff's office, was arrested this morning on a charge of extortion.

Well-Dressed Young Man Kills Himself.

NEW YORK, March 19.—A well-dressed young man shot himself through the heart in Prospect park this afternoon. His identity is still a mystery, though it is reported he is a son of Dr. W. W. Smith, a well known physician of Myrtle avenue. Two gentlemen called to see the body, and one of them displayed much emotion, but refused to give his name.

Lieutenant Schwatka Drunk Again.

CHICAGO, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka, of Arctic and Mexican exploration fame, was arrested Monday night on State street while under the influence of liquor and booked for disorderly conduct. After cooling off in a cell he was released and Justice Bradwell imposed a fine of $5.

Bismarck and the Northern Pacific

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—The *Inquirer* says: Within the past few days the Deutscher Bank of Berlin has notified the Northern Pacific directors that it will exercise the option of taking a second block of $3,000,000 of bonds at a net price of 80. The resignation of Bismarck is not likely to interfere with the scheme.

Why suffer with dyspepsia, biliousness or any disease of the liver when you can be cured by Shamoon Liver Regulator.

Only a Few Days More.

Don't forget that lots in Rosedale addition to Asteria will be $20 a lot on and after the 25th of March; 16 lots $180, 40 First street, W. Reidt, Mg'r. Open until 8 P. M.

Reservations on any steamship line in the Atlantic service to Europe and England can be secured at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

The town is growing south.

MASTER AND THE MAN.

Which Shows No One Is a Hero to His Own Valet.

VAN BIBBER'S MORNING REFLECTION

How He Prepared for the Day to Come, and How He Spends To-Morrow as the Night Previous.

Young Van Bibber drew the silk cord of his dressing gown more tightly around his waist, relates the New York *Evening Sun*, and sank into the big arm chair in front of the dressing table. His man Williams felt delicately for the parting in the thin growth on the top of his master's aching head, and combed the hair gently to either side.

"Hair's getting thinner every day," lisped Van Bibber, with fretful dejection.

"It's very plenty on the sides, sir," said Williams, soothingly.

"You don't bring it down enough on the left; you've stopped giving it that twist I told you 'bout. Don't seem time you take enough interest," grumbled the master as he frowned at the reflection of his high forehead in the glass.

"I'm sure I do my best, sir," said the valet, with dignity. "I brushed his lordship's hair that same way exactly, sir, for three years, and I'm sure, sir, he was perfectly satisfied, sir."

Whenever his master was irritated, as he frequently was after he had been spending to-morrow on the night previous, Williams soothed him with a reference to the noble lord who had been one of his former employers. The noble lord had never given Williams anything but his old clothes and the best of references, but he still spoke of him with satisfaction and effect.

"Any letters?" asked Van Bibber. "Comb that more to the right," he added impatiently.

"Yes, sir. Cards for 'days,' bills, and notes from ladies, sir, which I left for you—also one from your father—seems to have been written, sir, in a spirit of anger, sir. I took the liberty of leaving it up."

Van Bibber nodded his head in approval, which disarranged the parting. In consequence it had to be made over again.

"Any news in the papers?"

"Nothing, sir, of interest."

"No scandals, no rows any sort, nothing-atall? Why don't you tell me without me drawin' it out of you? Don't make me talk so infernally much."

"Yessir," William hastened to say, "there's a murder in Jersey City, but quite a common one, sir, and the billiard match is still on, and another society baby is going on the stage, sir, and——"

"What's at theaters?"

"The Gaiety girls are in Brooklyn."

"Brooklyn! What do they want to go to Brooklyn for? How do you get to Brooklyn, Williams? Walk 'cross bridge, don't you?"

"Oh, no, sir; you can ride across."

"Take long?"

"Oh, no, sir; it's about half an hour's ride, sir."

"I'll go there to-night if I don't forget. Don't you let me forget, Williams. Now, remember, to-night; go to Brooklyn, over bridge, to see Gaiety girls and St. John. Williams, is there a place over there where you can get supper?"

"I don't know," said Williams. "I'll ask, sir."

"Very well. What time of day is it, Williams?"

"Half-past two, sir."

"Very good hour, that. This getting up early helps me, makes me take more exercise, see more of the day, good for your health, isn't it! 'Early bird' and all that sort of thing. Great nuisance putting on dress clothes as soon as you get up."

"Williams, how do you like being a servant?"

There was a long pause.

"I'd hardly call myself a servant, sir," said Williams with critical dignity. "I'm a valet. Of course with some masters, sir, valets are no better than servants; it depends on the master. Begging your pardon, sir, but some masters don't know their place. I've seen some of your American gentlemen that joke with their men, sir, and eat marmalade with beefsteak, and light their cigars at other gentlemen's cigars. It isn't like that at home, sir. I've had to let several masters go, sir, just because they were too familiar. A gentleman like yourself, sir, knows how to treat a valet properly. You——"

"That'll do. What clothes did you lay out for me?"

"A black morning suit, sir, with a bunch of violets, sir, and a black bow tie."

"You come down club at 6 and dress me. Don't I dine some place or with somebody or other, seems to me I promised——"

"Yes, sir, with Mrs. Douglass, sir, on Sixty-fifth street."

"On Sixty-fifth street!" Mr. Van Bibber gasped. "Cool and impudence of woman. Asks you to dine Sixty-fifth street. What'd people want live Sixty-fifth street for? What want give dinners for if they live Sixty-fifth street? Ought to come down town an' live; no reason living Sixty-fifth street. Might as well ask man to go to Boston or some of those places. Might as well live—— I won't go! Write note; say taken ill; got the grip; dreadful sorry, and all that sort blooming rot."

"The man from the Horse's has been here again this morning," ventured Williams.

"I told him to come later, when you were out."

"Lemme see," mused Van Bibber, "that makes six times been here this week. Must be very hopeful sort of young man, Williams? Must be, or wouldn't call so often. Next time he calls tell him to hope on, to keep on hoping—and to stop his calling. Tell him to hope more and call less."

"Yessir."

"And, Williams," mused young Van Bibber as the valet laced his shoe, "if that lady calls again—the lady with a shiny sailor hat; not one that comes in a brougham, tell her —lemme see—tell her I've gone to Baltimore to see a fight and that I'll probably stay there several days, maybe a week—maybe I'll never come back. And, Williams, tell the one with the brougham that we'll all be around in a night or two and go theater."

"Williams," exclaimed the master suddenly, "my head aches like hot fox. Don't know why, 'tis sure. Mix me glass of an' 'pollinaris, quick. Williams," continue the master as the man returned with the picker-up, "was I a bit off last night?"

"Oh no, sir, not at all, sir."

The master stared fixedly at the valet but the valet looked innocently unconscious.

"Didn't I talk a little queer, William me? What did I say?"

"Oh, nothing much, sir."

"What did I say, I tell you?"

"Well," explained the valet, gazing at the ceiling and knitting his brows, as if in a severe effort of memory, "you said as I was putting you to bed—you said, 'I am the fairy of the lake, and I will change you with a wave of me magic wand into the graceful Harlequin.'"

"That'll do. I thought I was; now I know it." He rose and stuck his arms into his coat, and pulled his gloves on slowly.

"Did you fill my cigarette case an' card case an' match box and put some change in my pockets?"

"Yessir."

"Somebody mixed my cards all up in my cigarette case last night," mused Van Bibber. "Don't know who 'twas. 'Twasn't you, was it Williams?"

"Oh, no, sir."

"All right. I wonder who 'twas."

And still in deep thought as to who it could have been, Van Bibber, fully equipped, stepped down and out.

Strike of Pittsburg Ironworkers.

PITTSBURG, March 19.—Three hundred men quit work at the Keystone rolling mills to-night, on account of a reduction of wages because of poor material. The trouble at Oliver Bro.'s mill, over the discharge of a man, resulted in a strike of 300, and it is alleged all of the 1800 employes will go out to-morrow.

Manitoba Forbids Catholic Schools.

WINNIPEG, March 19.—The Manitoba legislature to-day passed the schools act, abolishing the right of Catholics to have separate schools and obliging all classes of the community to patronize national secular schools. It has been bitterly opposed by the Catholics.

San Francisco Market Review.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—The farmers in some districts are now discovering that the heavy rains of last winter did not do the serious damage supposed at the time, and that a good year is expected, taking the various crops all in all. The rain of the past two days, however, has put farmers back again in some coast districts. Wheat rules steady, but quiet. Thus far this month eighteen cargoes have been exported, or about one per day. This is a fair movement for this season of the year, though by no means active.

Oats have broken again and are dull at the decline, which was sharp. Heavy receipts from Oregon did the business.

Owing to rain, the potato crop of California was pretty thoroughly washed out this year, and Oregon has not filled up the void as it was expected she would. There is still a dearth of vegetables in the local market, and prices, which have been very high, are still tailing. The 3500 sacks of potatoes that were discharged as part of the Oregon cargo from the last steamer were eagerly bought by dealers at the prevailing high prices.

Hops are still and 13c is freely bid for choice, but such goods are firmly held at 14c, being scarce; hence the market is quiet.

Wool is almost out of stock and wholly nominal.

Butter and eggs continue in heavy supply and weak at practically unchanged prices.

The only change in the meat market is a slight decline in hogs, under more liberal arrivals. Supplies of beef, mutton, lamb and veal are ample.

Fluctuations in grocery staples last week were neither numerous nor wide. Provisions are quiet and unchanged.

Canned salmon is neglected and depressed in strong contrast to the firm and active market and high prices last year at this time. Bulls are scarce now and buyers even scarcer, there being very little trading, and that at declining prices. Canned goods are quiet at last week's prices. There is a feeling that the recent freeze on the Atlantic seaboard ought to help this fruit market the coming season, hence there is no disposition to break prices in order to sell.

Merchandising is only fairly active. Dry goods are moderately active, and the easier condition of the money market helps business. Spring trade is unusually late this year, however.

Coal is very firm, and Australian grades in cargo lots have advanced 75 cents per ton to arrive, as they are scarce. Coast coals show no variation. No foreign coal came in last week, and receipts from coast collieries were only 9650 tons, hence the market is strong.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Mary E. Cole has been appointed postmistress at Hesseltine, Lincoln county, Wash.

Louis Meyers, aged 40, was run over and killed by a train at Oakland Point, Cal., near the ferry.

The French post at Libangus, on the Congo, consisting of ten natives under a European agent, has been massacred.

Hon. James T. Lane, of Davenport, Ia., prominent in republican politics of Iowa, died at Denver Wednesday, aged 60.

At the Metallic Inquiry Wednesday the testimony of several sailors was heard, principally in the same line as the others.

Temperature at 8 A. M. Wednesday: New York 30, New Orleans 46, St. Louis 34, Cincinnati 40, Chicago 26, Winnipeg 4 below.

At the Derby Downs-here handicap, the hurdle race, about two miles, was won by Brownie, Mordrum second and Prince Frederick third. There were ten starters.

The passenger train on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad collided Wednesday at Iroville, Wis. One woman, four men and a child were hurt, two quite seriously.

The United States steamer Dispatch, which was around with Secretary Tracy on board, has come off and reached Norfolk unhurried. Tracy has gone on board again, having been taken ashore.

M. J. Cheatham, white, was hanged at Grenada, Miss., Wednesday afternoon for the murder of John Tillman, colored, on July 16. The hanging was private. Cheatham was the first white man ever hanged in Mississippi for killing a negro.

DEATH OF J. F. MCNAMARA.

Joseph F. McNamara, the well-known jeweler of this city, died at 1:45 this morning of apoplexy. He had been ill but a short time, and many of his friends were unaware that he was not in his usual health. He was 52 years of age, and a native of New Foundland. He leaves a wife and five children, two sons and three daughters.

The body is more susceptible to benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla now than at any other season.

The town is growing south.

THE STORY OF A CRIME.

Discovery of a Murder and Its Perpetrators.

STUPIDITY OF THE ASSASSIN

He Seeks to Cover Up All Trace of His Victim's Identity and Then Comes Forward and Identifies Him.

The Benwell murder case has attracted more attention than any similar crime since the murder of Preller, in St. Louis by Brooks, alias Maxwell. The following history of the former crime and the parties concerned is given by the New York *Sun*: In Canada, about fifty-five miles due west from Niagara Falls, in the center of the farm of William Hersey is a dense tamarack swamp. A road has been cut through it. It is a gruesome place, and it is cold and gloomy there all the year round. On February, 21st, two boys, George and Joseph Eldridge leaving the road in the middle of the swamp, started to push their way through the brush. They had gotten but a few rods from the road when a sight met their gaze which startled and horrified them. There lay the dead body of a young man, a gentleman evidently from his dress. The dead man lay upon his back and his head was bent partially under his body, so that his white face stared up at the sky. He was a young man smooth faced, and not over 24 years of age. The brothers ran off as fast as their legs could carry them to spread the alarm. Very soon the local magistrate and a crowd of constables and farmers proceeded to the spot where the body lay, and made a detailed examination of the body and all the surroundings. The murderer had taken pains after his deed to conceal the identity of his victim. He had rolled up the dead man's trousers and cut from the stockings and drawers pieces which evidently bore the victim's name. Like pieces were cut from the undershirt, collar and shirt. It looked as if the man's identity was not to be discovered, when there was picked up near the body, half covered by the light snow that had fallen the day before, a brown leather cigar case, on the inside of which was written the name F. C. Benwell.

The body was removed to Princeton, and after a coroner's jury had been empaneled a post-mortem was held and the other formalities gone through with, and the body was buried in the little Princeton cemetery. The local papers teemed with accounts of the finding of the body. There was no F. C. Benwell missing in Ontario, and nobody ever knew or heard of such a man. But on the evening of Friday, February 28, a week after the discovery of the body, a man and his wife appeared on the scene, and said that they thought the printed descriptions of the murdered man tallied with that of F. C. Benwell, an absent friend of theirs. They said their names were Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Burchell, and that they lived in England. On the following morning the body of Benwell was exhumed and shown to him. The body was frozen and had not decomposed. Burchell only gave one look at the corpse, and then broke out in a choking voice: "Oh, the poor, poor fellow! It's Benwell." He afterward identified Benwell's clothes and the cigar case, and said that there could be no doubt that the body was that of his friend.

In the meantime, while Burchell was identifying Benwell he was himself being identified. He was asked if he had not lived in Woodstock during the summer of 1888 under the name of Lord Somerset. He admitted frankly that he was the same man. In May of 1889 Lord and Lady Somerset disappeared very suddenly, leaving something over $1000 of unpaid debts in Woodstock. Some of these debts were for borrowed money. This appearance of Somerset as "Reginald Burchell" identifying Benwell's body at Princeton was the first thing that people had seen or heard of him since his flight from Woodstock. Mr. and Mrs. Burchell went to Clifton, and on the following day Burchell was arrested there and charged with the murder of Benwell. The keys to Benwell's luggage and the receipts for Benwell's bonded luggage were found upon him, but no money, save a check for $152 made payable to Burchell's order.

SKETCH OF THE MURDERER.

Reginald Burchell is the son of Rev. Joseph Burchell, who was for years rector of Church Kirk and rural dean of Wanley. He was a man of some wealth, and was one of the best known clergymen in East Lancashire, and when he died in 1878 left his money to his four children. Reginald was the youngest son, and was educated at Harrow and Oxford, though he did not graduate from Oxford. He seems to have led a pretty wild life. He was not a drunkard, but gambled a good deal, and "opened" wine, spending money continually beyond his means. He was known as a liar, however, by his chums, and his particular foible used to be to tell falsehoods to strangers about his lordly connections and intimate acquaintance with the high aristocracy.

In the summer of 1888 Burchell married the daughter of David Stevenson, the general traffic manager of the London & Northwestern railroad. Mr. Stevenson objected to this marriage, and the couple eloped. After being married by the registrar of Croyden hall they went to Canada. Their life at Woodstock has been referred to above. Returning to England in the spring of 1889, Burchell and his wife lived at his father-in-law's house, and Burchell obtained employment with a firm of fashionable photographers.

FORMING THE SCHEME OF MURDER.

Burchell still lived high, however, though the money received from his brother's estate had long since been exhausted. It was early in the summer of last year, beyond a doubt, that he formed the desperate and singular scheme that he since put into operation. As early as July he began to practice drawing up advertisements. His letter box is filled with papers bearing inscriptions such as these:

CANADA.—University man having farm wishes to meet gentleman's son to live with him and learn the business, with a view to partnership. Must have $400 to extend stock. Board, lodging and 5 per cent. interest till partnership arranged. Highest references.

Burchell practiced on his advertisement till he got it in shape to suit him. He also made the acquaintance of T. S. Mellerish, a professional man, who made it his business to act as a kind of "scheme broker." He negotiated loans for capitalists and introduced gentlemen with big schemes to gentlemen who had money. In the fore part of September, 1889, an advertisement very similar to the above, requesting correspondence with Mellerish, as agent, appeared in the *Daily Telegraph*, and continued there for several weeks. The contents of Burchell's letter box prove that he had many answers to his advertisement, but with only two of his correspondents did he do any business. These were Douglas Raymond Pelly, of Waldon place, Saffron Wald in Essex, and Frederick C. Benwell, son of Lieut.-Col. Benwell of Iscuttdieu, Cheltenham. Pelly is the son of the Vicar of Saffron Waldon. At the time he began writing to Burchell he was not in good health. He started out once for Australia, but on the way met a missionary and went into the interior of Africa. He came home in poor condition and was told by his physician to live an outdoor life. Burchell, it seems, heard the rugh Mellerish directly that Benwell was looking after some such scheme as he (Burchell) proposed. Burchell had a good deal of correspondence with the Benwells, father and son, writing from the Junior Constitutional and National Conservative Clubs, London. Burchell went to see both the Pelly and Benwell families. He impressed all those he met with his candor and business responsibility.

LURING HIS VICTIM.

"He told us," said Pelly, "in his testimony before the magistrate at Burchell's examination in Clifton that he had one mile and a half from Niagara Falls a large farm, on which there was a large brick house and barns, the farm er heated by steam and lighted by gas, and the latter by electric light. I suppose now the business carried on was buying horses in the rough and grooming them to sell to profit, the farm being used to raise horse feed, and that during his absence his business was looked after by two hired men; that his overseer was a Scotchman named McDonald, who lived not far away; also that he had a branch business that he had only an interest in at Woodstock, and had furnished rooms there in which he and Mrs. Burchell lived; that there were quite a few English men at Niagara Falls, and a club had been arranged, which he was instrumental in organizing; that the members lived in English style and had English servants. After hearing his story I came to the conclusion I would like the business and entered into an agreement with him. This agreement was that I should pay him £170 and have in return my expenses, board and lodging at the stock farm, and 22½ per cent. of the profits of the business. I sent him a check for the £170."

The agreement made with Lieut.-Col. Benwell was that his son Frederick should go out with Burchell and see how he liked the stock farm, and that if he was satisfied he would pay £250 for a half-interest in the farm.

The party—Mr. and Mrs. Burchell and Benwell and Pelly—sailed from Liverpool on the Britannnic for this port on Feb. 5. Benwell and Pelly were each surprised to find that the other was going to accompany Burchell. Burchell told them both lies about the other, and managed to calm their jealousy of each other. The party arrived here on Friday, Feb. 14, and stopped at the Metropolitan Hotel. They spent Saturday here in transacting a little business, Burchell in arranging for the trip to Canada, and Pelly and Benwell in visiting people to whom they had letters of introduction. At 5:55 P. M. on Saturday they left on the Erie railroad for Buffalo, and, arriving there on Sunday morning, stopped at the Stafford House. All had their baggage with them save Benwell, and he had forwarded in bond two big packages to Clifton, Ont., by express. The narrative of what took place later is best told in Pelly's story to the magistrate:

"On Sunday, at the hotel in Buffalo," said Pelly, "we talked about the best plans for to-morrow. Burchell said he would come over to the farm at Niagara Falls and see how things were and surprise the employes. It was finally decided that Burchell and Benwell would take a train leaving Buffalo at 6 o'clock in the morning and come to the Falls and make arrangements for our reception, and that Mrs. Burchell and I would remain behind. Next morning, Monday, 17th February, the prisoner came down to see if Benwell had got up. I heard them speaking outside of his room. He said he had put on a different suit of clothing for the country. They started off Monday morning about 6 o'clock. It must have been as early as it was dark, Burchell came back at about 9 o'clock at night. He said that Benwell did not like the stock farm nor the people there, and said he would not stay there. He said that he gave Benwell some addresses of people up in the country, and that he had sent Benwell off to see them to see if he liked other places better. He said that he had been attending all day to things around the stock farm. He said that McDonald, his superintendent, had rented his house to some tenants, temporarily, and that they had matters there in a beastly shape, and that it would be best for us to go to Niagara Falls and wait there until things were in shape."

ALL A PACK OF LIES.

It must be borne in mind continually, of course, that Burchell's whole story about his stock farm was absolute invention, and that he did not own a dollar's worth of property in Canada. He was merely lying out of whole cloth from day to day. On Tuesday, February 18, the whole party went to Clifton, Ont., just across the Niagara river from Suspension bridge. Burchell and Pelly went to a boarding house there, and Mrs. Burchell stopped at the Imperial hotel. They lounged around for a week up to Friday, February 28. Burchell lied to Pelly all the while in the most astounding manner, and Pelly believed everything that was told him. He told Pelly that he had received a letter from London from Benwell sending the receipt for Benwell's bonded luggage and requesting that this might be sent to him whenever requested. Pelly did not ask to see the letter, but he fretted at the delay.

Finally, on February 28, Burchell came to Pelly with a paper in his hand containing an account of the finding of the murdered man at Princeton on February 21 with the cigar case near him, marked "F. C. Benwell." Pelly was horrified. Burchell said he would go at once to Princeton and look at the body. Pelly said he would go, too. In an hour or so Burchell came to Pelly and said that he had received a telegram from the clerk at the Stafford house, at Buffalo, saying that Benwell had gone to New York, and desired that all his luggage be sent to the Fifth Avenue hotel there. Pelly posted off to New York to see if Benwell was there, and returned without finding him. Burchell's visit to Princeton, his identification of Benwell, and his subsequent arrest have already been related. Mrs. Burchell was arrested a day or so after her husband.

LITTLE MONEY FOR HIS CRIME.

After all, how poor was Burchell's reward for all his trouble and pains. Colonel Benwell telegraphed from England that his son did not have to exceed £20 in money with him; so that this sum and Benwell's gold watch and chain was all that Burchell got. It is strange, after all, that Burchell did not know how little money Benwell had with him. Still, no one can read the story of Burchell's crime and not be impressed with his great stupidity. Burchell seems to be a mixture of inconceivable stupidity and inconceivable effrontery. That he should have been able to get Pelly and Benwell to this country on any such pretext as he did is very singular, and one cannot avoid thinking that Pelly's and Benwell's friends were not overcautious. But it is more surprising still that Burchell, up to the very moment of his arrest, thought himself in no danger. He thought that the greasy shred of lies which he had woven was an impenetrable armor. He must have known that Pelly would sooner or later suspect something and that an inevitable disclosure about the "stock farm" would come. Yet he himself went to Princeton and identified Benwell's body while Pelly was in New York, and he could have easily escaped. The truth was, he thought he could carry out the game to the end. Three days after the murder, while Benwell's body still lay stark and stiff in the Blenheim swamp, Burchell sent a letter to Colonel Benwell in England saying that his son liked the "stock farm," and desired that the £500 to purchase the half interest in it be sent over immediately. He was a weak, bad, foolish, English boy, and this was his first crime.

As to

The Oregonian.

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Daily per week delivered Sunday excepted	15c
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POLITY AND THURSDAY, MARCH 20

SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT

Observations taken at 8 P M March 19 1890

Place of Observation	Barometer reduced to sea level	Temperature	Highest temperature last 24 hours	Lowest temperature last 24 hours	Precipitation in inches last 24 hours	Direction of wind	Velocity of wind last hour	State of Weather
Portland	30.00	34	42	32	00	NW	6	Cloudy
Olympia	29.90	38	50	32	00	Calm	0	Pt Cloudy
Roseburg	30.04	30	52	30	00	W	6	Cloudy
Red Bluff	29.92	50	58	34	00	NW	10	Pt Cloudy
Sacramento	29.84	50	58	36	00	NW	10	Pt Cloudy
Eureka	29.96	50	50	44	00	N	10	Cloudy
Port Angeles	29.84	42	46	38	00	Calm	0	Cloudy
Spokane	29.80		44	28	00		0	Pt Cloudy
Walla Walla	29.86		50	30	00	SW	10	Cloudy
Fort Canby	29.94		46	40	00	N	0	Cloudy

Local Report

Pacific Coast Time	Barometer	Temperature	Relative Humidity	Direction of Wind	Velocity of Wind	Precipitation	Weather
5 A M	29.98	38	83	S	12	01	Cloudy
5 P M	29.94	52	57	NW	8	00	Cloudy

Maximum temperature 56 minimum temperature 37 highest of river 7.0 ft Change in 24 hours

Total precipitation from July 1 1889 to date 42.54 average precipitation from July 1 1882 to date 40.63 excess in precipitation from July 1, 1889 2.01 inches.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING

MARQUAM GRAND—A POOR RELATION 8 P M

NEW PARK—AN ARABIAN NIGHT 8 P M

CORDRAY'S—THE DANITES. 7 30 P M

CYCLORAMA—GETTYSBURG.

CORT'S STANDARD THEATER—VALDYVILE.

OREGONIANA

The leading canners of Astoria look on the agitation among the fishermen regarding the operation of canneries on the co operative plan merely as a bluff to get the canners to commence operations, says the Astoria *Columbian*

A dweller far up in the foothills says the Jacksonville *Times* was asked a few days since by a valley farmer what he would charge to deliver potatoes at the latter's farm "Fifteen cents per pound" was the reply come to the ranch after them and you can have plenty for two and a half cents" There is a whole sermon on bad roads in his reply

The Farmers' Union party will hold a county convention at the Dalles on Saturday March 29 for the purpose of nominating county officials, electing delegates to the state convention and transacting any other business The basis of representation is one delegate to every twenty five votes cast at the last congressional election and one to every fractional thirteen

The force of loggers of the Willamette Pulp Company of Oregon City that was cutting cottonwoods on Brown's island before the flood has resumed work The company lost a good many of its logs during high water There are cottonwoods enough on the island where the men are now to keep them a few weeks longer when they will shift camp and begin working up on the Santiam

Stock losses about Pedge are not as severe as first reported says a correspondent in the Pendleton *Tribune* Brad Owens sheep man only lost 100 out of 3000 John Owens 300 out of 1500 Cattle men have lost heavily on account of the cattle being very poor when winter set in B F Ogle is the heaviest loser His loss is seventy out of 250 head of cattle and fifteen out of fifty horses M C Kearney lost thirty out of 200 cattle S J and Ed F Carney have only lost one colt out of 100 head of horses and five out of eighty head of cattle

WASHINGTONIANA

William Bingham of Spokane who had 2000 horses wintering in Lincoln and Douglas counties, lost only 15 per cent instead of 50 per cent as had been previously reported

Alexander R Sinclair, of North Yakima who has made a trip up through the Natchez country looking after his stock reports snow enough in the valley for good sleighing still He says stock are in better shape than could have been expected under the unusual circumstances and stockmen are better fixed for hay and fodder than in most localities

The Pomeroy *Washingtonian* says We were unfortunate in having a dry season and a partial crop in Garfield county last year But luck seems to be on our side so far this year and the outlook now is that we shall be blessed with fruitful harvests It has been many years since there has been such a thorough saturation of the earth with water If people would only prepare to shelter and feed their stock a reasonable length of time winters like the past would be more desirable than if more dry and pleasant. Sunshine is all very fine but sunshine and blue sky, and no rain means drouth and short crops

SEATTLE'S LAST SUN DEAD

How the Indian Won His Spurs and Became Chief.

The last man bearing the name of Seattle died a few days ago at the Old Man house near Fort Madison save the Seattle *Press* John Seattle was the last of old Seattle's sons, Angeline the old chief's daughter being now the only surviving child It has not been generally known how Seattle became a chief Mr S F Coombs says that while calling on old Seattle at the Old Man house he learned the following regarding that old gentleman's early history and why he had been a chief

It seems long before any white people had settled on Puget Sound and about the time the Hudson Bay Company were establishing their posts in the Northwest the Indians living on the Upper White river and the mountain Indians had banded together to make a fight on the Puget Sound tribes or those known as the Old Man House tribe Word reached them that a force of those mountain Indians were about to start in canoes from Upper Green and White rivers in such numbers and so well armed that if they reached Duwamish now Black bay that the Old Man House tribe would be wiped out A council of the old and wise ones gathered and Seattle then a young man not over 20, volunteered and devised a plan to check the enemy in re caving salt water All of the rude instruments in the shape of axe were collected That left Black Lay by canoes and by trail Seattle headed the expedition A short distance above the mouth of Black river on White river the Indians cut trees close together that the trees chopped down on one side would reach the bank on the opposite side It was at this point that Seattle commenced felling trees By dark three trees were stretched across the river and some speared that a canoe could not get under with out stopping Seattle had his men ambush on either side with their rude implements of warfare mostly bows and arrows Seattle did not have to wait long after dark before the mountain Indians came paddling down and before those behind could know what was the matter at the front some five or six large canoes with over 100 warriors were struggling in the water, and many who reached the shore were soon dispatched by Seattle's Flatheads. The remaining canoes that were checked before getting under the obstruction were turned back and the plot to clean out the Puget Sound or Salmon eaters was frustrated and young Seattle was declared chief of the Old Man House tribe which then comprised all the Indians between Alki point and above Skagit head on Puget Sound

Old man Seattle never learned the Chinook jargon Always when giving white people information he had an interpreter Old Seattle must have been past ninety at his death

W Coombs says that when he arrived at Port Madison over thirty years ago the big logs and posts they noted on at the Old Man house were a great wonder to all The logs reaching across from one post to another must have been 150 feet long and many of them three feet at the butt and about one and a half to two feet at the smaller end The logs no doubt were placed in position without the aid of any gear purchase or machinery Old man Seattle could not inform us as to when they were erected He said the new cedar posts were replaced in the ground from time to time as the old ones became decayed

The interpreter informed us that old man Seattle had seen at least 2000 Indians at that point at a time—the occasion of his being selected chief after the routing of the mountain Indians—was a grand event to him at least Then there must have been upward of 2000 congregated at that place

Digest Your Food

If you want to be healthy How can you if your teeth refuse to do their work? Get them put in order by skillful dentists and use SOZODONT to keep them right SOZODONT is the best preparation for the teeth

SPECIAL FOR OUR CUSTOMERS

Commencing March 17 for one week we will sell 10c china cups and saucers for 5c Big bargains in tea and dinner sets Get our prices before purchasing If you want pure coffee call on us Our teas are the finest We are the headquarters for teas and coffees Sole agents for Breakfast wafers Colima baking powder Amber coffee and Eastern mixed tea Great Eastern Tea Company 3 First street, and 73 Washington street.

A B BY'S MOTTO

Everybody believes in the motto of a place or object well advertised is half sold A handsomer place for everything I ever saw is the Mitchell Music Store and the way we use to do business there is the secret of success Call and see them and know their specialty Twenty months ago I came to Portland and knew not a single soul Now I would establish an agency for an article here It would be a blessing to our people for a place where a really first class piano could be found for sale is—well it is difficult to locate

Only a Few Days More

Don't forget the Elliott addition to Rosedale addition to Astoria will be $70 a lot on and after the 6th of March 16 lots $180 40 First street W Reidt Mgr Open until 8 P M

Tickets to and From Europe.

Excursion tickets to all points in Europe and England sold at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street corner Washington.

Lower Than the Lowest

The Canadian Pacific are now selling first class limited tickets through to Chicago for $87 second $34 Office No 6 Washington street

Secure your railroad steamship and sleeping car tickets to all points North South and East via the Union Pacific railway and save time and money Ticket office No 81 First street corner of Oak

For constipation use Dr C McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills only 25 cents.

The town is growing south

DIED

On the 19th inst Elizabeth N wife of the late Charles Hodge aged 56 years Funeral from residence cor Sixth and Montgomery Friday at 2 P M services at grave private

Geo B Kiver, Undertaker and Embalmer, S.W. cor 4th and Yamhill. Telephone 507

De Lin & Holman (coroner's office) undertakers and embalmers 149 Second st bet Morrison and Alder Telephone No 9

Schwab Bros Printing and Lithographing Co lowest prices 112 and 114 Front st.

NOW TO DAY

TILEWRITING OFFICE—LOANS INSURANCE Real Estate Exchange Tele 507 Central Bureau

NEW PIANOS FOR RENT AT THE BOHLER & CHASE MUSIC HOUSE 71 Morrison street.

BUGGY HORSE FOR SALE AT 205 INQUIRE at stable cor 2d a North 10th sts. 18m7*

FOR RENT—A ROOM HOUSE CENTRALLY located Room Ackerman 1 Washington st 1*

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS and note loans most of them from this Paris House.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHATTELS OR GOOD personal security Reed & Sibray 2 Washington st

FRESH CHINOOK SALMON JUST RECEIVED from Oregon City at J C Merchant's No 1 Salmon st. 1*

COOK STOVES—$7 $10 $12 AT OTELEY'S Third and Morrison sts. Crockery and lamps to suit the trade. 26tf*

LIFTS—WAITERS AND TEA GOWNS ARE cheerful and down to prices 11m12*

COMMERCIAL HOUSE AND NICE HOME IN EVERY respect for sale People James F Gormley & Co No 9 Alder st. 15m10*

BOLQUIST & RUPPLING 81 WASHINGTON have received an elegant line of spring and summer goods 15m10*

FURNISHED ROOMS—101 TAYLOR CORNER PARK Furnished rooms single and en suite bath and free Mrs C Wall 20 tf*

GET YOUR ENTERTAINING DONE CHEAP AT GOWEN & SMITH'S N W cor First and Alder Telephone No 3 4m 8*

WE CAN LOAN $1 000 FOR 7 MONTHS AT 10 per cent on gilt edged security W G Steel & Co 141 Morrison street 1*

FOR SALE—2 CENTRALLY LOCATED building lots terms reasonable no agents need answer Address A B Oregonian 19m3*

CALIGRAPH FOR SALE—IN GOOD ORDER new as nut dear Will sell for the cash W G Steel & Co. 141 Morrison street m14tf

ALTHOUGH THE HEAVY RAINS CONTINUE there is not a wet lot in Center Addition The drainage is perfect No 9 Morrison street 18m7*

CALL AND SEE OUR $300 50x100 LOTS ON Caruthers and Nineteenth st west of Mt Tabor Carriage free to look at them 9 Morrison st 19m10*

OWNER WANTS TO SELL 10 ACRES LAND of Mount Tabor 2 miles best land for use 1 mile road Address A J Cook care Oregonian 19m3*

R A ANDERSON WHOLESALE CANDY manufacturer No 324 First st bet Clay and Market. Country orders solicited Tel phone 41.

NICELY GRADED HALF ACRE HOMES $50 down $10 a month with 7 interest 10 Portland Real Estate Agency 4 Washington st 14tf

HOUSE AND TWO LOTS IN EAST PORTLAND for sale on installments H H Emmons First National Bank Building cor Washington and First

A BARGAIN—5 ACRES, SIX BLOCKS FROM station at Mount Tabor $625 an acre block in Potter's addition $100 F J Hyland & Co. 144 First street 18m 1*

THE CALIGRAPH TYPEWRITER—WILLIAM B Allen & Co 211 First st. general agents Machine repairing a specialty. Sold on installments supplies of all kinds —MCS 1*tf

REMOVAL—THE ELITE STOVE STORE WILL remove about March 10 to 346 First st bet Main and Madison where they will be pleased to see all their old customers. 21tf*

FOR SALE—A YOKE OF OPEN WELL broke also 18 3 and old also four good work mules Inquire cor Northeast corner Third and Ash sts J B Ivers & Co. 18m10*

FOR A PLASTIC PAINTING KALSOMINING and painting in all its branches go to Sheehy Bros 111 Sixth st near Washington First class work and reasonable prices. 17m4*

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON CARLISLE terms reasonable $2000 2 block E Irving's addition $1500 F J Hyland & Co 144 First street 18m3*

FOR SALE CHEAP—FOR A FEW DAYS 2 lots (cor) in Albina proper 4 block (cor) in Mount Tabor 3 lots in Multnomah Place Peacedale 5 block in Patton's addition Address R B care Oregonian 20m*

$3600—LOT AND 2 HOUSES IN STEPHENS addition to East Portland convenient to street car and ferry will sell one house and ½ lot for $1800 the other for $2000 W G Jerne & Bro 8 Washington st 16m11r

$10,500 FOR A TEN ROOM RESIDENCE with all modern improvements on B st near 19th 7 cars the Washington st car line Lot first class location very desirable property Wilcox & Stephens 3 Stark st Portland Or 15tf

FOR RENT OR SALE 9 ACRE TRUCK PLACE 10 acres all in picket fence 6 acres sub irrigated stream thro 4 place two houses and stable best soil in Clarke county price and one half miles from R R Will rent for one year Apply to C Runnette & Bro 7 Morrison st 20m*

IMPORTED SWISS CHEESE CREAM LIMburger and Roquefort Cheese German Kuchen Smoked Meats Prunes Sardines Lucy Delicacies and Groceries Telephone No 431 MILO M BAUM 80 Morrison st

A SACRIFICE ON ACCOUNT OF ILL HEALTH An owner has left the city and gives instructions to sell his south ½ of block 23 Caruthers add to 4 cottages for $ 950 $1150 down sale or 6 months 11 of these have been sold at $ 800 until this time 15m 6* JAMES T GRAY & CO No 6 Alder st

GOOD HEALTH PAYS FOR NERVOUS, Weak men never make money or enjoy life. Electricity streaming into the body all night from Dr Sill's famous Electric Belt with suspensory makes you a man of manly and physically perfect health in 10 days See Dr Sill First National Bank Building or Saldmore & Co Druggists. $10,tf*

NEW TO DAY

H. H. HILDEBRAND, Prescription Druggist 131 First st. Telephone 48

ALBINA REAL ESTATE AND MINERAL BROS ALBINA

BOARD AND ROOM AT THE NEW Thirteenth house cor Thirteenth and Northrup sts Rates reasonable

THE CONGRESS AT 10 STARK is locally known as one of the finest saloons in Portland on the coast The best artists in the city have been employed to decorate the walls and ceilings with original paintings Everything will be completed on or before July 15 giving residents a first class

If you are looking for a home let your family this is worth your consideration If you are looking for work and are willing to put forth some effort to help yourself we offer you this chance Nine tenths of the men on this property can be sold into a home for life Terms to suit purchasers Corner lots in Portland can be had for $2 50 to $1 50 per foot cash as fast as it is

If you want to purchase a lot and build a home we give this need for building We will pay you cash for making bricks and will contract for the same or carry you on work if you choose Such a contract covered for which a responsible party is guaranteed You can pay $10 down and $5 per month for your lot

If you have $25 $50 or $100 to assist you in constructing a house for our use if we can help you out we will assist you two three four or six months which to commence is for your lot and if you have your money here you are not afraid of work we will mean business and are not afraid to work with you Otherwise We assisted a number of people to procure homes in Sellwood this year The lot which we will sell give you with the Stevens road for a ferry road and five miles by the Stevens road four miles on a boulevard We guarantee the location to be Portland six miles around by land or ferry road and five miles by the Stevens road four miles on a boulevard We guarantee the location to be Portland six miles around by land or ferry road and five miles by the Stevens road four miles on a boulevard We guarantee the location to be six miles from the business center of Portland and five miles from

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE OFFICE ROOMS furnished for one or two persons. Inquire at ... Front st.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with use and bath at No 151 ... Cheap rent

FOR RENT—A SMALL PERFECTLY NEW house of kitchen and sitting ... month. 183 West Park st.

FOR RENT—ROOM SUITABLE FOR ANY kind of an office ... Inquire at 205 Front st.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT for gentlemen ... use of bath ...

ROOMS FOR RENT FOR HOUSEKEEPING—Inquire ... room ... Third and Market st.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite ... inquire ... next door south ... need apply ... 213½ First street

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN ... 29 Columbia ... between Fir ...

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS ... reasonable with use of bath ... 14th st.

FOR RENT—OFFICE, GROUND FLOOR ... trial location low rent. ... Inquire at 209 ...

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED ROOMS ... suite or single at 207 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS ... for housekeeping at 85 Second st.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen at 372 First st.

WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS AT MODERATE rent ... single or en suite ... Mitchell & Stiles, West End Grocery, Park ...

FOR RENT—ONE-HALF OF RESIDENCE OF ... Clay st.

ROOMS—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOMS for rent, entirely new at 216 East Park, ... Madison

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS ... trally located with fire in private ... at 212 Stark street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, CORNER OF Washington st. ... bath references required ... 147 Eleventh st.

ROOMS EVERYWHERE IN THE NICE FAMILY ... lies. No charge to or for tenants. PLATOU ... Yamhill.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH BOARD

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM ... With every convenience and ... board. 135 8th corner Alder

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM ... suitable for two gentlemen or ... board also a few boarders wanted. ... 135 Park

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM ... room with fire and bath and good table ... Call at 230 Yamhill st

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE WITH 14 ... rooms centrally located ... dress ... in this ...

FOR SALE—A NEW STOCK OF HARDWARE, ... stoves tinware etc ... good reason for selling ... dress E. E. care Oregonian

$200 WILL BUY AN INTEREST IN A ... splendid paying Mfg business ... more often object than the money ... 1027 Fifth st Portland

$125 FISH MARKET ON YAMHILL ... bet Third and Fourth sts ... selling. Apply at premises. Terms cash.

WANTED—A GOOD LADY BOOKKEEPER ... partner with $200 or $300 ... per day business will bear strictest ... Labor care Oregonian

FOR SALE—ESTABLISHED RESTAURANT ... best ess good rent reasonable ... for less than it is actually worth ... care Oregonian

PRINTER AND PRACTICAL NEWSPAPER ... man with about $300 cash or good ... hear of a good opening by addressing ... care Oregonian

FOR SALE—CIGAR AND CANDY STORE, ... good well stock fixtures and furniture ... Parties going East. Bearwise & Co., 54 ...

LODGING HOUSE FOR SALE—15 ROOM ... Income $110 per month rent $40 ... nicely furnished ... full of good roomers. Inquire at No. 167 ... entrance in the Cambridge ...

FOR SALE—A DRUG STORE IN CITY DOING ... a business of $8000 a ... engagement ... Address Drug Store P O Box 62 ...

FISH MARKET FOR SALE ON REASONABLE ... St Stephens addition ... and lot for sale. Apply at the market.

FOR SALE—A LODGING HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS ... thoroughly furnished. Apply at 128 ... between Washington and Alder ...

COMMERCIAL INVESTMENTS IN ... legitimate lines (Timid) PLATOU ... Yamhill

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKING ... business centrally located of 7 years ... 4 sewing machines furniture all ... condition and 3 rooms rented will ... as parties are going to leave city ... Address B. C. ... 838 P O.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—A WELL-TO-DO HAIR ... store with a full stock of hair goods ... etc. complete the only one in Victoria. ... established in her shop in connection ... standing. The reason for disposal ... ill health For full particulars, apply to ... 31 Government st Victoria, B. C.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORE IN SOUTHERN ... Oregon ... O & C R R ... where property has doubled ... prices within ... month and will quadruple in next ... 30 days ... established 15 years ... sales average $ ... daily ... stock of about $1,000 brick ... adding 30x70 ... lots of land. For particulars apply to W. ... Co 141 Morrison street

FOR SALE—THE RIVERSIDE SALOON ... be sold ... stop ... sold before the 1st of April. ... Apply on premises, Morrison-street bridge ... ers need apply

FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED GROCERY ... very store in a seaport ... in Oregon ... reasons for selling. A care ... regonian

$17,500—A factory doing business ... showing $1000 profit ... monthly ... Cause of sale ... family affairs.

$15,000—Well known genuine ... in store ... Will sell at ... invoice

$6000—Dairy well known ... horses 7 wagons, big ... 1 ng outfit ... ested.

$2000—Lodging house 30 rooms ... ral 1st st. clear ... $150 per month

$1600—Furniture of 8 room house ... costing $4500 ... gant rent of house ... diate possession ... Party with that amount wants ... interest in good business, ... very preferred

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A GOLD CHAIN WITH CHARM ... Finder ... a reward and will be paid ... 63 Front st ... W. J. Vanscoyoc

FOUND—A SMALL AMOUNT OF MONEY. ... the owner can obtain the same by ... ship and paying for this notice ... bet 20th and 21st.

LOST—LAST FRIDAY EVENING ON FIRST ... street between Yamhill and Meade ... to boy a overcoat. Finder please leave at 63 ... First st.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD REAL ESTATE ... MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD ... securities. SOOTHE & MCGINN ... Abington building 2d floor.

MONEY—IN SUMS FROM $500 TO $50,000 ... loan by the Western Oregon Land and ... ment Company, 128 First street, room ... MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE ... son & Hathaway room 20 Labbe's ... MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL OR CHATTEL ... security by Roscoe R. Morrill, room ... Block second and Morrison sts.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TURN UP YOUR HAT—NEED SYSTEM WITH ... Dandelion ... English Bitters.

TURN YOUR HAT FOR REPAIR TO THE ... Oriental ... 68½ Morrison ...

CHEAP REAL ESTATE CHANGES CALL ... Room 5 ... Grey & Co's ... Alder st.

FOR ROOMS AND BUSINESS CHANCES CALL ... Room 5 ... Grey & Co's ... Alder st.

A DR. WEAKNESS'S GIVE WAY TO ... An English Bitters.

NEW WIRE SPRING BEDS. GEORGE M. ... Hawkins, 191 Fifth st. Trade supplied.

DON'T THAT TIRED FEELING TAKE ... Beecham's English Bitters.

ALL KINDS OF ANY DESCRIPTION CAN BE ... Storage ... reasonable at Pacific dock, No. 226 and 228 ... Front ...

SCHOOL of Civil Mechanical Mining Engineering ... Surveying Assay ... 723 Market ... San Francisco.

CLOTHING—VAN DER NAILLEN ... Cleaner ... Gents' ... Ladies' ... Repairing ... Dyeing ... Gents' ... Ladies' ... Repairing ... Dyeing ... Gents' ... Ladies' ... Repairing ... Dyeing

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

FOR RENT — VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, furnished, for one or two gentlemen; 1 block from Yamhill car. 149 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with use and bath at No. 151 Sixth st. Cheap rent.

FOR RENT—A SMALL BEDROOM WITH use of kitchen and sitting room for $6 per month. 198 West Park, cor. Lane.

FOR RENT — ROOM SUITABLE FOR any kind of an office business. 317 Front st.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent, cheap. 51 Fourth st.

ROOMS FOR RENT FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Inquire room 26, Cumberland Block, 3 Third and Morrison sts.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite; bath, call by evening or need apply. 313½ First street, between Ash and Pine.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPING. 22 Columbia s. between first and second sts.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS FOR reasonable with use of bath. Inquire at 151 14th st.

FOR RENT—OFFICE, GROUND FLOOR; central location; low rent. 8 and 10 Sherlock Building.

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED ROOMS, suite or single at 207 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS for housekeeping; $5.85 South Park st.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS TO gentlemen at 372 First st.

WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS AT MODERATE rent; single or en suite; gas and bath. Mitchell & Shiels, West End Grocery, 23 and 25 Park.

FOR RENT—ONE-HALF OF RESIDENCE; 6 rms; cheap at.

ROOMS—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOMS for rent, entirely new, at 226 East Pine, cor. Madison.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, CENtrally located, with fire, in private family. 212 Stark street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, GAS AND bath; references required. 127 Eighth, near Washington st.

ROOMS EVERYWHERE, WITH NICE FAMilies. No charge to or for guests. PLAZA'S Yamhill.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH BOARD.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM with every convenience and first-class board. 135 Sixth, corner Alder.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife; board; also a few boarders wanted. No. 125 West Park.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ALCOVE room with fire and bath and good table board. Call at 230 Yamhill st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — LODGING HOUSE WITH 14 rooms, centrally located. Address J. B. this office

FOR SALE—A NEW STOCK OF HARDWARE; stoves, tinware, etc; good reason for selling. Address E. E., care Oregonian.

$200 WILL BUY AN INTEREST IN A splendid paying Mfg. business; the man of more of capital than the money. Call at 69 1027 4th st., East Portland.

$125 FISH MARKET ON YAMHILL ST., bet Third and Fourth sts; good reason for selling. Apply at premises, 7-ton cash.

WANTED—A GOOD LA BORING MAN as partner, with $200 or $300, can make $5 to $6 per day; business will bear a strict investigation. Labor, care Oregonian.

FOR SALE—ESTABLISHED RENTAL BASE business, good rent, reasonable line locality to be sold for less than it is actually worth. Address L. S., care Oregonian.

PRINTER AND PRACTICAL NEWSPAPER man with about $300 cash, or good backing, can hear of a good opening by addressing Exp. 67, care Oregonian.

FOR SALE—CIGAR AND CANDY STORE. good will, stock, fixtures and furniture cheap. Parties going East. Beswick & Co. 34 Washington.

LODGING HOUSE FOR SALE—10 ROOMS, 3 come $110 per month, rent $40; nicely furnished; full of good roomers. Inquire at No. 167½ Third st. entrance in the Cambridge block.

FOR SALE—A DRUG STORE IN CITY DOING a business of $8000 a year; expenses very light. Address Drug Store, P. O. Box 62, city.

FISH MARKET FOR SALE ON SEVENTH st., Stephens addition; good custom. Also horse and fish for sale. Apply at the market.

FOR SALE—A LODGING HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS thoroughly furnished. Apply at 133 Eighth, between Washington and Alder.

COMMERCIAL INVESTMENTS IN ALL legitimate lines. (7mil) PLATO, 9 Yamhill.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING business, centrally located, of 7 years' standing; 4 sewing machines; furniture of 8 rooms in first-class condition, and 3 rooms rented; will sell for a sacrifice as parties are going to leave city. Address B. Box 835, P. O.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—A WELL-TO-DO HAIR store, with a full stock of hair goods, wigs, switches, etc., complete; the only one in Victoria. A 30 years established barber shop in connection, of five years' standing. The reason for disposal of business is ill health. For full particulars apply to Carl Keech, 31 Government st., Victoria, B. C.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORE IN SOUTH OF river; sales during the flood year ending June 30, 1890, are more than double it prior within the last month and will quadruple in next 90 days, business established 15 years; sales are now $100 daily; entire stock of about $12,000, brick building 30x70, and two lots of land. For particulars apply to W. G. Steel & Co. 141 Morrison street.

FOR SALE—THE RIVERSIDE SALOON WILL be sold cheap if sold before the 1st of April. Apply on premises, Morrison street bridge; no brokers need apply.

FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED GROcery store in a seaport town in Oregon for reasons for selling. A care Oregonian.

$17,500—A factory doing business showing $4,500 profit monthly. Owner to sell family affairs.

$15,000—Well-known general mercantile business, well located.

$6000—Dairy, well known; 30 cows, 7 horses, 7 wagons; big business, long established.

$2000—Lodging house, 9 rooms, central; 1st st.; pleasing $150 per month.

$1600—Furniture of 5 room house costing $450, everything elegant; rent of house $15. Immediate possession given.

$1500—Party with that amount wants interest in good business; grocery preferred.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A GOLD CHARM WITH CHAIN ATtached; a reward will be paid for same if left at 63 Front st. W. J. Vanderpeer.

FOUND—A SMALL AMOUNT OF MONEY. the loser can obtain the same by proving property and paying for this notice. P. S. Paine, 429 Front bet 20th and 21st.

LOST—LAST FRIDAY EVENING ON FIRST street between Yamhill and Meade, brown cape. Liberal reward to finder, please leave at 25 S. to boy's overcoat. Finder please leave at 25 S. First st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD REAL ESTATE security. BOOTHE, & GLENN, rooms 19 & 21 Abington building, 3d floor.

MONEY—IN SUMS FROM $500 TO $50,000. TO loan by The Western Oregon Land and Improvement Company, 128 First street, room 1, upstairs.

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD FURNIture and all kinds of personal property. Thompson & Hathaway, room 20, Abbe's Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL OR CHATTEL security by Roscoe H. Morrill, room 4, Mulkey Block, Second and Morrison sts.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TAKE UP YOUR SHATTERED SYSTEM WITH Beecham's English Bitters. 16mlst

CARRY YOUR HAT FOR REPAIR TO THE practical hatter, 89½ Morrison sts. 6mlst

FOR ROOMS AND BUSINESS CHANCES CALL at room 7, Gray & Co's., 6 Alder st. 5mlst

WEAKNESSES GIVE WAY TO Beecham's English Bitters. 18mlst

WESTERN WIRE SPRING BEDS. GEORGE M. PARKER, 131 Sixth st. Trade supplied. 4mtf

FOR CHAT TIRED FEELING TAKE Beecham's English Bitters. 18mlst

NO CHARGE OF ANY DESCRIPTION, CAN BE had reasonable at Pacific Stock, No. 225 and 223 Front st. 1mlf

SCHOOL of Civil, Mechanical, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Assay, Away, 723 Market San Francisco. A. VAN DER NAILLEN, Cirenlar.

SOMMER, DEALER IN AND JOBBER OF Imported and Domestic Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, etc., 36 Morrison, S. E. cor. Third. 1mlm

PRIVATE HOME FOR LADIES DURING CONfinement by Mrs. H. Miller, 87 Third street, bet Stark and Oak. 6feb

CLAIRVOYANT—MME. TEITSWORTH, NATural seer and clairvoyant fortune-teller 20 years' experience. 243½ First st., rooms 1 and 2. 25mf

BEST WOOD TURNER AND SAND SAWYER in the city at the East Side Mill, on river bank, 50 feet east of railroad bridge. 6m20

HENRY WOLFF, IMPORTER OF WATCH MAterial, tools, optical goods and musical boxes. Retail, 626 Sutter st., San Francisco. 3mf

NOTICE TO FISH DEALERS—SEND ALL your orders for deep sea fish to Chilpeck Bros., agents Tyee Sea Fishing Co. 28f 1m

MADAME CALDWELL, CLAIRVOYANT AND magnetic healer; reads past and future; rooms 251½ First st., room 3. 19m7

MISS E. DE PRANG, TEACHER OF CHRIS tian Science, 239 Sixth st., cor. Main. Office hours 10 A. M. to 12 M. Class hour, 2 P. M. 24m1

COUNTERS, SHELVING AND ALL KINDS OF store and office fixtures at East Side Mill, on river bank, 50 feet south of railroad bridge. 6m20

REWARD—I WILL GIVE A REWARD OF TEN dollars for the arrest and conviction of any person found stealing the Daily or Sunday Oregonian south of Alder st. 24m D. J. MOORE, Route Agent.

MEDIUM—MRS. FLORA A. BROWN, NATUral medium, gives life readings. No cards, no questions business a specialty; satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made. Parlors 12 and 13, 293½ Front.

MRS. SOPHIA ASH WILL GIVE PSYCHOmetric delineations from intuitional or soul phase; 10 people delineations from intuitional or soul phase; hours 11 to 5, 7 to 9; instructions in occultism by letter, $1. 125 First st. 16f

DRUNKENNESS, or the liquor habit positively cured by Dr. Haines' Golden Specific. Druggists.

BY MENTIONING THE OREGONIAN, DR. J. H. Schenck's new book on Lungs, Liver and Stomach will be sent free. Address Dr. J. H. Schenck, Phila., Pa.

JOHN THOMPSON & CO. HAVE BEEN APpointed agents for the purchase of rag stock for the Columbia River Paper Co., and are prepared to purchase the same, Rags, Burlaps, Manilla Rope and all other kinds of paper stock, also Iron and Metal of all kinds. 28 and 30 North and D sts. 4mtf

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—NOTICE IS hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Citizens' Real Estate and Investment company will be held at the office of Eugene D. Wells, Portland, Oregon, on Tuesday, April 8th, 1890, at 7:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

Portland, Oregon, March 15, 1890. 19mtg

OREGON & CALIFORNIA RAILROAD COMpany.—Notice of Stockholders' Meeting—Stockholders are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of this company, corner Front and Ash sts., in the city of Portland, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon, on Tuesday, the 8th day of April next, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and such other business as may legally come before the meeting. GEO. H. ANDREWS, Secretary. Portland, Or., March 7, 1890.

PROPOSALS FOR RAILROAD TIES—PROposals will be received at the office of the undersigned up to the 20th day of March, 1890, for the furnishing and delivery alongside the track of the West Side division Southern Pacific Company's lines in Oregon, between Portland and Corvallis, for Corvallis transfer, Forty thousand (40,000) railroad ties seven by eight inches and eight feet long. Specifications furnished upon application. The company reserve the right to reject any or all bids. W. F. BOSLEY, Fuel and Timber Agent S. P. Co.'s lines in Oregon, cor. Front and Ash sts., Portland, Or. 5mtd

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION. Headquarters Department of Arizona, Office Chief Quartermaster, Los Angeles, Cal., March 17, 1890.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., Thursday, April 17, 1890, and opened immediately thereafter in the presence of bidders, for transportation, by wagon, of military supplies during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, on routes in the Department of Arizona, as follows—Route 1 to 1.—From any station on the Atlantic and Pacific, or Prescott and Arizona Central railroad to Fort Verde, A. T. Route No. 2.—From Phoenix, A. T., to Fort McDowell, A. T. Route No. 3.—From Bowie Station, A. T., to Fort Bowie, A. T. Route No. 4.—From Bowie Station, or Wilcox, A. T., to Fort Thomas, and San Carlos, A. T., and from Fort Thomas to San Carlos, A. T. Route No. 5.—From Wilcox, A. T., to Fort Grant, A. T. Route No. 6.—From Holbrook, A. T., to Fort Apache, A. T. Route No. 7.—From Tucson, A. T., to Fort Lowell, A. T. Route No. 8.—From Benson Station, A. T., to Fort Huachuca, A. T. Route No. 9.—From same station as No. 8, to Fort Huachuca, A. T. Route No. 10.—From Willcox, N. M., to Fort Union, N. M. Route No. 11.—From Wingate Station, N. M., to Fort Wingate, N. M. Route No. 12.—From Silver City, N. M., to Fort Bayard, N. M. Route No. 13.—From Railroad Station at Santa Fe, N. M., to Fort Marcy, N. M. Specifications, general instructions to bidders and blank forms of proposal will be furnished on application to this office, or to the Assistant Quartermaster at Tucson, A. T., or Santa Fe, N. M. A. S. KIMBALL, Quartermaster U. S. A., Chief Quartermaster.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Civil Engineer.

R. BISCHLIFFE, CONSULTING AND CONstructing engineer, civil and mechanical; hydraulics and other architectural works; machine designs, surveys, plans, estimates, and specifications. Welling on Bldg

Physicians.

DR. WM. BOTH, ROOMS 12 AND 13, MOLLKEY Building, cor. Second and Morrison sts. Office hours, 10-12 A. M., 1-4 7-8 P. M. Residence 149 Tenth st. 20f3m

Lawyers.

BARNETT V. EOE, ATTORNEY AND COUNsellor at law, rm. m 25 Dekum Bldg., First and Stark.

Artists.

PORTLAND ART SCHOOL, MRS. I. C. YOUNG, Mrs. A. J. Smith, room 57 Washington Building.

MRS. J. B. BARCHUS, STUDIO 145½ THIRD st. Instruction given in landscape painting.

Architects.

OTTO KLEEMAN, ROOM 12 DEKUM BUILDing, First and Washington streets.

SAVE MONEY BY CALLING ON FRANAHAN & Co., carpenter, architects and superintendents; special attention given to ventilation and house drainage. Office, Fourth and Ash sts., East Portland. 13mlm

Commission Merchants.

CUTTER & BELDEN, SHIP CHANDLERY AND naval stores, 16 N. Front street, Portland, Or.

H. B. ATKINS & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants and Produce Dealers, 130 Front st.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRODuce Merchants, Front and Davis, Portland, Or.

MEYER, WILSON & CO., SHIPPING AND COMmission Merchants. Iron fibre of foreign goods. Agents for Whitlock Cement. New Market Block.

CUSHAC & CO., SHIPPING AND COMMISSION Merchants, 20 North Front street, Portland, Or.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS AND Commission Merchants, agents for San Juan Accidental Line Co., 34 Front street, corner Ash.

WADHAMS & CO., SUCCESSORS TO WADhams & Elliott, Wholesale Grocers, Produce and Commission Merchants, Nos. 46 and 48 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

H. G. MACDONALD, GENERAL BROKER AND Commission Agent, 48 First street.

HERMAN METZGER, PURCHASER OF HIDES, Pelts, Furs, Wool and Tallow, and General Commission Merchant, 2 Front street, room 24 in, Portland, Or. Liberal cash advances on consignments.

Machinists.

CITY FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, J. Bleasdale & Co., First and Clarkson streets.

WOLFE & ZWICKER, MACHINISTS, 106, E. and Third streets—Housework, doors, millings, box and mortising machinery of all descriptions; planing and moulding tools to order.

Wholesale Grocers.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner North Front and Davis, Portland, Oregon.

CORBETT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants, 54 and 56 Front street, Portland.

Leather and Findings.

SHERLOCK, BAILEY, HARNESS, HARDware, 74 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

HERBERT BRADLEY & CO., 70 FRONT ST., Importers of Shoe Manufacturers' Goods, Shoe Findings, Blacking, Dye-stuffs, etc.

Sewing Machines.

GARRISON'S, 170 THIRD ST., AGENT FOR the Domestic, the Household and other leading sewing machines. Free sperm oil, needles, attachments and shuttles.

Fish, Oysters, Game & Poultry.

MALARKEY & CO. (SUCCESSORS TO C. A. Malarkey), leading house, S. W. cor. Fourth and Morrison sts. Consignments and orders solicited.

Wholesale Druggists.

CHAS. RENSCHU & WOODARD, ESTABlished in 1850, Portland, Or.

DR. B. E. MILLER, Diseases of women, Cor. First and Main

REPORTERS ON THE WING

Work on the Madison Street Bridge Temporarily Suspended.

Weather Report—The George H. Chance—Liquor for "Lo"—Caught on the Cable—Discharging Cargo—Anniversary—Etc.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY.—The Young Men's Christian Association of this city will celebrate their 21st anniversary at the Tabernacle on Friday evening March 21st. Judge Williams will preside and the address of the evening will be delivered by Mr. S. M. Sayford of Boston, Mass. Mr. Sayford is traveling under the auspices of Amherst College, Mass., and is an orator of great power. The exercises throughout will be interesting and entertaining. Several of the city choirs are to furnish music and a male quartet will sing. There will be no reports presented, as that was done at the annual meeting held a few weeks ago. The board of directors extend a very cordial invitation to the general public to attend this interesting occasion. There never was a time in the history of the association when a larger work has been done than is now being carried on by this institution, and the management are anxious that the citizens of Portland should understand the value of the work to the city. Therefore every one interested in this work for young men are invited to come.

ARRIVAL OF S. M. SAYFORD.—Mr. S. M. Sayford, of Boston, arrived from San Francisco yesterday on the steamer Columbia. Mr. Sayford is traveling in the interest of the Young Men's Christian Association work in colleges, and is working under the auspices of Amherst college. Mrs. He will be in Portland over Sunday, when he goes to the Sound, and from there will visit all the colleges of Washington, returning to Portland in April, will visit the colleges of Oregon. Mr. Sayford will give the anniversary address at the Tabernacle on Friday evening for the Portland association, and on Sunday afternoon will address young men at the association rooms, 212½ First street, at 4 P. M. His subject will be "Confidential Advice." All young men are invited to come and hear this distinguished orator.

LEAVING THE SCENE OF THE TRAGEDY.—Mrs. Emily Sheridan, mother of George Becker, the young man whose mysterious death several weeks ago caused so much comment, was a passenger on the steamer which left for San Francisco Tuesday evening. She will make her home with her sister, Mrs. Knudson, who came to Portland immediately after young Becker's death. Mrs Sheridan was feeling a little penitent over the reflections she threw on her husband. Her testimony at the coroner's inquest created the finger of suspicion at him, but now she feels that he had nothing to do with the poisoning. She still is of the opinion, however, that her son was poisoned, but the circumstances of the sad affair will perhaps always remain a mystery.

THE GEORGE H. CHANCE STILL FISHING.—Mr. Williams, manager of the Deep Sea Fishing Company, returned to Portland last Monday morning, having spent some days on board the company's steam fishing schooner George H. Chance, which was falsely reported to be lost. Yesterday a reporter endeavored in vain to "locate" Mr. Williams, in the hopes of ascertaining how the steamer was making out. It was learned, however, that the Chance is still on the fishing banks, near Neah bay, and will arrive at Portland before many days have passed, with a fine cargo of Lenten diet. The officers of the company still assert that there were no substantial grounds for the sensational report recently circulated.

THE E. N. COOKE TO BE REPAIRED.—The steamer E. N. Cooke was taken down the river yesterday to the O. R. & N. Co.'s old boneyard, where she now occupies a place alongside of a number of the old hulks that have long since seen their best days, and many more their last days of usefulness. The steamer is not a total loss, however, by any means, and she is merely put out of the way temporarily, awaiting an opportunity to be placed on the ways, when she will receive thorough and permanent repairs, and will probably be a more substantial boat when again ready for business than she was before her recent collision with the rocks and the subsequent sinking.

LIQUOR FOR "LO."—Oregon City is coming to the front nobly in the matter of "whisky to Indians" cases since Mr. Baron took charge of the United States marshal's office. Frank Scott, who supplied Brownter to salmon-eyed Sal of that city, was arrested a few days since, and yesterday was on examination before the United States commissioner, and was held to appear before the United States district court for trial. Yesterday Deputy Marshal Burns brought down from Oregon City H. B Johnson, charged with having sold a bottle of whisky to an Indian. Let the good work go on till the unquenchable thirst of the Indian has been quenched or the race obliterated.

AN EASTERN VISITOR.—Mr. Thomas B. Montgomery, president of the old American Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, came to Portland yesterday, by the overland train from San Francisco. Mr. Montgomery is the great grand-son of Bishop White, of Revolutionary times, the first bishop of the Protestant Episcopal church in Pennsylvania, and the first chaplain to the Continental congress. In Bishop White's days, the far, far West was somewhere in the neighborhood of Pittsburg, Pa. Mr. Montgomery is the guest of Bishop Morris, with whom he will remain a few days, returning East by way of Tacoma, Seattle and the Northern Pacific railroad.

WORK TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.—The work of sawing off the piles for the foundation of the pivotal pier of the Madison street bridge has been stopped by an unexpected rise in the river from the late rains. The water is about eight inches too high for proceeding with the work, and the river will fall this much probably within twenty-four hours. If the appliances for sawing the piles had been put in Hills higher, as they would have been had a rise of the river been anticipated, the delay would not have occurred. Mr. G. W. Brown was down yesterday with his boot in a sling to see how matters are progressing.

UNION PARTY MEETING.—The union party meeting was held at Nonpareil hall last evening. Messrs. D'Arcy and Miller addressed the meeting. They claimed that unless there was a new deal in politics, and political parties, the government would not long outlast forty states in this Union. Discontent would breed anarchy and anarchy despotism. The meeting adjourned to meet again one week from next Friday night at Nonpareil hall.

AH BAD OBSTRUCTED THE WALK.—A Chinaman named Ah Bad was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of obstructing a sidewalk with a sawbuck. If there is anything in a name it is safe to infer that Ah Bad will be convicted when he appears before Judge Tanner to-day. A Chinaman who "wears" such a name and persists in sawing wood on a sidewalk, to the detriment of pedestrians, ought to be convicted on general principles.

RUNNING IN THE CABLE.—About noon yesterday the Stark street ferry stopped in the middle of the stream, while approaching the landing on this side, for at least twenty minutes. The trouble arose from a lot of rubbish, which came down with the current and clogged a cable pulley, displacing the rope. Such an occurrence rarely happens, but when it does some time is required to put things in working order.

FOR THE LADIES.—Miss A. S. Jorgensen, proprietress of the elegant millinery parlors at 165 First street wishes to inform her lady friends and patrons that she will have her grand spring opening on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. Miss Jorgenson has some lovely French pattern bonnets and hats and the lady announces the finest line of novelties in millinery ever before shown in Portland.

THE WEATHER REPORT.—The following is the weather report for points east of the Cascades, on the line of the Union Pacific: Boonesville 42, Hood River 48, Dalles warm, Arlington 41, Umatilla 37, Wallula 38, Walla Walla 45, Dayton 40, Pomeroy 46, Riparia 45, Colfax 48, Pendleton 40, La Grande 46, Baker City 25, Huntington 46, Heppner 38, Wilbur 50.

THEY WILL SOON BE HOME.—Judge Deady writes from San Francisco to his son Paul that he will not be home before April 1 and perhaps not till a week later, as he and Mrs. Deady will visit friends in San Francisco and other parts of California before starting for Oregon. Judge Deady states that he has been much benefited by his trip.

SEDUCTION AND LARCENY.—James Birdsell was arrested by Officer Wood yesterday afternoon on a charge of seducing Lillie Dawson. It seems that Officer Wood is camping on the trail of this class of offenders. A Chinaman named Lee Du was taken into custody for stealing from the rooms of a countryman named Lee Sing.

THE LAST BOUND VOLUME.—H. A. Oxer, librarian of the Portland Library association, writes the following note to THE OREGONIAN: "Received by the Library Association of Portland the last bound volume of THE DAILY OREGONIAN, from September 1, 1889, to December 31, 1889. Presented by H. L. Pittock, esq."

ENGAGED QUARTERS.—The Thomas Kay Woolen Mill Company, of Salem, has engaged quarters and will open an office at No. 5 Oak street. The Salem Woolen Mills have only lately started up, but will soon have their goods on the market in competition with those of the Oregon City and Brownsville woolen mills.

DEATH OF MRS. HODGE.—Mrs. Hodge, relict of the late Charles Hodge, died at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, after a brief illness. Deceased was one of the pioneer women of Portland. She was a most estimable lady, and her death will be deeply regretted by a very large circle of friends and acquaintances.

SONS OF VETERANS.—To-night, in the G. A. R. hall, will be organized a camp of Sons of Veterans. Mr. P. Lawton, of the G. A. R. post, will muster the camp in. All sons of old soldiers 18 years of age or over, are desired to be there promptly at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

THE $100 LOTS in Mount Tabor Villa are selling fast ($5 cash, $5 a month, no interest.) Don't delay longer to call at 8½ Morrison street for free transportation to inspect.

REDUCED PRICES.—Few days, best cabinet photographs the cheaper than ever before only at gallery 283 First street, above Jefferson. Professor G. L. Eastman, operator.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE OFFICE.—The offices of the United States internal revenue collector are soon to be located in the Ainsworth block. The new offices will be more commodious and more conveniently fitted up than those now in use on Morrison street near Fourth.

DISCHARGING CARGO.—The Bulle of Bath is discharging on the East Side some 800 tons of the steel rails of the Southern Pacific's contract. As soon as the gap is closed in Cow Creek canyon, the work of replacing iron with steel on the Oregon line will be resumed.

OPENING OF SPRING MILLINERY GOODS.—Mrs. G. H. Clarke wishes to announce that she yesterday opened her immense stock of imported bonnets, hats and fine millinery novelties of every description. Ladies are respectfully invited to attend.

TO-MORROW'S MILLINERY OPENING.—To-morrow, Friday, is the day set for Misses Harkins & Carr's spring opening of millinery at 47 Washington street, and the ladies may look for many new novelties in Eastern importations.

A GREAT MANY LOTS SOLD—In Elsenbus Bay View addition and Port Townsend, and those who bought yesterday made $50. Lots to-day will be sold by Hughes, Brown & Co. for $200, this price good until April 1.

FOURTEEN POUNDS GRANULATED SUGAR $1, pearl coal oil $2 35 per case, best Eastern hams 12½ cents per pound at the Portland cash grocers, 45 and 225 First street, Portland; 1223 Fourth street, East Portland.

DIED OF TYPHOID.—Ignatus Pollock, of Cornelius, died at the residence of his father, Colonel John Pollock, in that town yesterday of typhoid fever, aged 28 years.

FIX YOUR GARDEN and send for plants and catalogue to Burkhardt Bros., florists.

EAST PORTLAND city taxes are delinquent today.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

List of Deeds Filed in the Office of the Recorder Yesterday.

Yesterday 18 deeds, aggregating $68,652, were filed.

DEEDS RECORDED MARCH 19.

(Furnished by Real Estate, Title and Trust Company.)

D. F. Sherman and wife to Leander Cline, lots 1, 2, blk 5, Rosedale, March 19, $600.

Electric Land Co to A. C. Panton et al, blk D, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, blk C, Portsmouth Villa, Dec. 11, 1888, $2000.

B. L. Bowsman and wife to Jas. Humphrey, lots 8 and 22, Columbian Park, Jun. —, $400.

Portland Lone Fir Cemetery Co. to Jas. Humphrey, lot 14, blk 26, cemetery, Feb 8, $30.

Portland Real Estate Co to J. G. Maddock, lot 5, blk 5, 2d Electric add March 19, $360.

Jesse Hudson and wife to F. C. Harper, 57 acres sec 28, 1 N, 4 E, Feb 3, $2000.

T. H. Masterson to S. E. Evans, N W ¼ of N W ¼ sec 7, 1 S, 5 E, Oct 15, 1888, $400.

Tabitha Pollett and wife to C. A. Pollett, W 40 ft of lots 6, 7, blk 10, G. Hs. add, Feb 10, $1000.

F. M. Rinehart and wife to A. J. Owen, 24 39-100 acres sec 17, 1 S, 1 E, Dec 14, 1889, $24.93.

J. P. Menefee to Mary Denton, lot 16, blk 32, Multnomah, March 15, $700

T. J. Smith to L. Louis, lots 15, 16, blk 6, Menlo Park, Feb 26, $160.

Wm. Reid and wife to Portland & W Valley Ry Co, undiv 4-100 interest in a strip of land 26 ft wide lying 13 ft each side of P & W V Ry Co track, Dec 1, 1887; $601.

E. W. Bingham and wife to P & W V Ry Co, parcel of land in blk 4, Southern Portland, July 28, 1888; $600.

J. P. Menefee to T. Dinneen, lot 15, blk 32, Multnomah, March 15, $1.03.

J. B. Kennedy and wife to Portland Trust Co, lot 7, blk 72, city, March 6, $16.60

C. P. Hogue to Thomas Davis, lot 2, blk 4, Albina add, Oct 15, 1889 $650.

M. E. Thompson and wife to Annie Keene, lots 15 and 17, blk 36, Multnomah, Feb. 15, $60.

Jos. Burchard and wife to M. E. Freeman, lots 7, 8, blk 162, E Portland, March 18, $5500.

BOND FOR DEED.

T. H. Smith to Margaret Cree, lots 64, 65, 66, 67, Palatine Hill No. 2, March 19; $480.

J. C. Bavely to H. A. Clark et al, blk 32, Woodstock, Jan 14; $6020.

J. C. Bavely to C F Boggs, lot 4, blk 37, Woodstock, Jan 31, $650.

THE JARVIS INQUEST CASE.

PORTLAND, March 19.—[To THE EDITOR.]—With many of the bar of this city, I have been pained by the articles appearing recently in the columns of THE OREGONIAN, criticising the decisions of the supreme court made in certain criminal causes, and apparently reflecting upon the motives of the distinguished lawyers composing that tribunal.

Sensible as I am that these gentlemen are occupying their positions at large personal sacrifice, and that their especial reward is the approbation of the bar, recognizing the absurdity of supposing that any judge would intentionally embody in the reports a number of opinions to be handed down to posterity, which might cause a reflection upon his intelligence or his integrity, and knowing also that the members of the court are precluded by their position, and by every sentiment of delicacy, from uttering a word, I have thought it not improper to call your attention to some matters which may have escaped your observation.

Having been of counsel in a majority of these cases in both the lower and in the supreme court, I can with confidence say that these appeals would not have been taken but from a persuasion of error in the rulings of the trial judge.

This may not be so with the Olds case, which involved a life, but it is a fact that the opinion of the majority of the court in that case has received the approbation of one of the ablest illustrious of the federal judges upon this coast.

But most unaccountable is your criticism of the case of the State vs. Frank Jarvis. The trial of this cause in the low court fairly bristled with error, any one of which would have justified a reversal, and the statements in the opinion which you misread and cite as evidences of "trunk mess" in the court simply recognize and apply an undisputable rule of law.

Where two persons unite in the commission of a crime, each is of course an accomplice of the other. By the rule of the common law a conviction could be legally and upon the unsupported testimony of an accomplice, though juries were invariably cautioned against such course, by a statute of this state, as in most of the American states, such evidence must receive corroboration.

Jarvis was indicted for rape. He was convicted of incest by the verdict of the jury overthrowing the theory of violence, and demonstrating that the act, if committed, was voluntary upon the part of both the defendant and the prosecutrix. The woman was therefore an accomplice and her statements must be corroborated.

The distinguished counsel for the state will hardly say that this decision is counter to the current of authority. Indeed, it states the accepted rule of law.

The supreme court may be "the prisoner's hope," but it must be remembered that the founders of our commonwealth devised a right of appeal in criminal causes, after a recognition of the deficiency of the English system, a decent which was rendered memorable by countless instances of erroneous and irremediable conviction.

Your allusion to Iago reminds me that I have seen more than one conviction upon evidence less convincing than that which caused the taking off of the unfortunate Desdemona.

ALFRED F. SEARS, JR.

PERSONAL RECOLLECTIONS AND IMPRESSIONS

Of five years in Washington City is the subject of a most interesting and humorous lecture by Rev. E. S. Chapman, D. D., of Oakland, Cal., to be given in Calvary Presbyterian church, corner Ninth and Clay streets, Tuesday evening, 25th inst. This lecture is very highly spoken of. All should hear it.

CARD OF THANKS.

I hereby extend my kindest thanks to the people of Oregon City, Aurora, Canby and vicinities for their attentions, kind treatment and gratefulness to my brother, Thomas L. Fletcher, during his first and last illness and funeral at Canby, Oregon, March 9, 1890. Yours sincerely, E. H. FLETCHER.

BRIEF MENTION.

E. Tomlinson has a lot of fine horses for sale at Maggon Bros', corner Third and Madison.

H. Sinsheimer, 214 First street, corner Salmon, is sole agent for the best instruments in the world, Steinway & Sons, Chickering & Sons, Vose & Sons, Decker & Son's pianos and Burdett organs, all sold on easy installments.

Only a Few Days More.

Don't forget that lots in Rosedale addition to Astoria will be $20 a lot on and after the 25th of March; 16 lots $180. 49 First street, W. Reidt, M'g'r.

ITALIAN PRUNE TREES.

An exceptionally fine lot; also a fine line of fruit trees at the Jewett nursery, White Salmon, Wash. Orders may be left with Mark Levy, Portland, Or.

CHILDREN'S KILT SUITS.

Big lot at low prices; also knee pants, Jersey suits, children's caps, at Kohn's, corner Second and Morrison.

The Limited Fast Mail

On the Union Pacific consumes but seventy hours from Portland to Chicago, which is the fastest time ever made from the Pacific coast. Ticket office 81 First street, corner of Oak.

Lower Than the Lowest.

The Canadian Pacific are now selling first-class limited tickets through to Chicago for $57, second $34. Office, No. 6 Washington street.

The New York is the best restaurant this side of the Rocky mountains. It is patronized by the best people in the city.

The town is growing south.

SPRING SUITS

Our new stock arrived week before last, but we think it useless to display it while Winter weather continues. We shall be glad, however, to show to any one who desires to inspect it, what we are satisfied is much the finest stock ever brought to this city. We carried none over from last year, and consequently our stock is entirely new, and contains everything desirable that the Eastern manufacturers have produced for the season of 1890.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

Just received by express, the latest novelties. There is a decided change in styles this year. You should inspect our goods before purchasing.

BAR COATS.

Our new stock of Bar Coats is now complete. White Duck, plain and fancy trimmed, various styles of Collars. Also Fancy Flannels.

HATS.

Latest Spring Styles In Stiff and Crushers. Also Novelties in Men's and Boys' Steamer Caps.

L. Rosenthal

The Leading Clothier, Hatter, and Merchant Tailor of the Northwest.

A. FELDENHEIMER
LEADING JEWELER,
—LARGEST STOCK OF—
Diamonds + Watches + Jewelry
IN THE NORTHWEST.
Jewelry of All Descriptions Manufactured to Order.
COUNTRY TRADE SOLICITED.
A. FELDENHEIMER
Cor. First and Morrison Sts., Portland, Or.

BECK, THE JEWELER!
Front and Morrison,
Opposite Esmond and St. Charles Hotels.
★ Headquarters for All American Watches ★

FIRE HOSE
FIRE HOSE
BELTING
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W. F. BOWERS & CO.,
91 AND 93 FRONT STREET.

Moore
CRAYON ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER,
SUCCESSOR TO
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29 Washington St., Portland, Or.
Duplicate Copies of Abell's old Negatives supplied at Greatly REDUCED RATES.

BLUMAUER-FRANK DRUG CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
Cor. Fourth and Morrison Sts.,
PORTLAND, - - - - - - - - OREGON

A Trip to the Tropical Sandwich Islands
Can be made via San Francisco within four weeks, steamers of the Oceanic Steamship Company, models of marine architecture, sail twice a month.
Special Excursion Tickets, good for three months, at reduced rates.
Apply to G. S. TAYLOR, Ticket Agent, Union Ticket Office, First and Oak streets.

WE DYE TO LIVE—PORTLAND STEAM Dye Works, WEINGARTNER & CO., proprietors, 209 Third st. All kinds of dyeing and cleaning done in first-class style. Cleaning repairing and dyeing gents' clothing a specialty. WE AND LIVE TO DIE. 12mlm

CORNS, BUNIONS AND INGROWnails treated by Dr. A. S. Bernst

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, MARCH 20.

THE ARGUMENT FOR IRELAND.

The lecture of John Boyle O'Reilly was a very pleasing, but on the whole, disappointing performance. To an intelligent American, familiar with the history of Ireland, both past and present Mr O'Reilly's lecture was disappointing because it utterly failed to state the real argument of the Irish case the appeals to the American and the Irishman who has read the speeches of Gladstone and watched the course of Parnell The trouble with Mr O Reilly is that in his heart he does not belong to the best school of orators for Irish freedom He cannot help showing that he is in deeper sympathy with Tone and the martyrs of 1798, with Emmet, Mitchel O Brien and Meagher who stirred the silly feeble spirit of insurrection in 1848, with the Manchester martyrs of 1867, and with the Irish nihilists of to-date than he is with the great Irish men, who, from the days of Swift and Queen Anne to those of O'Connell and Victoria, have been the truest friends of Ireland, winning within the law by peaceful constitutional agitation all that England has granted her in shape of better government Swift Edmund Burke Flood Curran Grattan O'Connell and Parnell united by the great Englishmen Fox Earl Grey Peel Sydney Smith Macaulay Brighton's bishops and Gladstone are the men who have in succession accomplished all that has been wrought for the redemption of Ireland

Swift, in his Draper Letters with terrible sarcasm and unanswerable irony made a sketch of the social and political basis of a free Ireland that made every conscientious Englishman shudder and hang down his head in shame Burke nailed the awful anti-catholic code of William Queen Anne and he first two Georges to the cross of public infamy Grattan and Flood forced England to grant Ireland a domestic legislature O Connell was the genius of the struggle that ended in 1829 with the grant of Catholic emancipation Parnell is but a modern disciple of O'Connell's philosophy of conscious political agitation for redress within constitutional lines of action, and Gladstone finally became his English coadjutor even as Fox helped Burke and Grattan to victory and the magnificent triumph of home rule Every thing that was accomplished by these great men for Ireland was won without insurrection, without firing those random shots of useless hopeless rebellion that sent to the scaffold and into exile some of the noblest Irishmen that ever lived Grattan O'Connell and Curran were all outspoken against the rising of 1798 and Emmet's crazy insurrection of 1803 The influence of O'Connell was so great that he prevented any resort to physical force from the death of Emmet until 1848 when his own death left the young Ireland' party free to practice folly without stint One of the axioms of Parnell's followers, Justin Macarthy, makes it perfectly clear that whenever Ireland has been persuaded to abandon the profound policy of Grattan Burke O'Connell and Parnell for that of physical force, no reckless and hopeless sally resorted to by Tone, Emmet their feeble imitators of 1848 and by the latter day Fenians and dynamite and dagger nihilists Ireland has gained nothing and lost much

Separated from its accidents and coincidents the Irish situation to day stands for a peaceless and determined constitutional struggle for the grant of home rule which the English colonial dependencies of Canada and Australia enjoy Home rule that Austrian granted to Hungary home rule that Belgium enjoys in the United States Mr Parnell's argument for the grant of home rule when he brushes aside all Mr O'Reilly's eloquent pictures of ancient Ireland before the Norman conquest as contrasted with the woeful condition under Elizabeth Cromwell, William Anne and the Georges and says that while Irish independence is unpracticable since geography makes it a political necessity that England should hold Ireland or Ireland possess England she ertheless that England is bound when she assumes to govern Ireland to give her a just and humane government according to the definition of the descent populations of mankind Of course any other position than this would be utterly untenable for a loyal English statesman and any other counsel, which holds out to hot headed Irishmen the prospect of absolute national independence of England is not only ill-timed out immoral and insane England is no more open to criticism for conquering Ireland than William the Norman was for conquering England or the original English colonists of New England and Virginia for conquering the Indian and taking this land The English title to Ireland is just as good as the title of the United States to the American occupies The just indictment of England to day is not the weakness of her title to Ireland but the fact that from the accession of William the Third in 1688 to the accession of William the Fourth in 1830 England did not discharge her moral duty by Ireland and give her that just and humane government without which a people can be neither happy nor prosperous

Mr O Reilly in distinction from Gladstone and Parnell does not view Ireland with the eye of a statesman, but with that of a poet. He argues the case of Ireland exactly as Wendell Phillips did, who would in the murderous nihilism that only made a bad matter worse whether he found it in Ireland or Russia. Of course to Phillips this was easy enough, but the testimony of history is all against the policy of trying to force a reform by the dagger It failed in Rome with Brutus failed in France with Ravaillac and Charlotte Corday failed in Holland with Gerard failed in England with Felton failed in America with Booth failed in Ireland with Joe Blake The disappointment caused by Mr O'Reilly's lecture is that he fails to uphold the hands of Parnell and Gladstone, because of his implied sympathy with a school of Irish agitators who have always by their crimes and folly stood in Ireland's best light and made the really illustrious and judicious Irish statesman grieve Ireland is not a nation to-day and she was not a nation at the time of the Norman conquest for had she been really a nation she would have made a better fight, and she is no likely to be a nation until England ceases to be That Ireland has been the birthplace of many illustrious men is indeniable but this fact no more assures her for the future a place among the great nations of the earth than the fact that Virginia was the 'mother of presidents' served to maintain her in the front rank of the states of our Union Home rule Ireland is sure to get within a few years but beyond that Ireland's chance of absolute independence of England rests upon the baseless fabric of visionary aspiration and prediction

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The generous man rejoices to see his neighbors learn a useful lesson from his own errors and follies It is a pleasure to see that the state of Washington has learned a useful lesson from the stupid fiscal policy of Oregon. The debate in the Olympia senate upon the revenue bill last night revealed a strong and intelligent sentiment against the taxation of credits and the excessive taxation of foreign corporations doing business in the state Washington has learned in one year of existence an elementary truth of fiscal science which thirty years of experience has not taught Oregon to wit, that taxes on credits are paid by the borrower, and that taxes on business are paid by the seller. If you tax a mortgage, the lender adds the tax to the interest If you tax an assurance company, it adds the amount to the premiums If you tax foreign capital coming into the state to develop its resources, the capitalist will get the amount of the tax out of the people of the state or take it where he can Too Washington senators are to be congratulated upon their intelligent perception of these truths. If the people of Oregon had been as clear sighted for the last thirty years the state would be more prosperous The Washington senators call us stupid and semi barbarous in fiscal matters It is not agreeable to be called hard names under any circumstances It is particularly disagreeable when the hard names fit like the paper on the wall

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THE NEW TARIFF BILL

The country is now in possession of the most important schedules of the new tariff bill excepting those for cotton iron glass flax and hemp, and such few changes are likely to be made in these except a reduction in the duty on steel rails which will affect neither the price nor the revenue since we make steel rails now cheaper than England can and the indefensible increase in the duty on tin plate The changes may be summed up in a few words The duty on wool is increased about 10 per cent with a proportionate but not equal increase on manufactures of wool The latter increase is an entirely unnecessary concession to the Eastern manufacturers to enable them to make cloth out of domestic wool at a profit in spite of their distance from the source of the raw material and the domestic market Its only effect is to make the consumer pay needless freight charges This increase will tend to decrease the revenue by limiting importations but nobody can say how much The sugar tariff is reduced 40 per cent not enough but better than nothing This will cut off nearly thirty millions of revenue unless the sugar trust keeps prices so high as to encourage importations

The tariff on building lumber is cut down half, except as to imports from countries which levy an export duty on logs The chief items affected by this reduction are sawed lumber and manufactures of wood of which we imported in 1887 about $5 000 000 and $1 000 000 worth respectively It is doubtful if this reduction will reduce the revenue at the outset It is likely to stimulate importations from Canada until American lumbermen meet the competition with reduced prices The reduction is in the interest of the consumer It is intended like the increase in the duty on agricultural products to make the bill popular with the Western farmer This change will be most effective in the northern belt of country from the Atlantic to the head of the Mississippi river where the American white pine is nearly exhausted and the wants of consumers in the Eastern cities and on the Western prairies can be most cheaply supplied from Canada On this coast we can probably compete successfully with British Columbia even with a one dollar duty

The provisions schedule has been remodeled in the interest of the farming class A new duty has been laid on nearly every product of the farm from horses and hides to purses and eggs Some of these articles were previously upon the free list and whatever duty is collected from them will be added to the revenue The most important items are horses and mules on which the duty is increased from 20 to 25 per cent, and the importations of which in 1887 reached nearly $5 000 000 barley increased from 10 to 30 cents per bushel of which we imported 16 000 000 bushels hides taken from free list and made to pay 15 cents per pound of which we imported nearly $4 000 000 worth, and fruits on which the duty is nearly doubled and of which we imported some $12 000 000 in 1887 Some of these increases will reduce importations and so check the tendency to increase receipts from duties but the general effect of the changes in the provision schedule will be an increase of revenue It is clear that in this part of the bill at least the main object of revenue reduction has been lost sight of and the interest of the taxpayer and the consumer made secondary to that of the producer However protection is to be the rule the Western farmer and ranchman the Oregon wool grower and the California fruit-grower should share its benefits with the New England and Pennsylvania manufacturer

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FATAL INSUBORDINATION

A difference between a West Virginia school teacher and a pupil a boy of 16 a few days ago, resulted fatally to the latter The offense of the youth was a trifling one that of being late to school and upon being reprimanded by the teacher he retired for reinforcements These appeared in the person of the boy's father and two neighbors and in the struggle that ensued the refractory pupil was fatally stabbed and his father the teacher and several others were seriously injured

An event of this kind is a reminder of a feature of a very primitive age, wherein 'the master" was looked upon as the natural enemy of the 'big boys' and the latter made common cause against him as a tyrant whenever opportunity offered The stern New England fathers were the allies of the school masters in these contests but in the West and South where learning was not held in such repute as in New England, the father not infrequently espoused the quarrel of the boy and the latter was encouraged in acts of insubordination that made the master's life a burden for a time and finally led to his abandonment of the school

Reasonable intelligent parents have long ago settled the question of trouble between the teacher and his pupils at school in favor of the former The teacher nine times out of ten perhaps ninety nine times out of a hundred though he may err in judgment or in methods is in the right in any conflict with a pupil Impudence is the ready weapon which the big boy 'untutored in obedience punctuality or politeness at home, draws in self defense when the teacher insists upon his complyance with the rules upon these points necessary to the successful government of a school It is one of the few offenses that can neither be ignored nor tolerated by the teacher He must meet and conquer it or abandon his school after a few weeks more or less of vain struggle with the insubordination that it begets Such conditions once the rule in what was known as district schools' may now be regarded as the exception though that they still exist is sufficiently proven by an occasional report from outlying districts like this one in West Virginia

As a rule parents who turn a willing and sympathetic ear to the grievances of their children relative to their treatment at school live to regret their mistake The unguverned boy becomes an ungovernable man as surely as boys become men Whether parental obtuseness hows itself in causing the arrest of the teacher for the exercise of proper discipline upon the indolent insolent or laggard pupil or his arraignment before a tribunal where the portrayal of his accuser or accusers in the instance above noted, it calls in the help of the neighbors and visits the teacher for the purpose of inflicting retaliatory punishment upon him, the effect is the same upon the boy It puts him, in his own estimation, in the light of the injured party justifies his unruly conduct and paves the way for future misdemeanors that are likely, at least, to lead to much more serious results than those which the teacher honestly strove to avert

The gates of future transgression were suddenly closed for this West Virginia lad but the result of parental championship of untruly pupils is not often so quickly decisive as in this case The usual results is to open these gates and leave the culprit free to pursue the path to which they lead Th New England boy who was afraid to report at home a punishment inflicted upon him in school, being certain that it would be duplicated with interest by his father presents a somewhat desolate picture of boyhood to the imagination of a more sympathetic age but he represented a type of manhood a few years later that took the lead in public affairs and had no words to waste in pleading the cause of irresponsibility arrogance and disobedience to law which cost the nation so orderly Respect for law and deference to duly constituted authority are the distinguishing elements of good citizenship the foundations of which are laid in the homes and schools of a nation though the compelling force of obedience to the authorities of these

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A CONTEMPLATED POLAR EXPEDITION

Several years have elapsed since the surveyors of the Lena expedition rescued by relief ships sent out by the United States government returned starving and emaciated to their homes The tale of suffering which they told with pallid lips and hollow eyes spoken end by the discovery that the bodies of their comrades who had died of starvation were being devoured by their own hungry companions But for this cannibal resource would have been lost In the face of this testimony advent ure turned its eager eyes away from the frozen North which had long held for it such weird attraction and in the port of Archangel exploration was resumed

Lately, however it shows signs of renewed awakening and this likely that a new polar expedition will be planned the coming summer The Norwegians seem naturally from their traditions as well as from their geographical position to have been constant in their determination to explore the mysterious of the frozen North and a recent report from the capital of that nation tells of a lecture upon Arctic exploration by Dr Nansen before the crown prince and the Norwegian Geographical Society that awakened much interest in the subject Dr Nansen is known as a bold explorer who crossed Greenland about a year ago in the interest of science and he now proposes if properly encouraged to penetrate from the Lena to the Atlantic by way of Behring strait He thinks the Jeannette was on the right track when she lost the easter and but for this that she would have accomplished triumphantly what she set out to do As a curious and interesting confirmation of this theory he cites the finding of a pair of oil skin trousers marked with the name of one of the crew of the Jeannette on the southwest coast of Greenland carried thither by the ocean current from the North Other drift evidently from Siberia and Alaska has been found near the same spot showing Dr Nansen believes a continuous current past the pole and toward the Greenland coast He is confident that these oil skin trousers inside the voyage that their owner hoped to make to them actually rounding the north pole and making the fabled northwest passage

Whether wisdom could pass the ice may be doubted Certainly the experience of the Jeannette is contrary to the supposition but it should But Dr Nansen proposes to get around the difficulty by building a ship with sloping sides that the ice will not crush and to trust to the currents He proposes to enter the Arctic seas through Behring's strait pass Wrangel Island and sail toward the New Siberian Island Then he says we must steer northward where the blocked in ice ceases and the stream would bring the expedition into open water and made to pass 81 cents per pound of which we imported nearly $4 000 000 worth, and fruits on which the duty is nearly doubled and of which we imported some $12 000 000 in 1887 Some of these increases will reduce importations and so check the tendency to increase receipts from duties but the general effect of the changes in the provision schedule will be an increase of revenue It is clear that in this part of the bill at least the main object of revenue reduction has been lost sight of and the interest of the taxpayer and the consumer made secondary to that of the producer However protection is to be the rule the Western farmer and ranchman the Oregon wool grower and the California fruit-grower should share its benefits with the New England and Pennsylvania manufacturer

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The man who blows out the gas has a rival He stopped over night recently at a hotel in a Michigan city and the smell of burning cloth prompted a search for fire After rapping up several of the night watchmen approached his room with a pass key only to discover that the door was bolted on the inside Being William Hodge a well known actor he was not disturbed and left the sleeper to his slumbers but when he had not appeared at breakfast time the door was broken in and the sleeper found dead in bed with a pair of trousers burning merrily on the gas jet

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President Harrison meets exactly what he said when he issued his proclamation warning the boomers out of the Cherokee outlet Four bodies of troops marching from different points on the boundary of the territory are converging upon the settlements of the boomers to remove forcibly all who remain in defiance of the order It is doubtful whether the demonstration of the boomers has much advanced the opening of the territory The spectacle of their expulsion by the troops will encourage the Indians in their extravagant demands and perhaps increase the difficulties in the way of the legal opening of the outlet

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The gods seem to have determined upon the cast iection of the young German emperor His choice for the chancellorship as one of his field marshals His reliance for support in the reichstag is upon a coalition of conservatives and imperialists His power will rest upon various mediæval tripod the union of the king the corporations of the church and the brute force of the army This might have done two centuries ago but it is a shaky foundation for dominion in the western Europe of to day There are evil days before young William there is more struggle coming for the German people

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Revolutionary wrongs are fast dying out The number of those on the pension roll at the first of the year was but two thirds the number of those on the roll 97 years old The seven survivors of Vermont Anne Marsh Largie Perkins Virginia and Susan Cutts of Maine The only surviving soldiers of the war of 1812 whose position on the pension rolls dated from the beginning of June 1 1812 to the end of February 1815 Two years ago there were 14 of these veterans of 1812 on the pension roll Last December, as the records show there were but seven Two years before she was born

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The first bit of discouraging news to relation to the Nicaragua canal comes from Greytown It is reported that the construction company is reducing its engineering force and that the work of constructing a breakwater is largely arrested With the history of the Panama enterprise before them the public will be perhaps over ready to believe stories unfavorable to the Nicaragua canal It is most earnestly to be hoped that they have no foundation in fact

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A retired sea captain of Louisville Ky aged 70 years eloped with a young widow a few days ago to spite his children The object of the children who are of course all grown and settled in life consisted in thimbleriggling the aged ex shipper was too old to marry and it meant that he re-entered with as much fervid indignation as the youthful lover upon his purest task to be thwarted upon his matrimonial intentions by mercenary children

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PERSONS WORTH KNOWING ABOUT

Senator Vance says the North Carolina product of the gold per cent discovery of the gold mines in California than all other States put together

J D Christie who publishes "A Working Man's Reply to Prof Huxley in the current Nineteenth Century is a mason cook and confectioner in Edinburgh

Dr Brown Sequard is not discouraged by the sudden collapse of his life elixir sensation He is still engaged in manufacturing the elixir and professes boundless faith in it.

Mr W G Beale who is Minister Lincoln's business associate in Chicago thinks that the death of Mr Lincoln's son will cause him to resign and come home as soon as the diplomatic affairs of his office will permit

Colonel Percy B Heath, a journalist of Indiana and author of A Hoosier in Russia has been invited by the Russian government to accompany the Duke Alexis commander of the army and heir apparent on a trip through Siberia.

General Longstreet of Georgia says that he has not been treated well by President Harrison. Longstreet expected a cabinet position and has not had even a letter telling him how hard it is to be in the cold 'outside the breastworks'

William Lloyd Garrison is tall and slim and gray and bald He has amassed a considerable competence out of wool and is of a decidedly literary turn of mind He has a weak voice which mars the effect of his public speeches.

General Nelson B Miles, in command of the division of the Pacific will leave for the West shortly but before he goes he will make a tour of the gun making establishments of the Atlantic coast for the purpose of studying modern methods of gunnery

Edward Everett Hale in the course of a sermon which he preached in New York last Sunday insisted that the humblest manual laborer equally with his brother man whose career abounds with the highest achievements of the intellect has a right to and ought to regard himself as a fellow worker with God."

Tamagno, the tenor, who is soon to appear in New York with Lily Ables Grau Opera Company, was a beggage porter before his remarkable powers of voice were revealed He does not favor his former craft, however when he is on his travels. If a porter demands what he regards as too much for carrying his trunk he calmly shoulders it himself with all his old time skill.

Among notable American residents at Berlin is the venerable author and historian, Theodore Sedgwick Fay who was secretary of legation and charge d affaires at the court of Prussia from 1837 to 1853. Subsequently he held the post of United States minister to Switzerland but resigned at the outbreak of the rebellion Notwithstanding his 82 years of age, he is still in vigorous mental and physical condition

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Personal Mention.

A F Sears, jr went to Salem yesterday on legal business

W B Kettenbach a banker, of Lewiston Idaho, is at the St. Charles.

Captain E H Jefferson has returned from a trip to San Francisco

G A. Wagner, of Corvallis, clerk of the state railway commission is at the St. Charles.

Mr George B. Small of the Baker City *Democrat*, and Mr. J. D. Smith, sheriff of Baker county, arrive over the Northern yesterday en route for home from a trip to the leading points of interest on Puget sound

Ex-Governor Miles C Moore of Walla Walla, is spending a few days in the city He has taken quarters at the Charles.

Ed Holman manager of the Cremore theater, San Francisco returned to the Bay City by the last steamer He was a guest of Mr John Lotcher while in the city

Mr W A Wilcox formerly of the Oregon National bank returned from the Bay City much improved in health He intends to proceed to Port Townsend and engage in business.

Mr J F Fargo of THE OREGONIAN staff returned on Tuesday from a flying trip to New York and Washington He says Oregon suits him well enough, even if it does rain there occasionally

Charles Kohn the well known wholesale liquor dealer left for San Francisco by the next steamer on his way to Prague Germany, to visit his father whom he has not seen for twenty five years How long he goes about six months.

W L Colvig, representing the New Bakergun, and a great many other gentlemen are spending a few days here on business He is also traveling correspondent for several Eastern sporting journals, which keeps him pretty busy in getting on foot many knowing items

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Passengers Due in Portland.

OVERLAND

Northern Pacific—Jas Sykes Mont March 1 Miss Fay M Lamb A W McDonald Mrs [illegible] Hugh J Dwyer Arthur H Cashwell Hudson McBean, P S Flanders J J Dwyer C Tiller J B Nobles and Lewis Gilman and wife H L Hall C L Gage and fifty three second class

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Ins Coast from San Francisco

STEAMER

The steamer Oregon scheduled since last night to arrive from San Francisco with the following cabin passengers Mrs Mary Brownlee H G Hogue Miss Hogue Miss Belle Hogue William Hogue Miss Lillie Hogue Miss Lizzie Hogue Miss Mary Hogue Miss Lillie Hogue Miss Nell

MUNICIPAL DADS.

ar Conference of the City Law Makers.

MATTERS CONSIDERED

Hunt Sub-Committee Are ng Along With the Work.

SUCCESSFUL TRIAL TRIP

White House Road--Southern Pacific Open to Riddles--Experimenting With a Dynamo.

members of the common council t last evening when Mayor Do called the meeting to order, but itor Matthews had got through ng the petitions, they had all ar taken their seats.

yor formally notified the council nd appointed Messrs. Showers Farrell a building committee for ail.

HEY WOULDN'T INCREASE IT.

the proper head Scoggin intro- esolution for increasing the build- mittee to five, and directing the appoint two additional members. id that committees usually con- three members. He thought it be worth while to make this con- e, as the more members there were wrangling there would be and the done.

r said if two members were to be the committee he would move that pointed from citizens outside of il.

ard—The more members there the committee the more talk and here would be. If the present com- oved incompetent, turn them out int others. It was not advisable members outside of the council. ail would have to bear the respon- n the matter and the committee e councilmen.

block said the city hall matter was st proposition the council had and he thought there was business bout it to need five men.

with his usual sagacity remarked e was $500,000 to be expended which ht was enough to give five men a

otion to adopt the resolution was vote of six to three and the com- ands as originally appointed.

MORE ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

said he had heard that there were s to having the city jail connected city hall. He thought that was the lace for it, and would like to know ilding committee had had the mat r consideration.

rs said there had been objections having a jail under the hall, and mittee were figuring on placing it ng of the building. Consultation architect would be necessary before er could be settled. Woodward said poor idea to have a jail under the

l said it was the intention o have it g if possible.

ayor asked what had been done in o selling bonds for the city hall.

ward said the bonds were being

The committee would meet forth- d advertise the bonds for sale at once y would be completed and ready for tion in about twenty days.

nection with this matter Gerdes in- a resolution defining the specifica- e building committee should furnish tects and general instructions for mittee in regard to how to build a , which was referred to the building ttee.

ANOTHER MOTOR LINE.

dinance was introduced by Hoyt au- g the City and West Portland Park Company to build and operate a ine from the city limits east on Third to South Front, thence to Whitaker nd on that street to South Front The ordinance was read twice.

THE GARBAGE CREMATOR.

s introduced an ordinance providing payment of $100 a month to M. ch out of the general fund, being wance stipulated for his maintaining ge crematory, and moved to have it under suspension of the rules.

ward objected to the passage of the ce until an investigation had been s it had been stated to him that the on of affairs at the crematory was a and disgrace, and as much worse e old dumping ground as anything e.

es said if scavengers dumped garbage the county road it was their Burle- faults.

ell said he had visited the crematory l and thought there was something d on both sides of the question. He t the matter ought to be laid over e committee on health and police in- d to investigate and report at the meeting.

ner visited the crematory last fall d also walked out there a few days The state of affairs along the road be- the city limits was simply a scandalous, d being lined with garbage. He did ow how to fix it. His opinion is ice had always been that it was too

dward said that the crematory was the city limits and the city had no over the scavengers after they got the city.

endieck said Burlebach complained could not get enough garbage to the crematory going. He wanted But the scavengers won't dump it the road.

r some further discussion, the matter ferred to the committee on health and to report at next meeting.

CITY ELECTRICIAN ELECTED.

ell said an ordinance had been passed time since providing for a city electri- o have superintendence of all electric trung along the streets of the city. ved that they now proceed to elect ician by ballot.

nes said it would be well to nominate mercial candidates, and Gerdes accord- nominated A. J. Coffee and Scoggin ated P. F. Morey.

ballot was spread and there were s cast for Coffee, 1 for Morey and 1 and Mr. Coffee, having received a ity of the votes cast, was declared duly l.

COLONIZING THE CHINESE.

or DeLashmutt called attention to t that the authorities of San Francisco assed an ordinance to remove Chi- to certain prescribed limits. He ot looked into the matter but thought n ordinance might conflict with treaty ns with China. The matter was worth g into and if it were possible to re- the Chinese nuisance from the heart business portion of the city it ought done. He suggested that a committee be appointed to look into the sub- conjunction with the city attorney.

dner asked how it would be possible to e a nuisance by committing a nuisance e other part of the city.

or DeLashmutt said he was in doubt as ther the city had power to remove the

HE RECKONS WELL

Who Buys Lots in Highland Park

WHY? Because Highland Park is nearer the center of the city than any property (full-sized lots) sold on the installment plan---only 15 minutes ride on the Vancouver Motor, fare 5 cents, and it is high, sightly and healthy.

BECAUSE of the great saving in wood, water, interest and taxes. What can be harder on a man when he is striving to get a home than these heavy expenses---anything harder don't exist. Hundreds know these facts well; many know the economy of a home in Highland Park. You have but to prove these facts and you'll want this property. The best way is---see it. Free fare. Lots $200 to $375. $10 down; $10 monthly; no interest; no taxes.

RIGGEN & HOLBROOK, Agents - - - - - - - - - 48 Stark Street

Lots in Highland Park | Lots in Highland Park

THE DEEP SEA RESCUING STEAMER GEORGE E. BENCE

Is not lost, as reported, but is visiting Puget Sound. That ground not proving satisfactory she will return to Astoria. So will investors, who, remembering that there never has been and that there never will be but

ONE ASTORIA

On the Pacific Coast, from New York to Orleans, to San Francisco, to Astoria, the Southern Pacific route, connecting the Atlantic with the Pacific Ocean. Investors are buying, to our satisfaction, in Berry's Astoria, Hanthorn's Astoria and Extension to Railway Addition. Why? Because they are the cheapest buys in the market. Joins city limits.

Call or Write The Astoria Real Estate & Trust Company, Northeast Cor. First and Alder Sts., Portland, Oregon.

ASTORIA | ASTORIA

change or not. He supposed the city of San Francisco had thoroughly examined the question. If it was possible that the Chinese could be removed it ought to be done. He knew they would be a nuisance if removed, but they would not be so great a nuisance anywhere else as where they are.

Gerdes dryly remarked that this matter ought to be looked after, as there was an election coming off in June. They were making up the matter in San Francisco, and the election did not come off there till September. On motion of Castendieck, the mayor was instructed to appoint a committee of three, and he appointed the judiciary committee, Messrs. Gerdes, Woodward and Lownsdale.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Woodward asked to be excused from three or four meetings, as he was going out of the city. On motion, he was excused.

LEASING THE TUG.

Robert McIntosh submitted a proposition to lease the city tug Louisa Vaughn.

Gerdes said they had leased her once and received second best. Woodward said he had had enough of that sort of thing, and on motion the communication was placed on file. Adjourned.

HIT AND COMPARED NOTES.

How the Fast Committees Are Progressing with the Work of Securing Subscriptions.

The chairmen of the various committees which have been soliciting subscriptions to the Belt railroad bonds, met yesterday forenoon at the rooms of the Board of Trade and compared notes. A great deal of work has been done, the results of which are not positively known, but the sum of $1,300,000 has been signed, and there is a lot more in sight. The gentlemen present at the meeting seemed to have no doubts as to the requisite amount being raised, but only discussed the shortest way of raising it. They relented to experiences with a number of wealthy citizens, and figured on how much certain ones ought to give, and from their talk there is some fun as well as lots of hard work in serving on committees. After discussing the situation for some time, they acted out with renewed vigor to resume operations, it being the generally expressed opinion that when they had reached a certain amount, Messrs. Jacob Kamm, W. K. Smith and Dr. Gilsan could be depended upon to make up the deficiency.

ANOTHER ELECTRIC ROAD.

Successful Trial Trip Made Over the Washington-Street Line Yesterday.

In response to invitations from Mr. G. B. Hyde, president of the Multnomah Street Railway Company, a large number of prominent citizens were present at the power house of the company at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, to take a ride over the company's line on Washington and B streets, from First street to the city park, on the first electric car run by the company.

Promptly at the appointed time the power was turned on and the car moved gracefully and easily up the ascent from the power house east, and was soon at First street. The car was then run back up the line and switched to the park. From here the party returned to the power house at Thirteenth street, and upon invitation of the management made a tour of inspection of the admirable and convenient plant of the company. Expressions of gratification and surprise were heard from all who participated in the trial trip, among whom were Robert James Steel, of the Second street, and Superintendent Campbell, of the St. Johns electric lines, both of whom congratulated the officers of the company upon the successful inauguration of the new system of rapid transit.

It will be several days yet, probably a week, before the cars are put on for regular trips. There will be ten of them on the road, and they are expected to leave First and Washington every two minutes.

WORK ON THE CLAN MACKENZIE.

The First of the Big Steel Plates Fitted in Yesterday--Construction of a Machine Shop.

The work of repairing the Clan Mackenzie is progressing rapidly, and promises to be finished before the time specified in the contract.

The blacksmith, with his helpers, is ever busy at the forge, on board the Whitelaw, and many more men are following the scriptural injunction by "earning their bread by the sweat of their brow," at work on the damaged bows, that are now rendered free from water by reason of the cofferdam for a considerable distance back. The last of the broken and jagged plating was removed yesterday, and machinists are drilling the many additional holes; the first of the bolts were inserted during the afternoon, and will be ready for the riveters this morning. This plate once in, and all danger of the ship's sinking, through any water would lack only two feet of coming to the top of the sheeting.

Long strips of timber have been fastened across the ship to the stem, and are bending to the shape of the model, so that no trouble will be experienced in fitting the plates to the proper curve.

Carpenters, numbering ten or a dozen, are actively engaged in the erection of a roof that covers for a considerable space the lower floor of the wharf, and is held in place by the sides resting on the upper gangway of the dock. Under this temporary roofing will be fitted a machine shop, a riveters' and blacksmith shop, and men can prosecute the work with the necessary speed, regardless of rain or sunshine. An electric dynamo and the wires have also arrived and the machine will soon be placed in position. Two crews of workmen will then be established, and the approach of night will not interfere with the operations.

"The progress of the work will not commence to show up until about next Wednesday," said Captain Whitelaw to a reporter yesterday afternoon. "Then we will have at hand the big steam punch and shears, and no time will be lost in fitting the plates. To-day we will swing the ship's bow around, so as to bring it opposite the 'shop,' and not so much lifting by the derrick will be necessary and the steel plate can be let down more handily."

NEW WATER MAIN TO PALATINE HILL.

A Force of 125 Men at Work--A Muddy Road--Activities at the White House.

The White House road is in a terrible condition, and no improvement can be hoped for until the work of laying the water main is completed. This will yet take some time, and even after the main is laid, the road can not be put into proper shape in a few days. It will be more than the work of a day or a week, if done as it should be.

At present about 125 men are employed in digging trenches and laying pipes, while a force of twenty-five men keep in their wake repairing the road temporarily so that vehicles can pass. In another week the pipe will be connected with the pumping station, but there is still quite a section to put down at this end, to make connections with the mains in the city.

The White house promises to be a lively place during the coming summer. Mr. D. F. Smith, the proprietor of the hotel and lessee of the race track, intends to get the track in ship shape for the June races to be given by the Multnomah Driving Association. He will plow it up in a few days, and then harrow and roll it until he gets it into proper shape. There will be no base ball games at these grounds this summer.

The Abernethy homestead, embracing 160 acres, surrounding the race track and extending some distance along the river bank this way, is soon to be platted and sold in acre tracts by the syndicate of Portland business men, which recently purchased it.

The recent floods did considerable damage in washing away nearly five acres of good gilt edged real estate near the Milwaukie ferry landing.

A portion of the White house orchard on which were planted twenty-eight apple trees, two small buildings and about 200 feet of the wharf were included in the washout.

SILLY AND MENDACIOUS.

The Seattle "Post-Intelligencer" Does Not Act Fair in the Matter of Reporting Clearances.

Seattle is an energetic, wideawake and prosperous town, and the people of Portland view her growth and progress with the most friendly feelings and without any desire to decry them. These feelings, it is believed, are reciprocated by the people of Seattle, who are not responsible for, and who do not approve or uphold, such silly and mendacious statements as those made by the *Post-Intelligencer* of the 16th instant in regard to the transactions of the clearing houses of Seattle and Portland.

The *Post-Intelligencer* of that date says: "Bradstreets gives bank clearings for the week ending March 9 as follows:

Los Angeles	$ 778 232
Tacoma	749,486
Portland, Or.	709 885
Seattle	1,200,078
Portland, Me.	3,172,509

Bradstreets gives no such statement of clearings, but the figures given are tolerably correct with the trifling exception that a figure "1" is omitted at the left-hand of the amount of the clearances of Portland, which should read $1,769,831. The matter of a million dollars or so is not of much account to Portland, where the *bona fide* clearances often amount to over $2,000,000 per week, but a respectable journal, desiring to have the confidence of its readers, should not make such misstatements.

The statements of the Seattle clearing houses make a very favorable showing compared with those of Portland, without resorting to such palpable misstatements. It may be said, however, that the business of the Seattle clearing houses is not conducted on the same plan as that in use in the Portland clearing houses, and that the favorable comparative showing made by Seattle is due, to a considerable extent, to this plan.

In the Portland clearing houses all balances are settled daily by payments in cash, as is the case in most clearing houses.

In the Seattle clearing houses the balances are not paid in coin but are settled by check or order, and these checks are made to figure among the clearances of the next day. On the cards which clearing houses send to each other weekly with the statement of business transacted, there is a column for the amount of clearings and another for the amount of balances. This last column is not now filled in the cards sent by the Seattle clearing house to the Portland clearing house. The last one which came properly filled was for the week ending January 18. The clearances for that week were $874,473 28 and the balances amounted to $405,718 25, nearly fifty per cent of the whole amount of business. The checks for these balances being handed in next day increase the amount of apparent business by that amount, and this being repeated daily increases the amount of clearings.

HE FOUND THE "HIDDEN POTENCY."

What Came of Experimenting a Little With a Dynamo--A "Shocking" Episode.

A dynamo, such as is used to furnish electricity for operating a street railway, is like a young man from the fact that there is a hidden potency in it. Most people are content to admire the dynamo from a safe distance, and to let the potency remain concealed, but employes of electric companies have to cultivate a more intimate acquaintance with them and sometimes run across the potency when they are not looking for it.

A case in point happened at the power house of the Multnomah Street Railway Company a day or two since. The superintendent of an electric company was getting the big dynamos in running order. Almost everybody knows the electricity comes from the dynamos in sparks, and that these sparks are collected by a sort of brush. The superintendent was holding a brush to that part of the armature whence the electricity pours out, and one of the employes was holding another on the opposite side. Everything worked all right, and presently the employe laid down his brush and walked away. The superintendent was seized with a sudden desire to have both brushes applied to the armature again, so he reached over and picked up the other one and applied it, thus forming a circuit through himself. The first thing he knew he was pitched head first against the coils of the machine and was throwing his arms and legs around like an electrified skip jack. Fortunately he was able to let go and get away without being hurt, but he was spitting flakes of copper all day. The accident was the result of momentary forgetfulness, and the superintendent was much annoyed by it, and afraid the papers would get hold of it, for which reason his name is not given, but he will be designated as Mr. LeBlanche.

AGAIN OPEN TO RIDDLES.

Another Week Will Probably See Through Rail Connection to San Francisco.

The Southern Pacific will to-day again put on sale tickets to Riddles, connection between there and Myrtle creek having been temporarily interrupted the past few days.

Messrs. Kohler and Brandt reached West Fork at 2 P. M. yesterday, and were expected to complete their investigations so as to return home this afternoon on the regular train. Mr. J. B. Kirkland, local passenger agent of the road, says there is a gap of one mile only between West Fork and Glendale, and he confidently expects trains between this city and San Francisco to be running on schedule time, beginning Tuesday next. It is getting too late for more very violent storms, and no further trouble is apprehended.

NORTHERN PACIFIC OFFICIALS.

Their Contemplated Visit to Ashe rdes--New Ferry Line to Be Established.

Ashtrdes, March 17.--[Special Correspondence.]--Among the arrivals to-day were Captain F. Worth, of the United States Geodetic Survey Commission, Colonel H. Dougherty of California, and T. L. Coughlin of Oakland.

John McTavish met with an accident yesterday by a tree falling on him and crushing his shoulder. He is now receiving medical treatment.

The Bowman sawmill was completed this morning and started running about 2 o'clock, thus adding another business enterprise to the list of Anacortes.

A steam laundry will be started here shortly and the sooner the better, as loud complaints are being made about the difficulty of getting laundry work done--but Rome was not built in a day and all these necessary institutions here will undoubtedly come in time.

The establishment of a ferry between Anacortes and Guemes island is now an assured fact, Messrs. Thomas and Pyle having come forward to supply the want. It is the intention of these gentlemen to carry excursion parties as well as residents who may wish to inspect the romantic spots, which abound on Guemes island.

The Anacortes *Daily Progress*, a newsy little sheet of three columns, made its appearance to-day in an enlarged form and is a credit to the city.

Real estate took a fresh leap to-day and many important sales are recorded.

On dit, the Northern Pacific officials will be here Saturday to look over the situation.

T. J. E. S.

Only a Few Days More.

Don't forget that lots in Rosedale addition to Astoria will be $20 a lot on and after the 25th of March; 16 lots $180. 49 First street, W. Reidt, M'g'r. Open until 8 P. M.

Nervous headache cured by using Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills.

The town is growing south,

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY, March 19.

Merchandise received by rail: 20 cs clothing, 36 pkgs dry goods, 16 pkgs medicine, 12 pkg drugs, 12 cs hats, 7 cs boots and shoes, 27 pkgs glassware, 26 pkgs tobacco, 40 pkgs rubber goods, 3 cars buggies, 3 street cars, 1000 cs canned oysters, 1 car bar iron, 140 sks smoked meats, 1 car machinery, 1 car spring wagons, 1 car hay rakes, 1 car corn.

Produce receipts past twenty-four hours: 6281 ctls wheat, 1605 bbls flour, 995 ctls oats 446 sks potatoes, 29,555 lbs hides, 10 pkgs butter, 146 bxs eggs, 9 bxs green fruit, 10 pkgs dried fruit, 49 hd cattle, 160 hd sheep, 87 hd hogs.

Financial.

Following is a statement of the business of the Portland clearing house to day: Exchanges, $251,365 94; balances, $60,416 24.

In a dispatch to the Chicago *Herald* from Boston of March 9 a table of the business of the various clearing houses for the week ending on that date gave the business of the Portland clearing house as $709,825, whereas the correct figures should have been $1,769,835. No doubt the error occurred in telegraphing, but it is just as well to have it corrected before it goes any farther.

The Markets.

Business is in a rather quiet state the bad weather of the past few weeks conducing to this result. There, however, every indication of great activity in the several lines of trade with the approach of spring. The produce market remains in its normal condition, the demand continuing steady and being met by liberal supplies, especially from California. The potato market is weak with a scarcity of the staple sending prices way up. The merchandise market is showing a marked activity, orders coming in liberally from tributary points. Quotations remain as last noted.

WHEAT—Nothing new has developed in this market. The foreign market seems to show a firmer tone, but the situation local ly remains unchanged. Quotations: $1 17½ @1 20. The fluctuations of the Eastern markets are as follows:

NEW YORK.	Closed. 18th.	Opened. 19th.	Noon 19th.	Closed 19th.
March	85¼	----	----	85¼
April	86⅞	----	----	86⅞
May	87⅛	87⅛	88¼	88⅜
June	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87
July	85⅝	85¾	86⅛	86⅜

CHICAGO.	Closed. 18 h.	Opened. 19th.	Noon. 19th.	Closed. 19th.
March	79¼	----	----	79¼
May	79¾	79¾	79¾	80
June	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	79⅝

The following is a statement of wheat deliveries by English farmers, imports into the United Kingdom and quantities on passage for the week ended as below, together with the corresponding period in 1889:

FARMERS' DELIVERIES.

March 8, 1890	76,613 qrs wheat at 29s 11d
March 15, 1890	84,716 qrs wheat at 30s 10d
March 11, 1889	64,577 qrs wheat at 30s 2d
March 18, 1889	61,442 qrs wheat at 30s 2d

IMPORTS.

March 11, 1890	159,000 qrs wheat
	17,000 cwts flour
March, 18, 1890	164,000 qrs wheat
	25,000 bbls flour
March 12, 1889	57,000 qrs wheat
	15,000 bbls flour
March 19, 1889	122,000 qrs wheat
	27,000 bbls flour

QUANTITIES AFLOAT.

March 11, 1890. Wheat and flour	2,640,000 qrs for U K
	Wheat, 415,000 qrs for Cont
March 13, 1890 Wheat and flour	2,640,000 qrs for U K
	Wheat, 427,000 qrs for Cont
March 12, '89. Wheat and flour	1,960,000 qrs for U K
	Wheat, 2,000 qrs for Cont
March 19, 1889 Wheat and flour	1,631,000 qrs for U K
	Wheat, 417,000 qrs for Cont

The London correspondent of the *Northwestern Miller*, writing under date of February 17, has the following to say on the wheat situation abroad:

Our markets have seldom been so unmoved and so quiet in the face of strengthening influences as they have for the past few weeks. Thus, during the past three weeks, our net imports of wheat and flour have amounted to only 650,000 quarters, while the requirements have been at least 1,100,000 quarters. So that stocks in first and second hands must have diminished at least 415,000 quarters, or over 3,500,000 bushels. Add to this the fact that the Russian wheat and rye crops have within this period been officially declared to be 33,000,000 quarters, or about 27½ per cent. less than last year; that the Indian crop is again like'y to be deficient, or quite below an average; and that the Australian surplus which, a month ago, was put up as high as 2,500,000 quarters, is now found to be only about 1,250,000 quarters—with all these facts before the trade it might well have been thought that speculation would have been stimulated, and prices have certainly improved somewhat. The fact is, however, that prices have hardly varied. Speculators for a rise are few and far between, and less than the ordinary amount of business has passed. Buyers, in fact, seem to have made up their minds that as usual, now that the winter is practically over, nothing will affect the market in an upward direction except unfavorable prospects for the coming crop. In this view they are strengthened by seeing the quantity afloat increasing weekly, the total for Europe to-day being 2,720,000 quarters, against 2,500,000 quarters last year, and 1,784,000 quarters two years ago. The stock at Odessa, too, remains large, being on January 13 estimated at 1,391,000 quarters, against 1,550,000 quarters a year ago, while the general opinion seems to be that the Plata districts will send to Europe a larger quantity than in any previous year. The price at which these latter items firmer; morning call, buyer year, 1700 tons at $1 37½, 100 tons at $1 38; buyer season, $1 39½. Afternoon call, buyer year, $1 37½; buyer season, $1 39¾.

Barley—There is a good speculative demand and the market has a firm undertone. No. 1 feed, 78½@80c; choice, 80@82½c. Options—Morning session, buyer year, 86¾c; buyer season, 80¼c. Afternoon session, buyer year, 86c; buyer season, 79¼c.

Oats—The market is dull, with little business passing. Offerings are fairly liberal, but buyers hold off, anticipating lower prices. Choice feed quoted from $1 27½@1 28¾; No. 1 feed, $1 25@1 27½.

Millstuffs—Quiet and steady. Values range from $11 50@13 for Oregon bran, and $15 50@18 50 for middlings per ton.

Potatoes—The market continues to show great firmness and unusual activity in trading. The competition among buyers is keen and sales are made all the way from $2 50 to $3 per hundred.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Grain freights by steamer to Liverpool, 4 pence per bushel.

Wheat—Firmer. Quotations during the day were as follows: Opening 87¾c May, 84⅛c June, 85¾c July. Noon—88¼c May, 87½c June, 85¾c July. Closing—88¾c March, 89¼c April, 88¾c May, 87c June, 85¼c July.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Coffee—Options opened barely steady, 15@25 points down, and closed barely steady, 20@50 points down; sales, 125,750 bags; March, $17 75@17 85; April, $17 25@17 65; May, $17 @17 35; June, $16 85@17 15; July, $16 70@17. Spot Rio, lower; fair cargoes, 20½c; No. 7, flat beans, 18¾@19c.

Sugar—Raw, steady; sales of a cargo of centrifugals and breakwater for Boston, 96 test, at 4 5-16c, and a cargo of molasses sugar, 89 test, at 2¾c; refined, weak; C, 5⅛ @5¾; extra C, 5¼@5 13-16; white extra C, 5¾@6c; yellow, 4¾@5¾c; mould A, 6¾c; standard A, 6 3-16c.

Copper—Neglected; lake, March and April, $14 50.

Lead—Firm; domestic, $3 95.

Tin—Steady; straits, $20 50.

Petroleum opened steady at 87¾c, advanced to 88c, and closed firm at 89½. Stock exchange opened, 87¾c, closed 89. Consolidated exchange opened 87¾c, closed 88¾. Bar silver 95c.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Receipts of wheat at the leading grain points for twenty-four hours were 221,000 bushels and the shipments 163,000 bushels.

Wheat—Rather better. Prices during the day ranged as follows: Opening—79½c May, 79¾c June. Noon—79½c May, 79¾c June. Closing—79¼c March, 80c May, 79¼c June.

Provisions—Easier—Pork—$10 25 March. Lard—$6 05 March. Ribs—$5 02½ March.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Cattle — Receipts, 13,000; steady; beeves, $4 10@4 80; steers, $4 20@4 40; stockers and feeders, $2 40@3 70; cows, bulls and mixed, $1 50@3 50; Texas corn-fed steers, $2 90@3 75.

Hogs — Receipts, 20,000; strong to 5c higher; closing weak; mixed, $4 05@4 25½; light and heavy, $4 20@4 50.

Sheep — Receipts, 6000; natives, $4@6; Western corn-fed, $4 80@5 70; Texans, $3 50@4 25; lambs, $5@6 85.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Stocks dull, with a generally heavy tone during the forenoon, which gave place later in the day to a firmer feeling, and prices are left at insignificant changes from last night's figures.

Governments steady.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Money on call easy, 3½@4½; prime mercantile paper, 5½@7½. Sterling exchange quiet and strong; 60-day bills $4 82, demand $4 85.

BONDS.

4s (registered), 121¾; 4s (coupon), 122¾; 4½s (registered), 103½; 4½s (coupon), 103¾; Pacific 6s, 116.

STOCKS.

American Express, 111; Canada Pacific, 71½; Canada Southern, 54¾; Central Pacific, 82; Burlington, 103¾; Lackawanna, 135¾; Denver Rio G. 15¾; Erie, 29¼; Kansas and Texas, 33½; Lake Shore, 100¾; Louisville & Nashville, 83¾; Michigan Central, 97; Mo. Pacific, 75¾; Northern Pacific, 30½; Pa., 72; Northwestern, 110¾; Pa., 141; New York Central, 106¾; Oregon Imp., 45¾; Navigation, 95; Short Line, 45¾; Pacific Mail, 137; Reading, 40; Rock Island, 93; St. Paul, 68¾; Texas Pacific, 9¾; U. P., 62¼; Wargo Express, 110; Western Union, 85¾; Transcontinental, 36¾; American Cotton Oil, 26¾.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

LONDON, March 19.—Consols, 97 3-16; silver bullion, per fine ounce, 43¾; bank of England, rate of interest, 4 per cent.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Sterling exchange, long, $4 82½; short, $4 85¼; U. S. bonds, 4s, 122¾; 4½s, 103¾; silver, 93.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—Sterling exchange, 60 days, $4 82; documentary, $4 81; transfers, 17½ premium.

MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Ophir, $3 90; Mexican, $3 05; Gould & Curry, $1 30; Best & Belcher, $2 65; Consolidated California & Virginia, $4 25; Savage, $1 50; Challar, $2 15; Potosi, $2 10; Hale & Norcross, $2 40; Crown Point, $1 60; Yellow Jacket, $1 95; Belcher, $1 65; Sierra Nevada, $2 05; Bullion, 55c; Segregated Belcher, $1 20; Justice, $1 25; Union, $2 15; Challenge, $1 10; Bodie, 45c; Peer, 15c; Overman, 85c; Alpha, 85c; Imperial, 30c.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Produce receipts past twenty-four hours include 13,100 qr sks flour, 4500 ctls wheat, 7500 ctls barley, 3000 sks potatoes.

Freights—There is a fair inquiry for grain tonnage, and freights are firmly held. The Br ship Celus, iron, 1610 tons, has been chartered to load wheat for U. K. or Continent at 37s 6d.

Wheat—Spot market firm, with a fair shipping demand. Holders offer moderately. No. 1 shipping, $1 27½@1 30. Options, firmer; morning call, buyer year, 1700 tons at $1 37½, 100 tons at $1 38; buyer season, $1 39½. Afternoon call, buyer year, $1 37½; buyer season, $1 39¾.

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FOREIGN MARKETS.

BEERBOHM'S GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, March 19.—Weather throughout England is colder. Wheat cargoes off coast rule firm. Wheat cargoes on passage are quiet but steady. English and American flour, hardly any demand. Mark Lane English wheat, quiet; foreign wheat steady. Walla Walla cargoes off coast, 34s 3d; prompt shipment, 33s 9d. Chilian cargoes off coast, 31s 3d; prompt shipment, 33s 9d. English country markets are firmer.

LIVERPOOL, March 19.—Wheat—On spot quiet. Futures No. 1 California per central 7s 2d March, 7s 1½d April, 7s 1d May, 7s ¾d June, July, August and September.

PARIS, March 19.—Spot wheat, steady; flour, firm. French country markets are steady.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, March 19.—Wheat—Steady; demand poor, holders offer moderately.

Corn—Quiet; supply in excess of demand.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

GENERAL NOTES.

The steamer Dolphin sailed yesterday at 4 P. M. for Shoalwater bay.

The British bark Northernbay is discharging cargo at Mersey dock.

The British ship Menal is taking in stiffening for wheat at Mersey dock.

The British ship Iredale is taking in stiffening for wheat at S. P. R. R. dock.

The British ship Charles Cotesworth expects to go down to Astoria to-day.

The steamer Columbia arrived in port from San Francisco yesterday at 4 P. M.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Arrived—Schr Charles Hanson, Gray's harbor; str Wellington, Departure bay; ship India, Nanaimo; Br ship Tinto Hall, London; Chil bark Havre, Caleta Buena; sch Peerless, Tacoma. Sailed—Str Ajax, Coos bay; bktn Tam O'Shanter, Alaska; Br ship Glenmorag, U. K.; bktn Wrestler, coastwise; str Monsterrat, Nanaimo.

PORT TOWNSEND, March 18.—Arrived—Strs Lakme and Signal, Portland. Sailed—Schr Robert Lemers, Honolulu; ship Oriental and bark Melrose, San Francisco.

ASTORIA, March 19.—Str Columbia arrived in 7:30, left up 8:30 A. M.; str Oregon arrived down 8, passed out 11 A. M.; str Willamette passed out 8:30 A. M.; schr Esther Buhne, from Humboldt, arrived in yesterday; Bonita arrived down with Br ship Eastcroft and left up with schr Esther Buhne. Weather, cloudy; wind, southeast; bar, smooth.

FAST TIME.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Car Line, daily service to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago. No change of cars and twenty-five miles the shortest route to Chicago. Tourist sleeping cars through, placing passengers in the Union depot, Chicago, seven hours and thirty-six minutes ahead of other lines. Passenger and ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Blumauer & Co. Druggists.

Marie Bashkirkseff's journal. Paper edition just received at Ed. Dekum's. Price 50 cents.

Pearly White Teeth, pure breath, healthy gums by using Wright's Myrrh Tooth Soap.

DYING OF HEART TROUBLE.

Robert Burr's Serious Affliction Resisted All Former Methods of Treatment.

COMPELLED TO QUIT WORK.

He Applied to Dr. Aborn the Successful Eye, Ear, Catarrh, Throat and Lung Physician and Was Instantly Relieved.

HIS CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

PORTLAND, Or., March 18, 1890.

ROBERT BURR, being duly sworn does depose and say:

For two or three years I have been a GREAT SUFFERER with DYSPEPSIA, LIVER and KIDNEY affection, and of late seriously afflicted with HEART DISEASE. The palpitation of my heart was so great that it would seem that my heart would jump out of my breast; terrible thumping and pains through my chest and a bad cough. I was so painfully and seriously afflicted that I was incapacited for work and had to give up my situation. Two weeks ago I was induced to apply to Dr. Aborn Fourth and Morrison streets, by the reports I had read of his great success, and I am most happy to say that his treatment gave me INSTANT RELIEF, and I have continued to improve daily ever since, and as it was from the testimonials that led me to consult Dr. Aborn, I feel it my duty to others that I publish this card to make these facts known for the benefit of the afflicted, how SPEEDILY DR. ABORN CURED ME of my complication of ailments that had resisted all previous treatment.

ROBERT BURR.

St. Paul House, Cor., Third and B streets Portland, Oregon.

Sworn to before me this 18th day of March, 1890.

[SEAL.] W. W. ROBERTS, Notary Public.

NOTE—Dr. Aborn can be consulted daily, 10 to 12 A. M., 2 to 4 and 6: 30 to 8 P. M. Fourth and Morrison sts., Portland, Or.

Dr. Aborn's essay on the "CURABILITY OF CONSU

FRANK GLOVER IN TRAINING.

He Walks, Runs, Jumps Rope, Rows, Punches the Bag, and Spars.

A Visit to His Quarters at the White House—Paddy Gorman Wants a Set-to With Tom Ward—The McAuliffe-Carroll Match.

Frank Glover, whom many believe to be as game a man as ever donned the gloves in a prize ring, is training for his match with Mike Conley Saturday night, at the White house. A reporter, accompanied by M. Doc, took a drive out there yesterday afternoon to see how the clever pugilist spends his time at his training quarters.

Two men going around the race-track were the first objects to greet the reporter's vision as the vehicle rolled up to Mr. Smith's hostelry. The man in the lead, attired in a fatigue jacket, an ordinary smoking cap on his head, and large beads of sweat standing out upon his glowing visage, was Glover. He was taking a little exercise, and the way he got over the ground would have done credit to any good pacer. A little in the rear of him was a prominent Portland attorney, who had to vary his gait by taking a spurt every few minutes in order to keep up. He, too, was taking exercise, but more for the experience than for pleasure, if his weary looking countenance and wilted collar may be relied upon as a safe standard of judgment. Glover has a ready trained down considerable, and when he enters the ring Saturday night he will tip the scales at about 160 pounds. He used to fight as a middle-weight, and has reduced his weight as low as 157 pounds, but owing to the fact that he can get no matches in that class, he was obliged to bring up his weight as high as possible to meet heavy-weights. All of his late fights have been with men who outclassed him in weight, some of his antagonists weighing from fifteen to thirty pounds more than he did.

If a good trainer and hard work are conducive to success in the prize ring Glover ought to come pretty near winning the match Saturday night. He is in the hands of Paddy Gorman, one of the most experienced trainers on the coast—a man who has had the satisfaction of seeing twenty-seven of his pupils leave the ring victorious.

The daily routine of Glover's training may not be without interest. He rises early in the morning and walks about a mile and a half before breakfast. After breakfast he again walks and runs getting over about twelve miles of ground before noon. Before dinner he takes a bath and is rubbed down. Having rested a few minutes after the noon meal he skips the rope 1400 times, punches the bag nearly an hour and then has three or four lively rounds with his trainer, both men using large gloves. After this exercise he and his trainer enter a double scull and row about four miles. On returning from the river he again takes a bath, then eats supper and again walks a mile or more before retiring for the night. He is very regular in his hours, careful in his diet and abstains from the use of intoxicants entirely.

MANY A HARD FIGHT.

Frank Glover has a record that any pugilist may be proud of. He was born in Chicago on the 29th of September, 1864, and consequently is not yet 26 years of age. When still a mere youth he became a member of one of the ordinary gymnasiums and there he acquired a love for fistic honors that has buoyed him up through his many hard-fought battles. He always aspired to the front ranks, and his determination and tireless efforts soon began to transform the awkward youth into a skilled boxer. His prowess with the gloves gathered about him a coterie of admirers, who saw for him a great future in the arena. In this they were not mistaken for his victories from the time he entered the profession, some ten years ago, until he was forced to meet heavy weights, were many and brilliant. Out of nearly 150 fights he met his Waterloo but a few times.

His first fight was in Chicago with a man named Risch, whom he defeated in one round, lasting four minutes, London prize ring rules. Next he met and defeated Hugh Crowley in two rounds, and Professor James Conley, of Boston, met the same fate soon after at the end of three rounds. After another victory over a local champion in Chicago, he went to the southern part of the state and defeated two men in one night—Long in one and Lamasney in two minutes. Frank Winion next met defeat at his hands at the end of two rounds in Milwaukee and Tom Hirsch came out second best at the end of four rounds in Chicago. He then defeated Bill Bradburn in four rounds, and two weeks later in five rounds; Tom Chandler, in four rounds; Patsy Mallon, in one minute and ten seconds, in Minneapolis; Fred Neff, in Milwaukee, in three rounds; Neff again in one round; Hirsch, the second time, in two rounds; Bradburn again in seven rounds in Chicago (police interfering after Bradburn was virtually whipped); Jack Burke, several weeks later in six rounds; "Big" Greenfield, champion of England (so called), in three rounds; J. W. Curtiss, in Eau Claire, Wis., in three rounds (Curtiss once defeated Patsy Cardiff and Glover whipped him after having his right arm broken in the second round); Hammond, in Indiana with bare knuckles.

He fought a draw with Paddy Ryan on a barge seventeen miles from Chicago, the police interfering before the end of the second round, and a fifteen-rounds draw with John F. Clough in Minneapolis. Coming to the coast about three years ago, he met defeat at the hands of Joe McAuliffe. He stood up before McAuliffe three hours and fifteen minutes, and a week after challenged him to fight again for $1500. One of the San Francisco clubs also offered a $3000 purse, but McAuliffe did not accept the challenge. Joe Choynski defeated Glover in fourteen rounds, and in his last fight Billy Smith, the Australian, bested him in nine rounds. Glover was sick when he fought Smith, but he preferred defeat to a forfeiture of his money. The match was postponed ten days and then Glover took his medicine like a little man.

Conley is also training hard and the contest Saturday night promises to be a hot one.

Paddy Gorman is anxious to have a set-to with Tom Ward. Ward is a plucky fighter, and has many admirers in Portland who would like to see him in the ring again. Although Gorman weighs perhaps a little more than Ward, the latter is a stayer and is hard to down.

Billy R. Donley, of the San Francisco *Illustrated World*, writing to a friend in this city, says that Dell Hawkins calls on him nearly every day, expecting further developments regarding a contest between himself and Pete Shay in this city. Hawkins is willing to meet Shay for a purse of $300. Shay, however, already has a match on hand with Billy O'Donnell, and can make no arrangements with Hawkins until that is disposed of.

The McAuliffe-Carroll fight is the next pugilistic event in San Francisco. The contest takes place Friday evening, and betting is already brisk in sporting circles. Jack is the favorite. The fight will be received by rounds at M. Dee's Turf Exchange, where interested sports, as usual, will congregate.

An enthusiastic preliminary meeting of amateur athletes and admirers of athletics was held last evening at Riggen & Holbrook's Stark street office for the purpose of taking steps to organize and incorporate the Portland Athletic Club. F. B. Holbrook occupied the chair, and an animated discussion on the prospects and need of a club under good auspices took place. The engagement of Joe Choynski as boxing instructor and an all-round athlete for the gymnasium was also considered, and he will probably be engaged when the club is duly organized. The next meeting will take place at the same place next Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Gymnasium apparatus and the building for the club's quarters have already been secured.

Lower than the lowest.

The Canadian Pacific are now selling first-class limited tickets through to Chicago for $57, second $34. Office, No. 6 Washington street.

Beecham's Pills act like magic on a weak stomach

THE THEATRICAL WORLD.

"A Poor Relation" Scores a Brilliant Hit at the Marquam.

"An Arabian Night" at the New Park To-Night—"The Danites" at Cordray's—Bill Nye Coming.

It was a splendid audience that greeted Sol Smith Russell last night at the Marquam Grand upon his first appearance this season in his play, "A Poor Relation." It will be remembered that the play was produced here some two years ago by Mr. Russell, and it was in four acts. Since then many improvements have been made in it; it has been shortened to three acts, and the interest of the story has been concentrated, so to speak, and intensified by the elimination of unnecessary dialogue and the cutting out of extraneous "business."

It is an intensely human play. The spectacle of the poor inventor, devoting himself with paternal fidelity to the care of two waifs of humanity deprived, for the time being, of the care of their natural protector, is in itself one to appeal to the largest sympathy of an audience, and when is added to this his own love story, his humble, patient devotion to the woman who in his hour of direst need gave to him the sympathy and womanly consideration which only a heart of purest gold could give, the interest is increased immeasurably. There are, however, still some points in which the play could be improved. The interest practically culminates in the second act, and the last act simply picks up the scattered threads of the story and weaves them into a climax easily conceived and naturally expected.

Mr. Sol. Smith Russell is at his best in the portrayal of the character of Noah Vale. Nothing could be more natural than his delineation of the simple, guileless nature of this truly noble creation. There is a pathos about his very poverty, his earnest efforts to conceal his sufferings and at the same time to uphold his dignity as a man, that strikes a chord in the hearts of all who witness his work. Mr. Russell is not a man of genius; he is an earnest, conscientious worker, and appeals to the favor of his audience by the sheer honesty of his work. That he succeeds is sufficiently attested by the plaudits which greet his nightly efforts.

He is supported by a clever company too, at least in so far as the ladies are concerned. Miss Merri Osborn as Scollops is the same bright, cheery soubrette that so favorable introduced the character to us on a former occasion. Miss Lillian Owen makes a most charming and lovable Dolly, and Rip and Patch are represented by two of the sweetest little midgets in the persons of Master Richards and little Hazel Chapel, Miss Lillian Drew also makes a very acceptable Eunice Faye, while R. F. Sullivan as O'Haley and Louis Carpenter as "Sociable" Smith do full justice to their solos.

The play was well staged and in every way scored a brilliant success. It will be given for the remainder of the week.

AT THE NEW PARK.

Another large audience witnessed the last production of "A Night Off" last night at the New Park theater. To-night the Daly company will present for the first time Mr. Augustin Daly's latest New York comedy success, "An Arabian Night," of which an exchange speaks as follows:

"An Arabian Night," one of Augustin Daly's comedies, was presented by one of the brightest companies that has appeared in light comedy this season. The perplexing positions and startling situations in which a lively society man is placed by some of his awkward blunders in failing to take his wife into his confidence and not learning the most difficult lesson in life that of placing himself thoroughly on rapport with his mother-in-law, forms the basis of the plot which serves to keep the audience constantly convulsed with merriment. The role of Alexander Sprinkle, not only a retired broker with plenty of cash, but the imitator of Haroun Alraschid, the caliph of Bagdad, was handled so deftly by Adolph Lestiva as to show that he was a diplomat of high order in averting impending evils. Charles Burbridge, in Signor Hercules Barrows, the cannon ball and heavy-weight tosser, who was not too full of his own or other spirits to secure the return of the leading spirit of the circus troupe, was also able to provoke considerable mirth, especially with the able assistance of Miss Theresa Newcomb, who in the character of Rose Maybloom, the bare-back rider, sustained the latter role.

CORDRAY'S MUSIC-THEATER.

"The Danites" continues to be a drawing card at this popular house and the "standing room only" sign is nightly displayed. The play runs for the entire week.

NYE IS FLUSHED WITH VICTORY.

Flushed with victory and almost deaf with applause, Edgar W., alias "Bill" Nye, will arrive on the 25th. He will appear at the New Park March 26th and 28th in a series of utterances—not elongated lectures. This shows that Bill has an extremely level head, even if it is bald. He will hold sweet converse with the audience in periods of about twenty minutes each, and will be in plain sight all the way from five to a dozen times. Between the talks there will be interludes of music, participated in by Ollie Torbett, the popular young violinist, who was here with the Kellogg Concert Company, Gustave Thalberg, the Swedish tenor, and Frank Downey, the pianist of whom Boston is so proud. This forms a remarkable programme, truly. It is unique, to say the least. Nye's success in San Francisco was of the largest size. The *Examiner* pays him a glowing tribute, while the balance of the press vie with each other in praising his imminous humor and striking wit. None of them fail to mention that while what he has to say, reads well, the effect of it is greatly increased by Nye's remarkable delivery.

THE CONLEY-GLOVER MATCH.

To the Public: Although not having any actual personal interest in the Mechanics' pavilion, in view of the fact that the proprietorship of that place is a mooted question in the public mind, and being a personal friend of Mr. Conley and having his best interests at heart, without desiring to favor either Mr. Morgan or Mr. Faulkner, the disputants, I wish to state to the public that the contest between Conley and Glover Saturday evening will take place, as no trouble is anticipated. Should any interruption occur, however, I will stand responsible for the refunding of money for tickets sold. Mr. Gunst having the handling of most of the tickets I would refer the public to him either to substantiate or endorse my statements, wishing the people to thoroughly understand that I am espousing the cause of neither Morgan or Faulkner, but that I simply act in self-protection, and as duty dictates as manager of Mr. Conley. The dispute between Morgan and Faulkner is a matter for the courts to settle, and as I was a bondsman for the release of the building at the time of the Dempsey exhibition, I would cheerfully withdraw my bonds in favor of the claimant the court places in rightful possession. M. M. DEE.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

Tourist sleeping cars daily between Portland and Chicago. Twenty-five miles the shortest route and seven hours and thirty-six minutes in advance of competing lines. Call at 121 First street, corner Washington.

Elegant new dining cars, Pullman palace and free family sleeping cars run through on express trains to Denver, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago, via Union Pacific railway. G. S. Taylor, city ticket agent, 81 First street, corner Oak.

Only a Few Days More.

Don't forget that lots in Rosedale addition to Astoria will be $20 a lot on and after the 25th of March; 16 lots $150. 49 First street, W. Reidt, M'g'r. Open until 8 P. M.

Torpid Liver cured by using Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills. 25 cents.

Pears' Soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

MATTERS OVER THE WAY.

A Five Round Slugging Contest Between Billy Gross and Jimmy Sheridan.

Monthly School Report—The Illegal Shooting of Robbins Within the City Limits—Building the Sunnyside Shoe Factory.

The following is the report of the schools in this district (21) for the month ending March 14:

SCHOOLS.	Number of Pupils Enrolled	Number Belonging	Number Present	Average Daily Attendance	Number Absent	Number Tardy	Number Visitors
Central	652	578	499	466	284	18	28
North Central	411	363	315	295	116	11	12
Stephens	327	238	206	186	77	5	17
Totals	1390	1079	970	847	487	34	57

The schools are closing up the work of the year in good shape. Notwithstanding the drawbacks encountered, excellent progress has been made in all the grades. There are two months more of school this year. It is not known how many there will be in the graduating class as yet, but the prospects are there will be quite a large number.

SPARRING CONTEST.

About 200 people witnessed the sparring contest last night in the building on Fifth and K streets, between Billy Gross and Jimmy Sheridan. The contest was preceded by a four-round set-to between Wagner and "Brother" Powell, which was enjoyed by all present. Both displayed knowledge of the business of boxing, and were frequently applauded. Then came the bout between Gross and Sheridan, in which the sparring was little science was displayed. Five rounds were fought, and as Gross knew how to hit, and Sheridan couldn't and didn't hit, the former knocked the latter all over the ring. Sheridan took his medicine, and as often as he struck the floor he managed to get on his feet before time was called. He succeeded in winding Gross considerably, and although Gross had it all his own way, he was unable to knock Sheridan out. Unfortunately for Gross he kept striking foul blows, although warned by the referee to desist. At the close of the fifth round, after he had punished Sheridan until he went down, Gross struck another foul and the referee immediately decided the contest in favor of Sheridan, and the decision met the approval of the crowd. A "whoop and a tiger" was given for "Umbrella" Jimmy, and the crowd dispersed. The contest was refereed by a Portland man to the satisfaction of the sports.

CASE DECIDED.

A long drawn-out case was decided Tuesday in Justice Bullock's court. The case was between S. Bloomer and B. Fallows, in which Bloomer undertook to collect a $100 note from Fallows. The note dates back some time, and for awhile was in the hands of John Collins, who posted it on his "blackboard" for several months, but this did not bring Fallows to time. The case was tried before a jury, and the verdict was that Mr. Fallows should pay the note and the cost of the suit. Mr. Fallows claimed in his evidence that the note was given without any legal consideration, and that he gave it to Mr. Bloomer "out of the generosity of his heart." However, the jury could not see it in that light.

BONDS FILED.

Grafe, who secured the contract for the woodwork on the new Stephens addition schoolhouse, failed to procure the required bonds, and the contract was awarded to E. J. Sprague, whose bid was the next lowest. This insures a good job. Kinslow & Co. failed on their contract in the same way and it went to Mr. Church. All the contracts have now been awarded and the work will be pushed with all possible energy. A large force of men are now at work cleaning brick and getting the foundation in shape for the new school.

SHOULD BE STOPPED.

Ever since the robins and songbirds made their appearance boys, and sometimes men, have been shooting them. Yesterday, and for several days past, the grove south of ex-Councilman Halfpenny's residence, on Brooklyn Heights, resounded with the reports of rifles. There is no other game in this grove but robins and other songbirds. This shooting is within the city limits and the police authorities should make an example. A heavy fine would cause this indiscriminate shooting to cease.

FACTORY REBUILT.

The shoe factory at Sunnyside is nearing completion, having been almost entirely rebuilt by the shoemakers. Instead of shingles, corrugated iron is now used for the roofing. The building is thirty feet longer than the one that was burned down, and fully three stories high. Part of the machinery has arrived, and it is expected to have samples out within thirty days.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

City taxes are delinquent to-day.

Rev. Godon's lecture on "Sign Boards" has been postponed until next Wednesday night, March 26.

The grounds for the Sunnyside schoolhouse have been selected near the factory building and in a convenient and sightly place.

No action was taken at the last council meeting, with reference to the improvement of Fifth street, but it is presumed the matter is simply delayed.

Dr. Day Raffety is improving the grounds surrounding his new residence on Brooklyn Heights, setting out fruit trees and shrubbery in profusion.

Rev. C. C. Poling, presiding elder of the Evangelical church, has been in the city for the purpose of arranging for the building of the new church on the Woodstock tract.

It is quite evident that the Woodstock & Waverly electric railway will come down Alaska street to Fifth, as the iron has been distributed along Alaska street for the line.

Work is suspended on the Methodist hospital at Sunnyside, because there is no brick to be had at present, and the possibilities are that that article may not be had for some time.

The baseball grounds on Clinton and McCoy's tract have been totally dismantled, and henceforth there will be no more games played there. The grand stand will also probably be removed.

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE.

The fast limited vestibule express trains of the Great Rock Island Route—with Pullman palace sleeping, palace dining and elegant reclining chair cars free—make close connections in Union depots with all overland trains from Oregon and Washington, at Denver, Omaha or St. Paul, to Chicago, Kansas City and all points East. Office, 82 First St. Charles Kennedy, Gen. Agt.

GENUINE SCOTCH TWEED

Suits made to order at Kohn's for $30. Elegant patterns to pick from, fit guaranteed; make no mistake, but Kohn does as he advertises a fit every time, and that the very best. Corner Second and Morrison.

EASILY FIGGERSESS

If you throw your money away when Kohn sells the best suits in town at New York prices. You can save 50 cents to $1 on every suit at Kohn's, corner Second and Morrison.

The Union Pacific

is the only line running two fast trains daily from Portland to Omaha, St. Paul, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis and all points East and South. Ticket office No. 81 First street, corner of Oak.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

Guaranteed to do the work, Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills. 25 cents.

The town is growing south.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
NEW YORK'S GREAT CHEMIST.
This is to certify that I have analyzed Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. I find it composed of pure materials, compounded on correct scientific principles. The ingredients are accurately and scientifically proportioned. Hence, bread or biscuit prepared with it are better suited for digestion.
R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., LL. D.
Prof. Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Medical College, Prof. Chemistry and Physics in the College of the City of New York.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., New York, Chicago, San Francisco

Arthur Kohn
COR. 2ND & MORRISON.

MRS. McGINTY

Says that since Mr. Mac "went up by going down, she's had hard times. Her pig had 'numoney,' and her goat had the grip, though he's hearty again, and so strong that he's perceptible to the naked nose at fifty yards distance."

"POOR MAC,"

Says his wife, "I can't bear to think of the fishes gettin' in the pockets of that elegant suit of clothes that he bought at Kohn's. What a bargain they were, too." McGinty said the cheapest place he ever traded at was Kohn's, and it's many a year that he traded there, because he always found Kohn to deal on the square.

KOHN'S SPRING STYLES.
Suits Now Ready. Bargains for $10 to $20.

"SAY, JOHNNY,

Which is the most popular store in Portland?"

Johnny's answer is true. "Because," said he, "its Kohn's."

"And why is it Kohn's?"

"Because he sells nice boys' suits for $3 to $5 each, and my ma and pa won't go anywhere else but to Kohn's."

But Johnny's pa and ma are hard up just now and Johnny ain't got any good suit, so if this catches Johnny's eye he will call around. Kohn will give him a nice suit for $2.50, one which is worth more money.

Kohn wants every boy in Portland to stick up for him, and when they call around Kohn will give every boy a nice present.

Arthur Kohn
31 33 35 Morrison St.

The Secret of Health
Is the power to eat, digest and assimilate a proper quantity of wholesome food. This can never be the case while impurities exist in the system. The blood must be purified; it is the vital principle, circulating through every part of the body. Dr. Tutt's Pills expel all impurities and vitalize the whole system.
A Noted Divine says:
"I have been using Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills the past three months for dyspepsia, weak stomach and nervousness. I never had anything to do me so much good. I recommend them as the best pill in existence, and do all I can to acquaint others with their merits. They are a special blessing."
Rev. F. B. OSGOOD, New York.
Tutt's Liver Pills,
FOR DYSPEPSIA.
Price, 25c. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

"QUAKER"
BRICK MACHINERY
Write for Catalogue and Prices to
HOYT & BRO. COMPANY
Importers and Dealers in
Saw Mill and Woodworking Machinery
Nos. 6 and 8 North Front St.,
Portland, Oregon.
WILLIAMS & GROAT, Managers

GOLDSMITH, New York. | SOL. GOLDSMITH, Portland. | EBERHOLD GOLDSMITH, Portland.
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG
Importers and Dealers in
METALS, Iron, Stamped, Japanned Tinware, Shelf and Pimpernel Hardware, Mill Supplies, Steel, Iron and Tools, House-furnishing Hardware, Genuine Ironware, Lead and Iron Pipe, Pumps, etc.
54 and 56 Front Street.
Near Depot of the Northwestern Railway.

A RARE CHANCE
To buy at a bargain, a well established general business in a country town where the yearly transactions amount to $50,000. Situated in a rich farming community. We refer by permission to Messrs. Allen & Lewis, Corbett & McGinn, Washburn & Co., and Eischbaum, Meyer & Co., and for full particulars to W. H. H. Grant, of 210 Lafayette, East Portland.

DR. C. A. MACRUM, HOMŒOPATH, Calif. Mulnomah Block, Fifth and Morrison.

CALL FOR A REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican Convention for the State of Oregon, is called to meet at the city of Portland on Wednesday, the 16th day of April, 1890, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the office of Congressman, Governor, Supreme Judge, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney-General, State Printer, and District officers, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention. The convention will consist of 218 delegates apportioned among the several counties as follows:

Baker 6, Benton 8, Clackamas 9, Clatsop 7, Columbia 4, Coos 6, Crook 3, Curry 3, Douglas 8, Gilliam 6, Grant 4, Harney 4, Jackson 7, Josephine 4, Klamath 3, Lake 3, Lane 10, Linn 10, Malheur 5, Marion 12, Morrow 4, Multnomah 35, Polk 6, Tillamook 3, Umatilla 10, Union 8, Wallowa 4, Wasco 8, Sherman 3, Washington 5, Yamhill 8.

The same being one delegate at large from each county, and one delegate for every 175 votes, and one for every fraction over one half thereof cast for Congressman at the June election of 1888. The committee recommend that the Primaries be held on April 5th, and the county conventions on April 9th, unless otherwise ordered by the proper county committee. All voters who favor the Republican policy of American industry for the products of American labor, liberal support of our common schools and the protection of every voter in the ballot box, the right of suffrage, are invited to fairly constitute and cordially invited to unite in the selection of delegates to the Republican State Convention.
T. T. BURN, Chairman.
March 5th, 1890. Republican papers please copy.

STATE TREASURER'S 35TH NOTICE.

STATE OF OREGON, TREASURER'S OFFICE, Salem, March 10th, 1890.
Notice is hereby given, that there are sufficient funds on hand to pay the following warrants, and that they will be paid on presentation at this office: Warrants of 1889 and 1890 numbered 875, 1064, 1115, 1120, 1121, 1401, 1320, 2752, 2753, 2758, 2768, 2770, 2769, 2773, 2766, 2761, 2765, 2762, and 2769. Interest will not be allowed after this date.
Date 20 G. W. WEBB, State Treasurer.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Office of the City Water Works, Portland, March 12, 1890. Sealed proposals addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on outside envelope "Proposals for Pipe," or "Wood," will be received at this office until 2 P. M. Saturday, March 22, for furnishing wood for 3 Hydrants, and 30 service pipes, during the year commencing April 1, 1890. Specifications and information furnished on application at this office. By order of the Water Committee, Isaac W. Hall, Superintendent.

ATTENTION! MILL MEN!

BARGAIN IN SAWMILL! Located thirteen miles east of Portland; two years old and in perfect running order; daily capacity, 15,000 feet; 160 acres timber, 240 acres cutings at 40 cts per 1000; 6 good oxen, 2 outfittings, blacksmith shop, tools, stable, mess-house, etc. Low cost, delivered at mill, $1 80; delivered at mill for full capacity. Rustic, flooring, and dressed lumber bring $20; rough, $8. Price, $8500. Must sell on account of other business.
A. GOODNOUGH.
18m tf Room 2, cor First and Alder, Portland, Or.

Dallas City Water Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received until 2 P. M., Tuesday, April 15, 1890, by the Board of Water Commissioners of Dallas City, for the purchase of 200 bonds of $500 each, $100,000 in the aggregate:
$25,000 payable in five years.
$25,000 payable in ten years.
$25,000 payable in fifteen years.
$25,000 payable in twenty years.
Each bidder must state the lowest rate of interest at which the bonds will be taken, at not less than their face value, and for cash in hand; interest payable annually. Bids should be addressed to the Secretary Board of Water Commissioners, The Dalles, Oregon, and envelopes endorsed Proposal for Water Bonds.
The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. M. L. NOLAN, Secretary of Board of Water Commissioners, The Dalles, Oregon.
The Dalles, Or., March 11, 1890.

Telephone Nos. 81 and 664.
Or leave orders at the office of the Oregon Improvement Co., 38 First street.
W. T. WALLACE,
AGENT.

The Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., hereby offers the sum of $2000 for such sewerage plans and specifications for the said city, as shall be approved by the said Corporation.
Said plans and specifications to be prepared according to the "separate" system, to be indorsed "Sewerage Plans and specifications," and to be received at the office of the undersigned not later than the First day of May next, at 4 P. M.
All information will be supplied, and levels shown on the city map, on application at the City Surveyor's office, City hall, Victoria, B. C.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's office, March 6, 1890.

SPECIAL BARGAINS GRAND OPENING
We guarantee to save you from 5 to 15 per cent on all your groceries. Remember this a dollar saved is a dollar made.
HANDSOME PRESENTS
Handsome presents given to every cash customer of our celebrated Teas, Coffee and Spices. Prices always lower than elsewhere at 830 First st., bet. Market and Mill. PRICE LIST—
READ THESE STARTLING FACTS

Best Costa Rica, roasted, 4 lbs for	$1.00
Best Golden Rio, roasted, 4 lbs for	1 00
Genuine Old Government Java at	35
Best Java and Mocha at	40
Fine Natural Leaf Japan Tea at 35c and	40
Very best Natural Leaf Japan at	75
We also have on hand some of the finest English Breakfast Tea in the city at	90
Best Flour at	95
Granulated sugar, 14 lbs for	1 00
Tomatoes, 3 cans for	25
Lard, 10 lbs for	1 00
Navy Beans, 50 lbs for	2 00
Royal Baking Powder, 8 pounds for	2 00
Mountaineer Baking Powder, 1 lb for	40
Monday Morning or Eureka Soap, per box	25
6 Gallons Pickles	90
All other things in proportion.	

Give us a call. You will never regret it.
Goods delivered to any part of the city, East Portland or Albina.
ELLIS & RICHARDS,
CASH GROCERS,
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Elegant business Suits made to order from
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Fine French Piqué and Beaver Suits made to order from
And all other garments in the tailoring line are prices never offered before.
All garments made by first-class mechanics.
Perfect Fit, best of Trimmings and Workmanship guaranteed or no sale.

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If You Have Defective Eyesight Value Them, go to
REED & MALCOLM
For your Spectacles and Eyeglasses. This is the old establishment in the same location, and has been conducted on the same principles for 20 years. If necessary, to suit your eyes, we will carefully select where glasses are not required. We guarantee satisfaction. Our new automatic adjustment for the strength of the eye is the latest and most perfect science has produced. Call and see us. We will give the best glasses for the money in the city. REED & MALCOLM, Scientific Opticians, 74 Morrison street.

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30,000 PLANTS.
Entire stock of plants must be sold in ninety days. Your opportunity to get plants cheap, at our loss. Must vacate the premises.
Florists, attention. Five thousand feet of glass and entire fixtures for sale.
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ROSY SURPRISE SALE
135TH
TO-MORROW
For Our 135th Surprise Sale We Offer Something New in Dress Goods.
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in Checks, Plaids and Stripes, 38 Inches Wide, at
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Per Yard, or $3.84 for full dress pattern of 8 yards; regular value 65c per yard. At the price quoted for this line of dress goods we predict a large sale to-morrow, and advise intending purchasers to be on hand in time for best selections. Samples of these elegant cloths may be seen in our dress goods window. To-Morrow Only at Price Quoted.
[illegible]
TRY A GLASS OF THE FAMOUS
[illegible]
The Summer Beverage of the Capitalist, the Merchant and the Laboring Man alike.
ADMINISTRATOR'S SALES.
GUNS, PISTOLS, SPORTING GOODS
FISHING TACKLE, BIRD CAGES.
BICYCLES, BOYS' WAGONS, CROQUET, BASKETS.
WILLIAM G. BECK, Administrator of the Partnership of Wm. Beck & Son, 105, 107 Second street.

VOL. XXX.

SIMON VERSUS

The Carson Wing of the Republican Party Meets and Acts.

VIEWS OF LEADING REPUBLICANS.

Chairman Lotan Scouts the Proposition for an Extra Session of the Committee—Heed Apply—Both Sides Ready.

Conversation yesterday among leading and led republicans indicated the existence of a desire among many who are not directly in the limelight, or the other of the opposing factions, that some movement should prevail. It is believed by many that the success of the party in November will depend largely upon how well it will fix down with the latest issue, whether one or the other of the factions is willing to lie down with the other upon first having the lamb's share. The situation is practically this: The followers of Simon, relying upon their superior skill in carrying primaries, with one-half the judges on election day, is precisely what the opposition wish. The superior power which promises to be elected chairman of the committee through the nicety of one delegate another in the committee meeting a list of judges favorable to the interests of Chairman Lotan. For this reason, the Simon wing has been willing, the Carson wing has been willing, and for an open meeting, and for judges not partial to that committee. Chairman Lotan, the chairman republican committee.

Pursuant to call, the State committee, consisting of H. A. W. Witherell and T. W. the court house yesterday attendance of citizens was no doubt being so on account of the impression which had gone out would be done, as the other committee had refused to act. Mr. Witherell made a motion and declared carried, that soon as chairman, Mr. Becker the floor without any great interspersed a motion to appoint of his motion, he urged tention of the committee that here were out of town, and had issued a call for a meeting committee, an adjournment to proper caper. The question vote, was carried unanimously mass meeting adjourned.

A reporter called upon a leading republicans yesterday to they regard the fight. Hermon said:

If the statements made by the about each other are true, there very unfortunate difference. what extent the allegations of I am not in the confidence of have no desire to be. But statements are true, it shows a efforts for the party. I have ber of the county committee, what is customary in such they should first meet to the vacancy; then, if that cannot should agree upon the appointment. Put up good men and judges. Let no one vote who has not and prevent repeating.

If seems to me very necessary, that the difficulty should, and that the success of should not be endangered. If of the committee, the matter should I could possibly effect mine.

FAVORS AN OPEN MEETING.

Mayor Van B. DeLashmutt take a hopeful view of the said:

I do not think the condition as it is generally thought to be outside counties. It is almost for every election to important is where so many generally filled—that some difficulty is no object in getting parties to agree. is only brought about by making concessions. At first must have everything their own all, and feel if it doesn't go they bolt the ticket. While I personally, however, they may agree upon a ticket, by all considerations. I think that will be the end and that when they get together that they can only hope to succeed.

Questioned more specifically concerning session of the committee, said:

I think, in the first place, should be open and above board here to do this, is, in my opinion, the absence of an intention to do so. not bear investigation. The primary, Witherell and Reed's supporters, though I would not like the selection of judges should be in the committee, as a whole, will only be satisfied by the have been fairly treated. If about it, the defeated side is the election.

THE NEW POSITION.

Hon. G. A. Steel—There is a for, for honest primaries, on sides, so that there can be no suggested for one set to name the other name one, and so on inspector or two, if they want well. Then whichever ever side have the convention. Judges ought certainly to be satisfied to the party at large, and any grounds upon which

THE NEW COLLECTOR.

Hon. R. P. Earhart—There of delegates to the convention would be very unfortunate. the conflict he parties will go beyond the primaries. matter will be fought out there. It is to be hoped that gets together. Mischief reading may be reached at Judges.

OPPOSED TO DEMOCRATS.

Hon. M. C. George—I personally that a division should occur managers. In my judgment for it. It looks somewhat like say, as Salem's primaries. Each for its strength, and when the primaries, and the victors be themselves. A split vote and a fair result. The interests of the committee, the principles are not the candidates.

WANTS A GOVERNMENT.

Gen. R. Burnside, a republican, is opposed to any [illegible] which would result in the election of Democrats. He thinks, however, that the republicans should be willing to concede a few offices to the Democrats, and that the latter should be willing to concede a few offices to the Republicans. He thinks that the selection of judges and clerks should be left entirely to the committee. Now, if a fair selection of judges and clerks is made, he thinks that the Democrats will not object to the election. He thinks that the Democrats will not object to the election.

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that will give the exact amount of lens required.
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and 44, Labbe Block. M. C. SULLIVAN, Manager.

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12-PAGES-12

Morning Oregonian

PAGES 9 TO 12

VOL. XXX.—NO. 9192. PORTLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1890. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

...SON VERSUS LOTAN.

...Carson Wing of the Committee Meets and Adjourns.

...ING OF LEADING REPUBLICANS

...Lotan Scouts the Proposition of a Pub... ...ission of the Committee—No Reporter ...ind Apple—Both Sides Serene.

...convention yesterday with a number of ...and red republicans demonstrated ...ence of a desire among those who ... directly in the line of battle on one ... of the opposing sides that har... should prevail. It is hoped by them, ... success of the party, that the lion ... down with the lamb. It is equally ... answer, that the lion in the case, ... on the other of the bosses, is ... down with the lamb inside of him. ... sharing the lamb inside of him. ... is practically this: The fol... ...rman, relying upon their superior ... carrying primaries, will be satisfied ... ...ed the judges and clerks. This ... what the opposition does not ... superior power vested in the ... of a committee is a prerogative ... to be closely adhered to ... the margin of one disagreement after ... the committee meeting, nomin... ...d judges issued over the signa... ...lotan. To defeat this possi... ...Simon wing has made a bid for ... ...ng, and for a selection of ... partial to that element which has ... the chairman of the county ... committee.

Pursuant to call, the Simon wing of the ... met, consisting of Hon. J. C. Carson, ... Witherell and T. W. Bleick, met at ... house yesterday afternoon. The ... of citizens was inconsiderable, ... being so on account of the im... which had gone out that nothing ... done, as the other members of the ... had refused to attend.

Mr. Witherell made a motion which he ... declared carried, choosing Mr. Car... chairman. Mr. Bleick next obtained ... without any great difficulty, and ... a motion to adjourn. In sup... of his motion, he urged upon the at... of the committee that as some mem... were out of town, and as the chairman ... a call for a meeting of the whole ..., an adjournment was quite the ... The question being put to ... was carried unanimously. So the ... meeting adjourned.

A reporter called upon a number of lead... republicans yesterday to ascertain how ... regard the fight. Hon. D. P. Thomp... said:

"The statements made by the opposing factions ... each other are true, there appears to be a ... ...ry serious difference. I don't know to ... ...ct the allegations of a quarrel are true. ... is the confidence of either side, and ... to desire to be. But if the conflicting ... ...ns are true, it shows a very bad state of ... in the party. I have never been a mem... ...ctic county committee, and do not know ... is customary in such cases; but I think ... ...ld first meet to select some one to fill ... vacancy; then, if that cannot be done, they ... agree upon the apportionment and the ... ...ing good men and have fair primar... ...ns to vote who has not a right to vote, ... repeating.

"I seem to me very necessary from a party ... that the difficulty should be harmo... ...ed so that the success of the party ticket ... be endangered. If I was a member ... committee, the matter should be harmo... ...ld possibly effect it by any act of ...

SAYS AN OPEN MEETING.

Ryan Van B. DeLashmutt is inclined to ... hopeful view of the situation. He ...

"I think the condition is nearly as serious ... ...ently thought to be, especially in the ... counties. It is almost always the case be... ...very election so important as this one—that ... to many general offices are to be ... ...d some difficulty is experienced at the ... meeting parties to agree, and agreement ... ...ly brought about eventually by all sides ... concessions. At first they think they ... ...everything their own way or not at ... ...d if it doesn't go their way they are all ... ...the ticket. When cooler judgment ... however, they usually settle down and ... a ticket, by all sides making conces... ...think that will be the result this time, ... they get together they will find ... only hope to succeed by united ac...

Questioned more specifically about the ... session of the committee, the mayor ...

"I think in the first place, that all the action ... be open and above board. Any unwilling... ...ts, is, in my opinion, prima facie evi... ...n intention to do something that will ... investigation. The proposition of Car... ...and Bleick appears to me eminent... ...though I would not say that I endorse ... ...ection of judges. I do say, however, that ... ...ection of judges should be one satisfactory ... ...committee, as a whole. The defeated side ... ...ersified by the knowledge that they ... ...ay beaten. If there is any trickery ... the defeated side is sure to carry it into ...

THE NEW POSTMASTER.

Col. G. A. Biehl—There is a necessity, now if ... ...e honest primaries, conducted fairly to all. ... what there can be no going back of the ... I think it would be an excellent plan, as ... ...ested on one set to name a judge and then ... ...ame case, and so on. Let there be a ... ...ce, if they want, at the ballot box as ... ...ce which ever side gets the delegates, let ... ...e the convention. The selection of ... ...ould certainly to be such as will commend ... ...ty at large, and give neither fac... ...grounds upon which to base a bolt.

THE NEW COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS.

Hon. S. F. Herbert—Two conventions and two ... ...dates to the county and state conven... ...would be very unfortunate. I feel sure that ... ...ing parties will not let their differences ... ...ond the primaries. I sincerely hope the ... ...ht out there and not carried ... ...It is to be hoped that when the committ... ...together Monday, an amicable under... ...may be reached as to the selection of ...

ADVISED TO DICTATION.

Hon. H. C. George—I regard it as unfortunate ... ...difficulties should occur between republican ... ...in my judgment, there is no occasion ... ...somewhat as though there won't ... ...ball by battle," as the old law books ... ...ances. Each side seems anxious ... ...strength, and if they will only fight it ... ...ties, and the vanquished submit; ... ...and a fair count ought to settle it, but ... ...interests should jeopardize ... party. In my opinion, the peo... ...are not disposed to stand very much ...

BACK A GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE.

W. S. Forbes, Esq.—The appointing of judges ... the county committee is a usurpa... ...ought not to be tolerated here, and ... ...by no county in Oregon outside ... ...ould be, at the primaries, and there ... ...and clerks, everybody who had a ... ...ing a voice in that selection. Some ... ...are it was feared that the ma... ...of judges was usurped by the county ... ...isn't this a good time to go ... ...principles? I am not allied to either ... ...but am anxious for republican ... ...and am one of those who do not wear ... brass collars or swallow the machine ticket without a murmur. I have had no hesitation in using my vote to rebuke improper nominations, and the best guarantee for republican success is to let the rank and file choose their candidates, rather than that bosses should dictate them.

HE PROPOSES TO BE CHAIRMAN.

It is upon James Lotan's broad shoulders that the biggest share of the opposition's heavy pressure must be sustained. He is not the man to shirk the responsibility or shrink from encountering the brunt of the conflict. He is knowing enough, too, to discourage agitation of the "casus belium."

I am in favor of giving the public a rest about this matter, he said. If Mr. Simon and I were to tell all we know about each other, the public would probably not think much of either of us. No, I have nothing to say.

But, Mr. Lotan, would you be willing that each side should name half of the judges?

I have nothing to say to that, either. I have issued a call for Monday, and the committee will meet. It will not be a public meeting, but a private one.

You will not exclude newspaper men?

Yes, certainly. It is not customary to have such meetings public. Committees, particularly political committees, do not hold open sessions, and thus give the opposite party the benefit of their discussions. A portion of the proceedings, or all of them, may be given out, or again withheld, but I cannot say.

JUDGES, LAWYERS AND JURIES.

The Olds Case Again—Out of Court—Probate Matters—New Suits, Etc.

Hon. Rufus Mallory is hard at work upon the transcript in the testimony in the third trial of Sancy Olds, and as soon as he can prepare the bill of exceptions the motion for a new trial will be made and argued. The transcript of the proceedings is among the longest, if not the longest, ever made in Multnomah county or the state, and makes two bulky volumes of bound legal cap. The report covers all of the proceedings from the first impaneling of a jury. The expense of the shorthand reporter and the transcribing in all amounts to about $450, which is borne in about equal proportions by the state and defense.

NEW SUITS.

George Bock against Conrad and Maggie Krebs, to recover $100 and interest on a promissory note, made November 22, 1889.

George Bock against Conrad Krebs, to recover $20 on a promissory note, made November 2, 1889.

William Press sues Joseph Cordano, to recover $400 50 damages. The plaintiff alleges that the defendant took forcible and unlawful possession of his bootblack stand, No. 106 First street, in the month of February, injuring him in the above sum.

J. Wiseman against the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, to obtain judgment in the sum of $373 05 for household goods destroyed on the defendant's road while in transit.

The Hamilton Brown Shoe Company, of Missouri, vs. B. F. Durphy, to recover $481 20 on a judgment obtained against the defendant in 1887.

Julia Doyle asks for a divorce from Michael Doyle, to whom she was married in Portland in 1872. Desertion in 1877 is alleged. She also asks for possession of certain Sunnyside real estate earned by her own labor.

THROWN OUT OF COURT.

Yesterday morning the case of Annie Seol against I. W. Lewis was to have gone to trial before Judge Shattuck. Mrs. Seol alleged in her complaint, filed some months ago, that the defendant had irreparably injured her reputation by publicly impeaching her chastity, and asked for heavy damages.

Mr. Lewis was promptly on hand with his witnesses, but the plaintiff and her husband did not materialize in the courtroom. It was very evident to counsel for both the prosecution and defense that Mrs. Seol had changed her mind about pursuing Mr. Lewis, and the case was thrown out of court.

PROBATE MATTERS.

Charles D. Lownsdale has been appointed administrator of the estate of his late brother, F. R. Lownsdale, valued at $4000. He also had property in the state of Washington, making the property left by him, in the aggregate, $10,000.

Upon the petition of Emily E. Sheridan, W. L. Boise has been appointed administrator of the estate of the late George Becker, the youth who died about three weeks ago. The property is valued at $1000.

In the Municipal Courts.

The session of the police court yesterday afternoon was very brief and only a few offenders were put through the mill.

George Stott and Charles Huff were fined $5 each for drinking more liquor than the law allows, and Alvin Smith was taxed $10 for the same offense.

Winnie Cook, who was arrested for appropriating $3 belonging to P. Gable, concluded to plead guilty to a charge of simple larceny and the court let her off on payment of $25. Gable, who was held as a witness, was released.

John H. Demonin, charged with passing a worthless check on H. Parrish, the grocer, waived examination and the court held him to answer before the grand jury, under bonds in the sum of $300.

HE WANTS JUDICIAL REDRESS.

E. Z. Driggs and R. M. Diehl had an examination in Justice Wood's court yesterday afternoon on a charge of assaulting M. Mann. Mann is employed as horse trainer at the City View track, and in the heat of a controversy some days ago, he claims that Driggs and Diehl used more fistic force than the necessities of the case required.

The case against Driggs was dismissed, and that of Diehl was taken under advisement. It appears that the complainant was nearly, if not as much to blame for the fracas as the defendant.

CONTINUED TILL TO-DAY.

The case against Purvis, charged with wrongfully retaining possession of some furniture, was continued another day in Justice Wood's court yesterday. The matter will, no doubt, be disposed of to-day.

A Short Docket.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO. 1.

S. Frank vs. J. R. Leubo; judgment by default.

L. L. Carter vs. D. Monnastes; motion to vacate judgment overruled.

W. A. Daly vs. M. A. Hackett; motion for a new trial denied.

Cismowith Bros. vs. Henley Bros. et al.; case dismissed and papers withdrawn.

Annie Seol vs. J. W. Lewis; judgment of nonsuit entered.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO. 2.

M. N. H. Vanderpool vs. Jeremiah Vanderpool; order for publication of summons.

Mary M. Vollum vs. Frank O. Vollum; default granted; set for Saturday, March 29.

Nancy A. Wilson vs. W. W. Wilson; default granted; order for publication of summons.

State vs. Herman Lewis; sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Lucila Ingersoll vs. Carlos F. Ingersoll; order for publication of summons.

F. S. Akin et al. vs. J. P. Comnalkee et al; assigned allowed until April 5 to complete testimony on motion of plaintiff.

Simmons Liver Regulator is the foe of malaria as it throws off the bile and prevents its accumulating.

Smoke the genuine "Seal of North Carolina" plug cut and beware of imitations.

THE COLUMBIAN FAIR

House Committee Urges Confirmation of Chicago as Site.

THE FUNDS RAISED ARE AMPLE

Ability of the City to Erect the Buildings—New York Members Show a Contemptible Hostility.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Candler presented in the house to-day the report of the special committee on the World's fair. It is in part as follows:

Under instructions given by the action of the house the committee inserted Chicago in the bill as the place of holding the fair in 1892, and consulted with representatives of that city for the purpose of perfecting and improving it, making such amendments as were deemed necessary. The bill submitted differs in some essential features from the bill reported originally by the sub-committee, and recommitted. In the second section the representation of territories and the District of Columbia has been increased from one to two commissioners from each, and a provision also made for the appointment of eight commissioners at large. The commission is designated the "world's Columbian commission."

The third section dispenses with the United States corporation which it was proposed to create by congress, and also stipulates that commissioners shall be appointed from each state and territory and the District of Columbia, together with eight commissioners to be appointed at large, which the government appropriates for its own commission, acting independently of the corporation and without power to incur any obligations. The commission is instructed by this act to accept the buildings only when they shall be deemed by said commission to be adequate for the purpose for which they are intended. In the original bill the eleventh section stated that not less than 10 per centum of the stock shall be actually paid in cash before the commission shall do any corporate act other than those necessary to its organization.

The bill now reported is still more conservative, protecting the government's interests so far as its connection is concerned and insuring the financial success of the fair beyond a reasonable contingency by providing that the commissioners shall not only be satisfied that an actual bona fide subscription to the capital stock of $5,000,000 has been made, of which not less than $500,000 has been paid in, but also declares that a further sum of $5,000,000, making $10,000,000, shall be provided by the corporation in ample time or as needed for the successful prosecution of the work. The committee has given careful consideration to statements of representatives of the finance committee of Chicago as to the subscriptions to the stock of $5,000,000, and believes the subscriptions will be paid. While it is the judgment of the committee that Chicago will meet the obligations and promises of its representatives, it would call attention to the fact that the judgment of this committee is not taken alone, but the commission on the spot in Chicago will have a more favorable opportunity to satisfy themselves. The representatives of Chicago who appeared before the committee, were ready to meet every requirement indicated by the bill previously considered or in the discussion while the location was pending, and the committee desires to recognize the fact that it is due to Chicago that it be assured by the action of the house that the fair is to be held in Chicago without further delay as business arrangements connected with the provisions of this act can be better adjusted when they are assured of the action of congress. The committee claim that the government does not assume any risk, but is asked to enact such legislation as this to demonstrate that it is in sympathy with and desires to encourage the patriotic efforts of the citizens of Chicago in both a national and international exposition that will mark this important epoch in the history of the world and commemorate the life and services of Columbus in a manner worthy of the continent which he discovered.

Section 6 defines the duties of the commission and the commissioners, and gives them the necessary power to allot space for exhibitors and classify the exhibits, determine the plan and scope of the exposition, appoint judges and examiners, award premiums, and have general charge of intercourse with exhibitors and representatives of foreign nations.

Section 8 provides for dedication of the world's Columbian exposition on the 30th day of April, 1892. Upon the question of the time for holding the exposition there was a difference of opinion among the members of the committee.

The cost of government buildings is limited to $100,000, and appropriations are made for government expenses and limit of expense of the government after 1891, for all purposes connected with the exposition, is $1,500,000. All the expenses of the government are subject to the approval of the secretary of the treasury.

In submitting the letter of Chairman Gage, of the finance committee, of Chicago, the house committee calls attention to the fact that the city of Chicago and state of Illinois have for an extended period indicated a desire that Chicago should be selected as the site for the fair. Investigations made by their committee at Paris enables Chicago more intelligently to comprehend the magnitude of the undertaking and the cost, scope and requirements for the successful conduct of it, and can commence active preparations more promptly than could be imaginable except for their enterprise and forethought. The committee calls attention to the fact that the citizens of Chicago offer a larger and more generous contribution to the aid on that ever proffered by private citizens before and larger than any other offered by any foreign government or city in the great international expositions previously held. In the financial plan of the Paris exposition, which is now claimed to have been the most successful in the world, it was agreed that subscriptions should aggregate $8,000,000, while Chicago guarantees to satisfy the commission that it will provide without the aid of the national government the sum of $10,000 000, and with the site to also be provided by Chicago. This is ample for all purposes for a fair in this country.

In addition to the buildings erected by the government and the city of Chicago for the exposition we may reasonably anticipate that many states of the Union, the Dominion of Canada, Mexico, the Central and South American republics and the governments of Europe will occupy commodious buildings for their exhibits. About fifty countries were represented at the Paris exposition, and we may confidently expect increased interest and a larger representation in the Columbian exposition.

The committee calls attention to the interesting and important communications and estimates appended, received from different departments and bureaus of the government, indicating the great interest in the exposition, and it is most important that they should have an opportunity to exhibit the valuable collections of the government of the United States. The continued interest manifested by the people of the country and foreign nations in this celebration, and more careful consideration of the subject since the first report of this committee has more deeply impressed the committee with the grandeur and importance of the undertaking, and confirmed them in the opinion that it will prove to be of great national advantage.

In conclusion is attached a statement from Senator Farwell, saying that the subscriptions to the fair fund are bona fide and will be paid.

The minority report is signed by Belden, Hatch and Flower, as follows: The undersigned members dissent from the foregoing report and its conclusions, and believe the following resolution which we voted for should have been adopted:

That when a guarantee fund of $10,000,000 shall be secured by Chicago, the sufficiency and legality of which shall be satisfactory to this committee.

We report the pending bill with such amendments as the committee may agree upon.

SOLDIER WILD A BAD MAN.

Therefore Lieutenant Steele Felt Justified in Convicting Him for a Petty Offense.

CHICAGO, March 19.—The trial by court-martial of Lieutenant Steele, eighth cavalry, for alleged maltreatment of private Dell P. Wild, was resumed this morning. Evidence was introduced to prove that Wild formerly served in the army under the name of Daniel P. Ward. Wild when questioned declined to say how long he had been in the service, and admitted that he could not bring any one to testify to his good character. On behalf of Steele a number of troopers testified that he always treated them in a gentlemanly way, and that they would not believe Wild under oath. Steele offered to bring every member of his company to prove both of these points. Adjourned till to-morrow.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—At the investigation of the charges against Captain Healy to-day, Lieutenant Buhn, executive officer of the Bear, testified in behalf of the defense, that under Captain Healy's orders he took several sailors from the bark Estella to the Bear at Ounalaska last July and triced them up about fifteen minutes and afterwards double-ironed them and fastened them to stanchions below the decks. He said the punishment was not painful at all, and that Captain Healy had told him the tricing-up was intended to frighten the men more than to hurt them. Witness also testified that Captain Healy was not intoxicated on the entire trip, and he considered him a remarkably humane man.

NICARAGUA CANAL NOT HURRIED.

Reduction of the Working Force—Only Five Hundred Men Remain.

NEW YORK, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—News from Greytown to March 3 has been received, by which it is learned that the Nicaragua Canal Company has just discharged some thirty of its engineers and clerks, contract men, simply tendering them their fares to New York. The rapid reduction of the pay-roll of the canal company does not look as though work was being pushed with that energy we read about in American newspapers that are booming the canal. A month ago there were 675 men on the works, but to-day not over 500 remain, and the prospect is that a good many of these will soon go. Work will now be confined to Silico, where rock is being taken out for the breakwater. Five hundred out of 1700 feet of piling has been driven to a depth of ten feet. Some wiseacres say the strong current caused by a change in the river channel is liable to undermine this work at any time, though at present the action of the water is banking up sand along the line. No mattresses are down, no filling has been done as yet to speak of, and work will soon have to be stopped unless more piles come to hand.

Startling rumors reach Greytown daily from natives concerning Shultz and his gold mines. After taking up large areas of land in his own name and the names of his relatives, Shultz prevailed upon the government to restrict any one mining claim to 100 feet square, giving new-comers but little or no show. The mines are enormously rich, and Shultz is fast becoming a millionaire.

BITTEN BY A BLUE GUM NEGRO.

The Fangs of Some Colored Men as Deadly as the Rattlesnake's Tooth.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Several weeks ago, Oscar Hall, a farmer of Clay county, had a fight with a negro farmhand named Henry Davis, who bit one of his fingers to the bone. The finger became much swollen and inflamed, and finally had to be amputated. Then the swelling continued up to the arm and finally it was cut off near the shoulder. Several days ago symptoms of hydrophobia developed, and Hall grew rapidly worse until he died. The attending physician pronounced it a case of hydrophobia.

Davis was what is known as a "blue gum negro," his gums being blue in color, and there is general belief that the bite of such negroes is always fatal. Physicians say the color of the gums is caused by bad blood, and that in such cases the bite would be poisonous and probably fatal. Davis is under arrest and charged with murder.

FIVE IRON MINERS LOST.

Great Fire Raging Underground at Hurley, Wisconsin—Heavy Financial Loss.

HURLEY, Wis., March 19.—A great fire is raging in the Germania mine. Five miners have perished, and all efforts to stay the flames are unsuccessful. The unfortunate men are James Thomas, his son, John Thomas, Hugh Waller, Jimmy Sullivan and William Banks, all miners. The loss will reach $100,000.

Death of a Well Known Schoolteacher.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Miss Kate Kennedy, formerly principal of the North Cosmopolitan school in this city, died last evening in Oakland. Miss Kennedy had been identified with the school department of this city for many years. Her displacement by the board of education for political reasons after years of faithful work, her successful legal battle against the city, the order to pay to Miss Kennedy as salary, and her final right to reinstatement, are matters of recent history. Miss Kennedy was a Methodist. She came to California in 1850.

Take the Union Pacific to-day for Ogden, Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis and all points East. Elegant palace sleeping cars, free chair cars, dining cars. Through tickets to Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis and all points East. For rates call at Union Pacific, Kansas City & Lake Shore Chicago, or C. W. Taylor, city ticket agent, at 124 First street, corner Oak.

Purchase your tickets and reserve your sleeping car accommodation at No. 121 First street, corner Washington, office Northern Pacific Railroad.

The town is growing south.

SAVED FROM SIBERIA.

An Innocent Student Exiled From His Native Land.

JUMPED FROM A MOVING TRAIN

Horrible Experience in Russian Dungeons—Escape, Recapture and Pardon—The Czar Pays Tribute to Bacchus.

A Russian exile, now a student at Columbia college, New York, tells the following story in the New York *Herald*:

I am 22 years old, and already exiled forever from my country. Four years ago I was a student in a university in one of the largest cities of Russia. In American universities, I understand, it is the custom for two young men to "chum" together. In Russia we are not so rich, and three or four contribute toward the common expenses. I was one of a group of four. One of these four was, unknown to the others, a nihilist. This could not well happen here. It can readily happen in Russia, where one-half of the population spies on the other half. The arrests which followed the last attempt on the life of the czar numbered 180 persons, not one of whom was implicated in the plot. I caught a glimpse of the Russian "holy czar," or rather of the "tyrant czar," recently. The ruler of Russia is a pale, haggard old man, whose face betrays anxiety and fear. He is trying to forget himself, not in prayer, but in the arms of Bacchus. I think there is no man in America that would knowingly take up the royal burden.

One evening, when I came from the theater, I found my room full of gendarmes, who arrested me at once for a political crime. I was then and there searched. The police pulled to pieces everything in the room that could contain books, pamphlets or papers, but found nothing of a compromising nature. I was then put into a covered "drosky" and taken to prison.

I was first taken before the general of police, the man whose enmity had exiled my brother. He asked me who my friends were and what they were doing. I demanded the cause of my arrest. No explanation was given me, and having nothing to confess, I had no information to give. I was marched off at once to my cell, to wait there until I was prepared to enlighten the government on a subject of which I knew nothing. I learned months afterward that I had been arrested because a few days before written proclamations had been circulated by the nihilists. The handwriting resembled mine and I had been seen purchasing fifty postage stamps at one of the government offices.

I felt when the prison door was opened as if I were entering a grave. Picture to yourself a square hole in the middle of a stone, seven feet long, six feet wide and six feet high. For once I blessed my short stature. There was no window in this hole but a glass over the door; no light but what came from the oil lamp that hung outside. An iron bedstead, fastened to the wall, cut off a foot or so of my narrow limits. Everything is made fast so that the desperate may not commit suicide, for those who go insane in prison are not few. A wooden table was locked to the floor at one end of the den, and by its side was fastened a wooden chair. On the wall hung an "icon," a sacred picture of a saint, to encourage devotion. I had plenty of time for devotion. There was no light for books or the small industries in which prisoners employ themselves. I was allowed to do no work.

On the bed was a straw mattress and two blankets. The straw was changed but once a month. On entering the prison I had to submit to a search in comparison with which the search at my room was child's play. I was even made to open my mouth that the police might be assured that there was no dynamite concealed there. They discovered nothing more formidable than my tongue. I was allowed to retain my underclothes, but instead of my outer garments I received a long woolen robe like a dressing gown. With this for day use and my blankets for night I was never cold. But if the cell was warm it was hardly dry. Water trickled constantly over the stone walls and waked me by trickling on my face. After several weeks of this solitary confinement my nerves became so shattered that when this happened I would leap from my bed in shuddering agony. The meals in a Russian prison are simple and not conducive to dyspepsia.

At most times two gendarmes entered and stood beside me with loaded revolvers while I made my frugal repast. The food was served in a wooden bowl, and both bowl and spoon were instantly removed by the guards when the prisoner had finished. There is no chance of making chisels out of one's furniture in a Russian prison. The abbe of Dumas' novel would hardly have constructed that remarkable tunnel from my cell. In this hole I lived for months, and no man who has not suffered the horrors of solitary confinement can appreciate what I suffered.

After I had been confined for two months I heard one day toward evening a tapping against the wall of my cell. Those who have read Mr. Kennan's admirable articles will know at once what it was, but I did not guess the cause for some time. Finally I guessed that it was some plan of communication from another prisoner, and such it proved to be. I need not repeat here what has been told so well elsewhere of the mode of talking by taps. There is in nearly every cell, in some obscure corner, observable only by the eyes of men who, like bats, have grown used to the darkness, a little plan scratched in the stone, if by nothing else sometimes by a broken tooth of a prisoner. In this plan the letters are so arranged that by a combination of taps it is unnecessary to tap twenty-three times for the twenty-third letter. Of course, at first, before I discovered the compound method, my next door neighbor tapped once for A, twice for B, and so on. When once I had mastered this method of communication I felt no longer alone. Tapping is forbidden, and the government knows that it exists, but the key of the tapping alphabet they have not yet discovered, even through their spies.

From the tower I was taken like a corpse to the infirmary. The beds here were separate, and there was at least fresh air and better food. For breakfast there was white bread and oatmeal, for dinner beef or some other good meat and for supper white bread and tea. Sometimes articles were sent to the sick prisoners by the charitable. I fell heir to a handkerchief with a coronet sent by some noble woman who sympathized with me. Of course it was taken from me when I left the prison, and there was some excitement in guessing who the donor was. The physician who inspected us was a personal acquaintance of my father, and I saw the tears in his eyes when he came to me. But he could do nothing for me, for the physicians themselves are watched every moment by the gendarmes, and the slightest suspicion of connivance with the prisoners is followed by heavy punishment. After two weeks of hospital life I was sufficiently recovered to be taken before the authorities for the "ologres," or official examination, and then for the first time I learned the nature of my crime.

I was too weak to walk and was carried to the examination room. It was hung with black, like the hall of the inquisition. Behind the table covered with black sat the general of police, the minister of justice, the state attorney, and a secretary with the "protokols." I was carried to the prisoners' cage and made to stand while the charge against me was read, though I was mercifully allowed to sit when the questions were asked. Two gendarmes with revolvers loaded stood one on each side of me, and two more guarded the entrance. The general of police asked the questions and the attorney wrote down the answers. At first I declaimed against the czar and his government, but the pistol barrels stopped that. I was asked if I belonged to any society, and names of my friends and what they had in view. I answered that I did belong to such a society, and that its intention was to kill the czar and destroy the government. The names of my friends I declined to disclose in St. Petersburg, but I promised to do so if sent to Odessa, where, I said, I need not fear assassination. All the officers rose when I told these lies, and promised me everything under heaven if I would disclose the names then and there; but I stuck to my purpose. At first they tried to make me sign my testimony without reading it, but I declined to sign till I was shown all that had been written, and then with great difficulty, so weak was I, I signed my name. This false testimony was part of a plan of escape. In spite of constant watching, solitary confinement and stone walls, I had word from my friends, and my escape in all its details was planned before I had left the prison.

After my examination I was taken back to the infirmary, and as it was supposed that I was going to aid our paternal government by betraying my friends I was fed on the best of fare. Roasted fowls and good wine came to my table instead of sour soup and black bread. I kept up an exhibition of sickness as long as possible in order to receive the life-giving regimen, but at the end of three weeks I was unable to sham any longer, and was pronounced well enough to move. Since my examination I had got back my own clothes, and it was with them, without chains, that I was put in a covered drosky and taken to the railroad station.

A squad of cavalry surrounded the vehicle. There was a gendarme on the driver's seat beside the "ivoshchik" and two with me inside. The station was cleared of people, and a crowd collected on the outside, believing that I had attempted to assassinate the czar. Through a double file of gendarmes I was conducted to a special car on the express train. People in the crowd threw me cigarettes, but most of these were kept by my guards. At last the train started and we were fairly on our way, the guards to Odessa and I to freedom.

The train started, and in five minutes my three gendarmes were sound asleep and snoring. The waiter had been bribed and my three gendarmes had taken a pretty substantial dose of laudanum. Once assured that they were asleep, I made my way through the little corridor to the rear of the car. I have said that I was in my own clothes and without chains, and watching as well as I could in the dusk jumped at last into what looked like a soft ditch. It was soft, very soft. I went into the mud up to my neck. However, I was not hurt, and in this I was more fortunate than my friend, who also leaped from the train. He sprained his ankle badly. To cover his tracks he had bought a ticket half way to Odessa and had bribed the conductor to let him ride further, a practice common enough in Russia. When, therefore, the police tried to ascertain if any of the passengers who had bought tickets for Odessa had left the train before reaching that place there was no missing ticket and no Odessa passenger to be accounted for. Making for the woods, we struggled for the first little town and there hired a "kibitka" and went straight to Odessa, as the place of all others where we were the least likely to be looked for.

My poor companion had but $37, an amount barely enough to take us to Odessa; and so, though forged passports had been provided for us, I was obliged to wait in Odessa till remittances arrived from some friends. In Russia there is a sort of Free Masonry among the students, so I was at once welcomed among the friends of my friend, and of course immediately assumed a disguise that I might not be recognized, for within a day or two all the region along the line of the railroad on which I had traveled was placarded with offers of a reward of 2000 rubles for information that would lead to my capture. At that time the unfortunate Jews in Odessa were undergoing that strange persecution that attracted the attention of the civilized world. Mobs formed in the streets, largely of students. I saw a Cossack strike with his riding whip a student who was protecting some Jews, and I fired a revolver at him. A mounted officer, whom I afterward discovered to be the general in charge of the garrison, a coward who sends people to Siberia only to obtain the title of a governor of the state, saw me fire the shot and rode his horse at me. Then I remembered what in my excitement I had forgotten, that I had about me the names of people who would give me assistance, and considerable correspondence that would insure the arrest of some of my friends. I ran like a hare down the street but four feet are better than two, and, as the fleet horse overtook me, scarcely knowing what I was about, I leaped to one side and levelled a blow at my pursuer. My heavy student's stuff fell with a thud on the general's illustrious leg, and at that appropriate moment his horse slipped and fell. I did not want to see his fate, but knowing that now death within twenty-four hours awaited me, I again took to my heels, and dodging and doubling, escaped my pursuers, and at last gained the open country and the woods, where I struggled on till I fairly fell from exhaustion. I passed the night in the open air where I fell and awoke in the morning racked in every joint by pain and stiffness. I bobbled along with my back to the rising sun till I saw smoke issuing from a cabin. * * * After many thrilling adventures I was captured again, and after six months' further imprisonment, no proof of any conspiracy or Nihilistic knowledge being found, they read me a pardon from the czar. But what kind of a pardon? I was sentenced to lifelong banishment from all Russian cities, to live in a small town called Pontevez, in the government of Kovno, to be there under constant police surveillance. If the police demanded that I report to them every half hour during the day I was obliged to do it. All my political and civil and nearly all my natural rights, my entire property, or rather that which I should have inherited, and been confiscated. I had no redress for any injury done to me. I was not allowed to hold communication with any one except in the presence of a gendarme or police official. You cannot conceive all the horrors of such a life. And yet my sentence was a light one in comparison with my brother's. His fate and my own killed our father with grief. If I had been exiled when arrested nothing could have saved me from the terrors of Siberia.

This was the mercy of Alexander III., the personal friend of Colonel de Arnaud, of Washington, who claims that the Russian czar is liberal minded. I stayed in his liberal hotel for nearly eighteen months, so I know how good and noble he is—when he sleeps in the arms of Bacchus to forget the terrors of his victims.

A RIPENING PLUM.

Ready to Fall Into Portland's Lap on Plucking.

THE SITUATION ON THE SOUND

What a Citizen Saw on His Travels—A Syndicate of Portland People Will Develop the San de Fuca Ship Canal.

"What did I see on the Sound that was new?" said Mr. W. A. Bantz, who returned to this city yesterday. "Why, I saw so much that was new and surprising that I fear my reputation for truth and veracity would be badly bent, if not broken, were a recital attempted. Everywhere wonderful activity is displayed. Cars, steamboats and hotels are crowded to fullest capacity. At Tacoma the big elegant new theater, through which I was kindly shown by Manager Hanna, and the extensive improvements being made by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company at the head of the bay were the most striking features. The Tacoma electric railway with its odd-looking, bark-hued cars appears to be working finely and should not be overlooked. At Seattle one appears to be in a magic city, the immense new brick blocks that have been erected since the fire appearing in strange contrast with the fire tents still occupied by merchants and others who have not yet been provided with more substantial quarters. The impression received by comparison being, that here the dwellings of the majority of a race of dwarfs must have been transformed in a twinkling into the habitations of giants, a few only of the dwarfed superstructures being left, as samples, as it were.

I did not get over to Port Townsend, but learned that spring business in all lines was opening with great promise of activity. At Whatcom and Sehome (practically one city) new lumber is being worked up at a rate that indicates a greater demand for business houses and dwellings than has existed in either for a long time before. The pushing of the Cornwall railroad toward the British line—it is now out to the Nooksack river—and Nelson Bennett's determination now being carried out to extend the Fairhaven & Northern along the Bellingham, Sehome and Whatcom water frontage, and thence to a connection with the Canadian Pacific, is the apparent enlivening cause. At Fairhaven is seen, perhaps, the best illustration of the newer type of civilization now prevailing on the Sound. Why the oldest inhabitant can scarcely have been in Fairhaven a year, and yet here are substantial business houses and dwellings, banks and hotels, and excellent electric light system, active street improvements and a general donning of metropolitan airs. It's an interesting type of modern disposition, too—a sort of crowding into five years what is to which our more leisurely ancestors dedicated half a century. Lots of people do not understand it either, and are consequently "left." Entering these new towns they stand aghast at real estate prices quoted—

DISINFECTANTS.

What Kind to Use, and How and When to Use Them.

[J. H. Kellogg, M. D., in Christian Union.]

The best means to disinfect a room which has been occupied by a consumptive or a person suffering from any infectious disease is to burn sulphur in the room. To do this, take a dish-pan and place a flat plate in the bottom of it, and on this set a kettle containing the proper amount of sulphur mixture—equal quantities of powdered sulphur and charcoal. Fill the pan with water so that it will come half way up on the kettle. Then turn alcohol or benzine on the mixture, ignite and get out of the room as speedily as possible. Alcohol is much the best to use, and two or three ounces will be sufficient for several pounds of sulphur. Let the room remain closed for twenty-four hours and then thoroughly cleansed, the furniture washed with disinfectant solution, the walls newly calcimined or papered, and the woodwork covered with fresh paint.

The room should be prepared previously by having every crack about doors and windows tightly pasted or stopped up. The object of using water is that the heat of the kettle will cause evaporation and send moisture out into the room; for, the spores being very tenacious of life, dry sulphur fumes are not sufficient to kill them all. In the dry state the product is simply oxide of sulphur, but when water is added we have sulphurous acid, which is powerful enough to kill the spores as well as the germs.

It is of the utmost importance that a sufficient quantity of the sulphr be used to make the work effective. I have seen people attempt to disinfect a large room with a handful of sulphur barely sufficient to disinfect a dry goods box. It amounts to nothing whatever. Ascertain the size of the room, and burn three pounds of sulphur for every 1000 cubic feet of air. Take, for instance, a room which is 12x15 feet floor measurement and ten feet high, which gives a cubical contents of 1800 cubic feet. This is so nearly 2000 that it would be best to take six pounds of sulphur to disinfect it.

Some people distribute a handful of chloride of lime about, which gives a sanitary smell, but is really of no value. Many strange notions as to disinfection prevail, and all sorts of valueless recommendations are going the rounds of the papers. For instance, I called upon a patient once and found a tub of water under the bed, and it was explained to me that this was for the purpose of absorbing germs. Others will set powdered charcoal around on trays, or a little chloride of lime on a saucer. Some people seem to imagine that the germs are going to hunt up the disinfectant and destroy themselves. A strong solution of copperas will kill all the germs it touches, but it will not kill the spores or seeds of the germs.

Half a pound of chloride of lime to a gallon of water makes a good disinfectant to destroy germs in excreta, provided the chloride of lime is good, but the most of it is poor, having lost its disinfectant properties.

Another excellent disinfectant is corrosive sublimate, but it is too dangerous for common use unless kept under lock and key. It is best used in connection with permanganate of potash, one drachm of each to a gallon of water. This will make a reddish or purplish solution, and, if marked poison and handled with care, will be dangerous chiefly to germs. This solution is equal to about one part in 1000 of each; the corrosive sublimate will destroy the germs, and the premanganate of potash will destroy the odors, as well as furnish coloring matter. A solution of corrosive sublimate alone is colorless, odorless, and nearly tasteless, which fact greatly increases the risk of using it. About one part in 20,000 is sufficient to kill germs, but to disinfect excreta it is necessary to use a strong solution, and the bulk of the disinfectant should be equal to that of the excreta.

For disinfecting the clothing from the bed and the patient, soak for four hours either in a solution of corrosive sublimate or the same length of time in a 2 per cent. solution of carbolic acid. The latter is to be preferred for general purposes, for it will not affect the texture, while corrosive sublimate will shrink flannel clothing and make it harsh. If the disease be diphtheria, scarlet fever or the like, every article of clothing or upholstery which will not wash must be burned, and every book and paper must be burned.

A solution of corrosive sublimate may be used to disinfect a room by washing the walls and floor in it, but the permanganate of potash must be left out from this as well as the solution for disinfecting clothing, for it will stain. To set any of these things in a room does no good; a disinfectant must be distributed to be available.

No Jewelry for Men.

New York Sun.

The head of one of the largest firms of jewelers in New York remarked the other day that the fashion of men wearing jewelry, which prevailed for a time, was brief and feeble.

"Anybody who now wants jewelry especially designed for men," he said, "can get great quantities of it at any of the big establishments at a very low cost. Jewelry for gentlemen has been steadily cheapened month after month, in the hope of getting rid of it, but there seems to be no combatting the fashion, and the tendency of things now is for men to wear little or no jewelry at all. It was thought when the big cravats came in vogue again that there would be a great demand for big scarf pins, and a great many of them were put on the market; but the swells who wear the biggest scarfs wear the smallest pins, and no man of position in the social or financial world thinks of wearing diamond collar buttons, diamond finger rings, or any of the multifarious articles of personal adornment that were formerly so popular. Even the manufacture of jewelry for men, which was at one time a very remunerative branch of the business, has begun to fall off wonderfully. Men of any pretentions to fashion do not wear watch chains. They either carry a cheap watch loose in their pocket or have it attached to a cheap silver key ring chain, which is buttoned onto the side of the trousers.

"The severity of fashion regarding jewelry is undoubtedly due to the abuse of the ring craze five or six years ago. A number of wealthy club men took up the fashion of wearing two or three rings, many of them decorated with diamonds, rubies and sapphires, and then the cheap dudes all over town began to imitate them. Every errand boy wore a silver or gold or gold washed ring twisted around his finger four or five times, and the whole fashion reached such gaudy proportions that within less than a year men had given up jewelry wearing entirely. Occasionally a cad will be seen about town who is all blazing with diamonds or gaudy pins, but a gentleman is now distinguished by an entire absence of jewelry of every kind. It is a mighty bad thing for our business, too."

How a Woman Made Money.

Ladies' Home Journal.

A Washington lady, foreseeing the loss of her income, trimmed her sails to the threatening breeze. She carefully considered her capabilities, and early in the spring decided to put her energies into the making of preserves, pickles and jellies. She knew ladies of social prominence, and secured their names as references. She had circulars printed, which she sent to people likely to respond with orders, and she put an advertisement in a few newspapers. She received enough orders to guarantee her enterprise, but presuming on further sales, she made about thirty gallons of pickles of various kinds, and 350 glasses of jelley and jars of fruit. As an experiment to test their popularity, she made a dozen cans of brandied peaches, spiced currants and plums, sweet pickled melons, stuffed mangoes, ketchup and chow-chow. She spared no pains, attended personally to the marketing, procured the best fruit as fresh as possible before it "lost the taste of the sun," and made everything with exquisite neatness. She put her jellies in pretty moulds, and even lettered the labels attractively. Her energy and courage brought a success that warrants her enlarging the business.

AN ODD KIND OF TELESCOPE.

To See What Is Going on in the Water—How to Construct One.

No doubt a good many of our boys and girls are ignorant of the fact, says the New York *World*, that they can, with very little trouble, and at almost no expense, construct an instrument with which they can plainly see what is going on under the water over which they sail their boats. The very idea of such a thing is attractive, and we propose to tell you how it can be done.

The water telescope may be made of wood or of tin, whichever you prefer, and we will describe both. The tin is better, because it is lighter and more easily handled. Its manufacture is very simple. Get a tinsmith to make for you a funnel-shaped tin horn about three feet long. It should be eight or ten inches in diameter at the bottom, and broad enough at the top for both eyes to look into. Into the bottom put a piece of glass, cut to fit, and make it perfectly water-tight. Leave the top open. The inside should be painted black to prevent the reflection of the light upon the surface of the tin. Around the outside of the bottom solder on several sinkers to offset the buoyancy of the air in the water-tight horn and make it easier to submerge. If it is not convenient to get a round piece of glass, have the large end made square and use square glass. That's all there is of it, and when you sink the instrument down into the water and put your eyes to the small end, you will be perfectly astonished at the plainness with which you will see all kinds of fish and water animals swimming around in a state of nature.

A wooden water telescope is made of a long, square, wooden box, say ten inches square at the large and four or five inches square at the other end. Make all the seams water-tight by means of putty and paint. Put a piece of glass in the large end and leave the small end open to look into, as you do with the tin instrument.

A great many of you go on boating and picnic parties, and you can imagine how much such a contrivance would add to your amusement and pleasure, to say nothing of the instruction derived from studying the inhabitants of the water at home.

Using the principle of a water telescope, a well-known naturalist had a boat made with a glass in the bottom, through which he could see every movement of thousands of fish as they swam along through the clear water. Fishermen in Norway use the water telescope at their work with the best results, sometimes discovering a new kind of fish that might otherwise have escaped the notice.

CONCERNING THE WALTZ.

Origin and History of the Favorite Dance of the Civilized World.

The generally accepted story is that the waltz comes from Germany, but a little investigation will show that this statement is open to discussion. As far back as the twelfth century the waltz was known in Provence, but under the name of the volta, says the San Francisco *Chronicle*. The song which accompanied it was called a ballada. Under Louis VII. it was brought from Provence to Paris and was the fashion during the whole of the sixteenth century, especially in the luxurious court of the Valois.

The Germans adopted it, and the Provencal volta became the German waltz. The years passed, and then in or about 1790 the waltz once more crossed the Rhine and was introduced into France. From France it was taken to England, thence it spread to this country, and soon became the favorite dance of the civilized world.

Taking all the various accounts into consideration, it is very evident that there is a decided break in the imaginary genealogy of the balance of evidence being in favor of the conclusion that the waltz which first made its public appearance in Vienna in 1790 is the true parent of the present dance, and that it was then a modification of a Bohemian country dance, which, in its original form, is still to be found as part of the exercises of that country.

BRIDESMAIDS.

Their Old-time Duties—They All Want to Get Married.

Instead of being only so many graceful ornaments at the marriage ceremony, as nowadays, the bridesmaids in olden times had various duties assigned to them, says the New York *Ledger*. One of their principal tasks was dressing the bride on the wedding morning. At a wedding, too, where it was arranged that the bride should be followed by a numerous train of her lady friends, it was the first bridesmaid's duty to play the part of a drill-mistress, "sizing" them so that "no pair in the procession were followed by a taller couple." She was also expected to see that each bridesmaid was not only duly provided with a sprig of rosemary, or a floral posy pinned to the breast folds of her dress, but had a symbolical chaplet in her hand.

In many parts of Germany it is still customary for the bridesmaids to bring the myrtle wreath, which they had subscribed together to purchase on the nuptial eve, to the house of the bride, and to remove it from her head at the close of the wedding day. After this has been done the bride is blindfolded, and, the myrtle wreath being put into her hand, she tries to put it on the head of one of the bridesmaids as they dance around her; for, in accordance with an old belief, whoever she crowns is sure to be married within a year from that date. As may be imagined, this ceremony is the source of no small excitement, each bridesmaid being naturally anxious to follow the example of the bride and get married within a year.

Choice of a Wife.

New York Telegraph.

A celebrated writer, in advising respecting the choice of a wife, expresses himself thus: "Always bear this in mind; that, if she is not frugal, she is not what is called a good manager. If she does not pride herself on her knowledge of family affairs and laying out her money to the best advantage, let her be ever so sweet-tempered, gracefully made, or elegantly accomplished, she is no wife for a man who has to make his way in the world. All those otherwise amiable talents will but open just so many roads to ruin.

The Union Pacific are now running two daily trains through to Chicago, in three days, carrying all classes of passengers on both trains, having Pullman sleepers, tourist sleepers and free reclining chair cars attached. Passengers can now leave Portland at 7 A. M. and 9 P. M. For sleeping car reservation, etc., apply to C. S. Taylor, ticket agent, 21 First street, corner Oak, Union ticket office.

The town is growing south.

WHERE THEY WERE BORN.

Men of Foreign Birth Who Are Now Representatives in Congress.

Four members of the present congress were born in Scotland, four in Ireland, two in England, one in Sweden, one in Germany, and one in Canada, making in all thirteen foreign born—two in the senate and eleven in the house. These are the foreign-born statesmen now enjoying the right of representative American citizens in the Fifty-first congress: Senator Beck, of Kentucky, born in Dumfriesshire, Scotland, in 1822; Senator Pasco, of Florida, born in London, England, 1834; Congressman John M. Claney, Fourth New York district, born in Ireland, 1837; John Quinn, Eleventh New York district, born in Ireland, 1839; John M. Farquhar, Thirty-second New York district, born in Ayrshire, Scotland, 1832; John M. Wiley, Thirty-third New York district, born in Ireland, 1840; William G. Laidlaw, Thirty-fourth New York district, born at Jedburg, Scotland, 1840; Herman Lehlbach, Sixth New Jersey district, born in Baden, Germany, 1845; William McAdoo, Seventh New Jersey district, born in Ireland, 1853; D. B. Henderson, Third Iowa district, born at Old Deer, Scotland, 1840; John Lind, Second Minnesota district, born in Sweden 1854; W. W. Grout, Second Vermont district, born at Compton, Quebec, 1836; and Charles F. Crisp, Third Georgia district, born at Sheffield, England, 1845, while his parents, residents of Georgia, were there on a visit. In the last congress there were nineteen foreign-born statesmen—two in the senate, Messrs. Beck and Pasco, and seventeen in the house, Messrs. Crisp, Henderson, Lehlbach, McAdoo, Farquhar, Laidlaw and Grout, and beside them these, who dropped out, not being re-elected: Messrs. Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, a Norwegian; Romeis, of Ohio, and Morse, of Massachusetts, Bavarians; Guenther, of Wisconsin, a Prussian; Bourke Cochran and T. J. Campbell, of New York, Patrick A. Collins, of Massachusetts, and O'Neill, of Missouri, all natives of Ireland, and West, of New York, a native of England.

Steam Navigation on the Nile.

Scientific American.

A new Egyptian association has been formed, styled the Thewfikieh Company, who are the owners of a number of steamers which have been specially fitted for a regular service of passengers desiring to ascend the river from Cairo to the first cataract, visiting the antiquities on the banks. The formation of this company has been sanctioned by a decree of the khedive, who has just inaugurated the operations by a personal visit on board the steamer El Khedevie. The saloon, ladies' boudoir, smoking room, and all parts of the steamer are illuminated by eighty electric lights of a total power of 2500 candles, and the decorations of the apartments are of the most elegant and luxurious character.

The Northern Pacific are now selling first-class limited tickets through to Chicago for $67; second-class, $39. These are the lowest rates now in effect.

The world is after it.

The great popularity of "SEAL OF NORTH CAROLINA" Plug Cut Smoking Tobacco has extended all over the world.

Smokers should see that they get the genuine "SEAL," as the country is flooded with poor imitations of this grand old Tobacco.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

Swift's Specific has cured my little niece of white swelling of the worst type. More than twenty pieces of bone came out of her leg. She was not able to walk for eight months, and was on crutches a year. The doctors advised amputation, but I refused, and put her on S. S. S. She is now as well and playful as any child.

MRS. ANNIE GESSLING, Columbus, Ga.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

PILES. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; Intense Itching and Stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. It will seem to be almost impossible to stop. Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerative Piles. Sufferers often die from exhaustion. Dr. BOSANKO'S PILE REMEDY stops the Itching and Bleeding, heals Ulcerations, and in most cases removes the tumors. Never fails to cure. Easily applied. Price $1.00 by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. 50 cts. a box; 3 boxes, $1.25. Address letters, DR. BOSANKO & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

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For Bilious and Nervous Disorders.
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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
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RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.
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In 48 hours Gonorrhœa and discharges from the urinary organs separated by Sanal-Midy Capsules without inconvenience. Price $1. Of A. C. DIEUDONNÉ & Co., 21 Jay St., New York.

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Slab wood—$1.50 per load—from Woodstock, now on the Oregon left at mill or in the box at Ross Edeon will be promptly attended to. W. A. L. M. & M. Co.

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An Alterative Medicine, don't forget that everything depends on the kind used. Ask for Ayer's Sarsaparilla and take no other. For over forty years this preparation has had the endorsement of leading physicians and druggists, and it has achieved a success unparalleled in the history of proprietary medicines.

"For a rash, from which I had suffered some months, my father, an M. D., recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It effected a cure. I am still taking this medicine, as I find it to be a most powerful blood-purifier."—J. E. Cocke, Denton, Texas.

"C. H. Hut, Druggist, Evansville, Ind., writes: "I have been selling Ayer's Sarsaparilla for many years. It maintains its popularity, while many other preparations, formerly as well known, have long been forgotten."

"I have always recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla as superior to any other preparation for purifying the blood."—C. B. Kuykendall, M. D., Pomeroy, W.T.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

SAD EYED WOMEN.

Why so Many Ladies are Miserable Clearly Explained—Some Stirring Remarks by One Who Knows.

"I feel sad every time I see a woman." The above remark was made to the writer by one of the oldest and most prominent physicians in New York.

"Is it possible that you are a woman hater, Doctor?"

"Not at all but I have seen so much suffering, so many women who are miserable, that I cannot help feeling sorry for them all. How many ladies do you know that are perfectly well and healthy? How many enjoy life as they should? Is this not enough to make one feel sorrowful?

"There must be a cause for all this Doctor."

"There is. Women are weak and their troubles largely arise from weaknesses. When a woman is weak she requires strength. Her body, her mind and all her functions must be put in a healthy condition, or she cannot secure strength. Nothing does this so easily and surely as pure spirits taken in moderation, either before meals or between meals. I know scores of ladies that are kept in perfect health, strength and brilliancy, by the judicious use of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Many of these ladies are wives of ministers and professors, and most of them are temperance women. They realize that Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey furnishes the best and only positive help, and they are intelligent enough to profit by such knowledge. I know whereof I speak and I speak as a temperance man. The best temperance people of to-day are the ones who use pure spirits in moderation and find that strength, vigor, color and brightness are the results, rather than weakness, sallowness and a loss of interest in everything in life."

I was much impressed with the remarks of the Doctor and believing their importance, re-produce them entire.

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To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland and all points in the United States and Canada can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.
Passengers booked to and from all European points.
For rates, maps and particulars call on or address G. G. McCOID, No. 8 Washington st., Portland, Oregon.
D. E. BROWN, Asst Gen. Freight and Pass. Agt. Vancouver, B. C.
Correspondence respectfully solicited.

THE YAQUINA ROUTE.
OREGON PACIFIC RAILROAD
Oregon Development Co.'s Steamers!
SHORT LINE TO CALIFORNIA.
FREIGHT AND FARES THE LOWEST
Steamer Sailing Dates:
From Yaquina—Steamer Willamette Valley, Saturday, March 8; Sunday, March 16; Tuesday, March 25.
From San Francisco—Steamer Willamette Valley, Wednesday, March 12; Thursday, March 20; Sunday, March 30.
The company reserves the right to change sailing dates without notice.
This connects with the O. & C. R. and River boats at Corvallis and Albany.
The Oregon Pacific steamboats on the Willamette River division will leave Portland, south bound, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrive at Corvallis Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3:30 P. M.
Leave Corvallis, north bound, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 A. M.
Arrive at Portland Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3:30 P. M.
On Monday, Wednesday and Friday, both north and south bound boats lie over night at Salem, leaving there at 6 A. M.
Freight and Ticket Office, Salmon street wharf, Portland.
C. H. HASWELL, Jr., G. F. & P. Agent, 24 Montgomery st., San Francisco.
C. G. HOGUE, Asst. G. F. & P. A., O. P. R. Corvallis, Oregon.

PORTLAND & VANCOUVER RAILWAY CO.

LEAVE EAST PORTLAND.		LEAVE VANCOUVER.	
*8:00 A. M.	1:50 P. M.	7:30 A. M.	3:10 P. M.
9:00 A. M.	2:40 P. M.	8:30 A. M.	4:00 P. M.
9:30 P. M.	3:30 P. M.	9:30 A. M.	4:50 P. M.
10:00 A. M.	4:20 P. M.	12:00 A. M.	6:15 P. M.
11:30 A. M.	5:45 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	11:30 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	2:20 P. M.	

*Train leaving at 8:00 A. M. will not run on Sundays and goes as far as Woodlawn only.
Trains leaving East Portland at 11:15 P. M. and Vancouver at 11:30 P. M. will run on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.
Trains connect both ways with steamer Traveller for La Camas and way points.
Special trains for hunting or excursion parties at reasonable rates.
TICKETS Single and return, for sale on Vancouver transfer boats, Stark street ferry and at general ticket office, L and Water sts., East Portland.
C. G. GRIMES, Supt.
E. DEKUM, President.

Portland & Willamette Valley Railway.

LEAVE PORTLAND.		LEAVE RIVERSIDE.	
7:45 A. M.	3:15 P. M.	6:12 A. M.	1:28 P. M.
9:00 A. M.	3:40 P. M.	8:12 A. M.	2:40 P. M.
10:35 A. M.	4:20 P. M.	8:23 A. M.	4:28 P. M.
12:30 P. M.	6:35 P. M.	11:00 A. M.	6:25 P. M.
	8:35 P. M.		8:25 P. M.
LEAVE PORTLAND.		LEAVE OSWEGO.	
7:45 A. M.	3:40 P. M.	6:03 A. M.	1:12 P. M.
10:10 A. M.	6:20 P. M.	7:48 A. M.	4:00 P. M.
12:30 P. M.	8:35 P. M.	10:55 A. M.	7:10 P. M.

For Sellwood and Milwaukie—Steam ferries connect with all these trains.
JOHN MOUTRIE, Superintendent.
WILLIAM REID, Vice-President.

RAILWAYS, ETC.—(Continued.)

VERLAND TO CALIFORNIA.
Via Southern Pacific Company Lines.
THE MT. SHASTA ROUTE.
Time between Portland and San Francisco.
California Express Trains run Daily.
PORTLAND AND SAN FRANCISCO.
Leave | Arrive
Portland 4 00 P M | San Francisco 7 40 A M
San Francisco 7 00 P M | Portland 10 45 A M
Local Passenger (daily, except Sunday)
Portland 8 00 A M | Eugene 4 55 P M
Eugene 9 00 A M | Portland 5 40 P M
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Tourist Sleeping Cars for accommodation of second-class passengers attached to each train.
The S. P. Co.'s ferry makes connection with all regular trains on the East Side Division.
WEST SIDE DIVISION.
Between Portland and Corvallis.
Mail Trains, Daily, Except Sundays.
Leave | Arrive
Portland 7 30 A M | Corvallis 1 30 P M
Corvallis 1 30 P M | Portland 6 00 P M
At Albany and Corvallis connect with all trains of the Oregon Pacific Railroad.
Express Train Daily, Except Sundays.
Leave | Arrive
Portland 4 50 P M | McMinnville 7 00 P M
McMinnville 4 45 A M | Portland 6 00 P M
Local tickets for sale at Passenger depot, Second and Jefferson streets, and at the company's office, corner First and Morrison streets. Through tickets for all points in California and the East can be secured at city office, corner First and Alder streets. Depot office, foot of First and Front streets. Portland & Oregon
C. P. ROGERS, Asst. G. P. & P. Agent.
R. KOEHLER, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.
ALASKA ROUTE.
Steamers leave San Francisco, Broadway wharf
No. 1, 9 A. M.
Steamer Umatilla—March 6 21, April 5, 20 May
5, 20; June 4, 14, 19, 29 July 5, 14, 19 29 August
3, 13, 18, 28, September 2, 17.
Leave Portland by rail 11.45 A. M.
Steamer City of Topeka—March 8, April 7 May 7,
June 6, July 7, August 5, September 4.
Steamer G. W. Elder—March 23, April 22, May
22, June 21 July 21, August 20 September 19
Steamer Queen—June 1, 16 July 1, 16 31, Aug.
ust 15, 30.
Leave Tacoma, 4 A. M., Seattle, 9 A. M. Port
Townsend and Victoria, P. M.
Steamer City of Topeka—March 9, April 8, May 8,
June 7, July 8, August 6, September 5.
Steamer Geo. W. Elder—March 24, April 23 May
23, June 22, July 22, August 21, September 20.
Steamer Queen—June 2, 17 July 2 17, Augus
t 1, 16, 31.
For further information about Alaska see pamphlet "All About Alaska," published by the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., which can be had at all agencies.
W. H. WALLACE, Agent, 83 First street, Portland, Or
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen'l Agents, San Francisco.

Union Pacific Railroad Co.
The Overland Route.
Two trains daily, leaving Fifth and Hoyt, Via Ogden. "The Limited Fast Mail" leaving at 7 A. M., carries vestibule, Pullman palace sleeping and dining cars through from Portland to Chicago via Council Bluffs without change; this train also makes direct connections for Walla Walla, Dayton, Denver Kansas City, St. Louis, Helena, Butte, and St. Paul.
No. 2, the Overland Flyer, leaving at 8 P. M., carries Pullman sleepers, modern day coaches and new colonist sleepers Portland to Chicago via Council Bluffs without change making direct connections for Salt Lake Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis, also carries through Pullman sleeper and day coaches for Walla Walla, Colfax Farmington Rockford and Spokane Falls, making direct connections for Pomeroy Lewiston and Moscow. West bound trains arrive at 6:40 A. M and 6:40 P. M.
San Francisco Line.
From Portland, Leaving at 10 P. M. | From San Francisco, Leaving Spear st. 10 A. M.
State ..... Mar. 8 | Oregon ..... May 1
Oregon ..... " 6 | Santa Rosa ..... " 5
Santa Rosa ..... " 10 | State ..... " 9
State ..... " 14 | Oregon ..... " 13
Oregon ..... " 18 | Columbia ..... " 17
Columbia ..... " 22 | State ..... " 21
State ..... " 26 | Oregon ..... " 25
Oregon ..... " 30 | Columbia ..... " 29
The company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing days.
To Astoria.—Steamer S.G. Reed leaves Portland Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M., landing at way points on Oregon side. Telephone leaves Portland Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 A. M., landing at way points on Washington side. R. R. Thompson leaves Portland Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 11 30 P. M.
The R. R. Thompson and S. G. Reed leave Ash street dock, steamer Telephone leaves foot Alder st. at 6 A. M., except Sundays.
To Dalles and Cascades.—Leave Ash street at 6 A. M., except Sundays.
Dayton and Corvallis.—Leave Portland at 7 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Dayton and way points Returning, leave Dayton at 8 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays For Corvallis and way points at 7 A. M., Mondays and Thursdays. Returning, leave Corvallis Tuesdays and Fridays.
Tacoma, Seattle and Victoria.—Steamers Olympian and North Pacific between Tacoma and Victoria (except Sundays) as follows Leave Tacoma at 7 A. M., leave Victoria at 6 A. M.
Snake River Points.—The 2:00 P. M. on Tuesday and Friday connect at Riparia next with day Snake river boat for Lewiston and intermediate points.
Ticket Office, First and Oak streets.
GEO. S. TAYLOR, City Ticket Agent.

FOR ASTORIA—FAST TIME—
STEAMER TELEPHONE
(Leaves foot of Alder street Portland)
Leave Portland Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 A. M.
Leave Astoria Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M.

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.
STEAMER INDIAN,
Capt. Charles T. Kamm, leaves Portland at 3:30 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily Sunday excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Taylor street.
Towing between 10 A. M and 2 P. M.

COWLITZ ROUTE—
For Freeport (via Willamette Slough) touching at St Helens and way points, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday. Str JOSEPH KELLOGG, 7 A. M. For Toledo touching at St. Helens and way points, Monday and Thursday at 6 A. M. South side of dock, foot of Taylor street.

FOR CLATSKANIE—
Steamer G. W. SHAVER leaves Alder-street wharf at 6 A.M., on Monday Wednesday and Friday for Clatskanie and way landings.

FOR OREGON CITY.
STEAMER ELTONA
Leaves Taylor st. | Leaves Oregon City
Daily 10 a.m., 4 p.m. | Daily 7 30 a.m. 1 30 p.m.
Sunday 10 a.m., 4 30 p.m | Sunday 8 30 a.m. 5 p.m.

INSURANCE.
Removed to 50 Stark St.
UNION INSURANCE CO.,
Fire and Marine,
Of San Francisco.
CAPITAL - - - $750,000.
JAMES S. REED, Agent.

The Thames and Mersey Marine Insurance Company.
OF LIVERPOOL.
Agency in Portland at No. 5 First
G. ROSENBLATT, Agent.
Capital $2,000,000
Reserve fund (in addition) 875,000
Deposit in Oregon 250,000

NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO.—
OF GREAT BRITAIN.
Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.
Connecticut Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford.
Combined cash assets over $5,000,000.
Fire insurance written in these companies by the agents in Portland
THOMPSON & PENNOYER, 48 Stark St.

MARKETS.
THE AMERICAN Wholesale Butchers and Packers.
Supplying ships a specialty. Highest cash price paid for all kinds of stock.
Intersection of Third A and 4th Sts.
A. H. JOHNSON.
Central Market, 53 First Street
Wholesale Butcher and Packer. Highest cash price paid for all kinds of stock.
Special attention paid to supplying ships.
W. W. SPRELDING,
(Successor to J. S. Miller & Co.)
Corner First and Madison Streets, Portland
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh and Cured Meats.
T. J. CHAMAN,
Rainier Market. Wholesale and Retail Butcher and Packer
Dealer in All kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats
61 N. West Park cor. D. Portland Oregon
Telephone No. 906.

FROM CORVALLIS.
Celebrating Over the Extension of the Southern Pacific to Junction.
CORVALLIS Or March 18.—[Special correspondence.]—The letter received by the Board of Trade from Manager Koehler stating that the advertised for in THE OREGONIAN for the extension of the Southern Pacific from Corvallis, created great enthusiasm among our citizens. With through connection between Portland and San Francisco will develop with wonderful rapidity.
The contract for the steel rails for the Corvallis street railway will be let to-day Ties and timber have been ordered to be on the line by April 15 and it is expected to have the first mile in operation by the end of May
The city has purchased three lots on Fourth street on which to erect substantial buildings for the city officers and fire department.
The council has decided to have the streets graded and a system of surface drainage established before the approach of warm weather
The Electric Light Company have commenced putting in the additional lights ordered and all parts of the city are now well lighted.
As a result of an extended correspondence had by the Board of Trade with an Eastern company, their superintendent will arrive shortly to arrange for moving their woolen mill plant to this city
The wooden buildings on the east side of Main street are being torn down to make room for a handsome brick block
The opera house is being repainted and new scenery painted by Mr Moses, who did the work for the Marquam Grand. When the doors are opened, in May it will be one of the neatest opera houses in the state.
A meeting of the incorporators of the Corvallis Brownsville & Eastern railroad is called to take steps to have a permanent survey of the road made and to consider matters pertaining to the building of the same.

POLK COUNTY NEWS.
Developing the Lumber Interests in the Foothills—Dallas Notes.
DALLAS Or, March 19.—[Special Correspondence.]—The development of the lumber industry of this county is assured A motor line or steam tramway will be built from Dallas, along the La Creole, into the body of timber in the Coast range. The route has been reviewed, and is practicable C. O. Hobart, an experienced lumberman, who came here last summer will put in a mill at Dallas costing about $17,000, the cutting capacity to be about 30 000 feet per day. Van Meter M. M. Ellis, W. C. Brown and others conjointly with Mr Hobart, will put in the tramway, costing $12 000 Dallas will receive more from the establishment and consequent growth of this industry than from any other undertaking her citizens could engage in.
The city council are considering the enlarging of the stage of the city hall found that in comfort and convenience Also a proposition from Mr Olsen, for putting in new scenery
There is still about two feet of snow in the mountains The recent rains have raised the small streams to a considerable extent, but there is no danger apprehended of another flood.
A large amount of lumber is being shipped to town, as it cannot be had from Polk county mills. The building boom is going ahead and several new additions to the town are projected
Another dynamo will be added to the electric plant, as the present one cannot meet the increasing demands. The town is now well lighted in all directions.
J Conroy has bought of W W Miller ten acres of land adjoining East Dallas, on which he will start a brickyard.

SHOT HIMSELF BY MISTAKE.
A Would-Be Murderer Is Seriously Wounded by His Own Revolver.
ALBINA Wash., March 13.—[Special Correspondence.]—On the evening of the 12th Jesse Bradley, an ex-convict, drew a revolver on Michael Frado, a saloon keeper of Albina The revolver snapped three times in succession, and Frado escaped. The next morning Bradley, still thirsting for revenge, repaired to the depot, from which Frado was about to depart for Wilbur By some accident the revolver was discharged, the ball entering Bradley in the bowels and lodging with a downward course in the knee. The cause was a woman, an ex-wife of Bradley, who is now living with Frado as his mistress. The wounded man was taken to the hospital at Spokane Falls.

Pacific Coast Board of Commerce.
SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—The Pacific coast board of commerce composed of delegates from various commercial organizations in California, Oregon and Washington, met here to-day President Samuel Collyer, of Tacoma, presided. The first subject for discussion was the best method of enlarging the organization, It was decided that an address be prepared and sent to all local commercial bodies on the coast, asking them to express an opinion on the various subjects which would be presented to them. A resolution was adopted yesterday against repeal of the Chinese exclusion act, and asking for such additional legislation as will effectually prevent Chinese immigration. The bill recently introduced in Congress by Representative Morrow on the subject of Chinese exclusion was endorsed. A resolution was adopted asking local commercial organizations to express an opinion on the following subjects and report at the annual meeting in September next Best methods of defending the coops of the organization, expediency of subsidizing shipping; legislation in regard to silver coinage, national bankruptcy law, Pacific coast river and harbor improvements and harbor defenses, anti-Chinese legislation, interstate commerce, extending oceanic cable lines, Pacific coast exhibit at the World's Fair. Adjourned.

Ex-Collector Hager is Dead.
SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Judge John S Hager ex-collector of the port of San Francisco died at his home in this city this morning. His death was sudden and is supposed to have been caused by paralysis of the heart. Last evening he entertained a number of friends at his home, and soon after retiring was stricken with a paralytic stroke and died about 4 o'clock this morning.

Rails for the Corvallis Street Road.
CORVALLIS, March 19.—[Special Telegram.] The contract for furnishing steel rails for the first mile of the Corvallis street railway was to-day let through the Portland agency of Eastern mills It is expected that cars will be running in May

Sickness at Gervais
GERVAIS, Or., March 19.—[Special Telegram.]—Mrs S W R. Jones is lying very sick at her home here

Grips and colds kept off by taking Simmons Liver Regulator to regulate the system.

Only a Few Days More
Don't forget that lots in Rosedale addition to Astoria will be $20 a lot on and after the 25th of March; 16 lots $180 49 First street W Reidt M'g r. Open until 8 P M

For low rates, excellent accommodations and all the features that constitute a successful and enjoyable trip to the East take the Northern Pacific railroad Through Pullman palace trains to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago, consisting of dining, library, smoking room and sleeping cars. Now tourist sleepers under the direction of the Pullman Palace Car Company are attached to the through trains. No better service to the east. Ticket office, No 121 First street, corner Washington

The town is growing south.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—$80 A LOT—6 LOTS IN THE Willamette add, for cash. Address A. B., care Oregonian. 14m7

FOR SALE—160 ACRES OF LAND NEAR Holbrook Station price $12 an acre Call at or address M. N., Columbia Hotel, corner First and Clay sts., Portland 2m1m

$10,500 FOR A 10 ROOM RESIDENCE, with all modern improvements, on H st. near 18th faces the Washington st. car line 2 lot fine location very desirable property WELCH & STEARNS 12 Stark st., Portland Or 8m7

$500 per acre 40 acre tract, this side of West Portland Park cleared PLATO and improved will sell in 5 or 10 acre homes one-third down balance on time

$1000 160 acres near LaGrande all fenced 100 acres table level Good water rare chance PLATO 9 Yamhill

LOTS IN PORT TOWNSEND AT W Lackman Abington Bldg, $50.00 SAY! PORT TOWNSEND LOTS WILL ADVance April 1st. 16m7

A RARE CHANCE.
20 acres near Portland, suitable for platting for sale cheap and on easy terms Apply at once to Wood & Rice 44 Washington st. Owner leaving the city.

Bargain in Fine Property.
640 acres of very fine land, 640 under wheat, balance good pasture with the exception of 11 acres in timber land 4 miles of steamship dock 3½ from railway station This valuable tract of land can be bought for $4 an acre There is no better land in Willamette Valley Inquire W H H GRANT 210 1st, East Portland. 9m1m

FOR SALE.
2 lots in Sellwood Portland near motor line view 2 lots in Albina to trade for a bargain.
2 single lots in Central Albina.
4 lots in Smith's Addition
½ block in East Portland
Several pieces of improved property city
Several lots North Portland, suburban
Sellwood, Milwaukie, Paradise Springs
Several good bargains in acres near city or East Portland and Astoria lots.
2½ acre tracts improved a bargain
19m5 FRAZER SMITH & CO., 47 Stark st.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS
1 fine lot $400 1½ lots and house, $2800, Sunny side, 4 blocks from line
1 fine corner lot Seventh street, East Portland $2400
½ of block 12 McMillan's East Portland $4 400
3 lots, 1 piece near St. Vincent's Hospital, $15,000
Fractional lot and house Twelfth and Columbia $5500
Lot and 2 houses, 15th and Clay $3,250.
Vacant lot adjoining above $2700
4 handsome building lots, Astoria, 7 blocks from courthouse
Lots in Warrenton cheap
L. G. & Hayden's and Pacific addition Tacoma on easy terms 11 blocks from depot $400
5, 9, 10, 20 and 40-acre tracts on proposed Motor line, as surveyed East Portland,
320 acres near West Portland,
10 blocks city and suburban farm and timber lands
House room and business chances department.
List your houses rooms and business
JAMES I. GRAY & CO., 6 Alder st.

WOODSTOCK.
THE REST FOLLOW
PRICES $250 AND UP.
$10 Down; $10 Monthly; No Interest; No Taxes; School and Church Promised; Store, Postoffice, etc. When a few more lots are sold PRICES WILL BE ADVANCED. Get Free Transportation
BORTHWICK, BATTY & CO.
2 Washington Street, - - - - - - - - Portland, Or.

Santa Rosa Park.
Intending purchasers of Suburban Property never fail to buy at Santa Rosa Park after investigating.
JUNCTION OF TWO MOTOR LINES.
We take pleasure in showing property at any time Don't wait until prices advance Buy now
Lots $100 | $10 Down, $5 Per Month. | No Interest. No Taxes.
Situated on north side of Mt Tabor, overlooking Portland and East Portland, and every lot a lawn All cleared. Call or write for map. Investigate and you will purchase. Prices will be advanced 25 per cent April 1.
SANTA ROSA PARK CO., - - 24½ Washington St.

RIVERVIEW ADDITION ★ ALBINA LOTS ★
TO ALBINA.
Finest residence lots in Albina.
Strictly inside property. Only four blocks of Postoffice and machine shops
More than twenty houses are now building on this property.
Electric cars into Portland via railroad bridge, with 5c fare.
Price $500 to $800, quarter cash, balance easy installments.
Inquire or Write —
JOHN M. PITTINGER
112 First Street.
ARE THE FINEST
On the Portland and Vancouver Railroad.
Lots 50x100 feet only $250 to $300. These lots are level, cleared and grubbed and are selling very rapidly.
Fifteen minutes of Portland, 5c fare.
$25 Cash, $10 Per Month.
JOHN M. PITTINGER
112 First Street.

WHY YOU SHOULD BUY IN EDENDALE?
1. Because it is a beautiful clover field.
2. Because it is encircled by fine orchards.
3. Because every street is finely sidewalked.
4. Because it has abundance of well water.
5. Because it is more than 100 feet above the river.
6. Because it has 5 cent fare to and from city.
7. Because it is directly east of our business center.
8. Because it has rapid transit, early and late.
9. Because it is on the Morrison Street Motor Line, and
10. Because it is in the direction of rapid growth, and
11. Because it will soon be densely settled, and
12. Because there are but few lots still left.
Prices: $450 to $650 for Lots 50x100. Terms Easy.
CLAYTON & OLIVER, 5 Washington Street.

RIVERVIEW.
This Addition is actually inside property. It is on streets Nineteen and Twenty, near to the street on which the cable line is to be built. These choice lots are put on the market for a few days at one-half their value.
Shorey, Hall & Co.,
ABINGTON BUILDING.

ANACORTES.
Now is the time to invest in Anacortes Real Estate We have bargains in acreage as well as in inside property, constantly on hand
HALL & McPHERSON,
ANACORTES, WASHINGTON.

$2 for $1.
Is seldom offered and more rarely given, yet we offer an investment which is GUARANTEED TO PAY AN ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF 20 PER CENT, OR YIELD IN 5 YEARS $2 FOR EVERY $1 invested, and will increase as the field is developed. It is a BONA FIDE OFFER IN A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS which is sure to win Only a limited interest offered for sale Investigate at once through
RIGGIN & HOLBROOK,
48 Stark street.

RARE CHANCES.
10 acres, choice for platting on Base Line road
10 acres ten min. to Glisan Wood Park
For sale—$900—Four lots in Park Addition to Albina, one block from motor line $800 five acres in Peninsular Addition No. 1 Every choice lots in Fulton Park A beautiful slightly lots on Minnesota st., South Portland 2 lots in Albina Homestead 1 a bargain if taken at once 10 beautiful lots on Laurel Park addition to Astoria $20 1 10 and 1 10 per acre A very choice acre tract fronting on West avenue only 4 miles from Mt Tabor motor on easy terms If you want something nice and cheap in rooming houses, call on Bacon & McBride 72 Washington st. and see the furniture of 8 and 12 room houses for sale with houses for rent. Fixtures and stock of good paying furniture and retaining business, having a large and increasing trade for sale at a bargain.
BACON & McBRIDE, 72 Washington st.

FOR SALE.
Twelve and a half acres of land two miles east of railroad bridge all clear high and sightly 100x100 with 6-room house fence land in fruit in Hobert's addition electric cars run by house and lot in Central Park all right for quick sale easy terms Call on or address J. L. SMITH P. O. box of North Fifth st. city 8m1m

WOODSTOCK.
THE REST FOLLOW
PRICES $250 AND UP.
$10 Down; $10 Monthly; No Interest; No Taxes; School and Church Promised; Store, Postoffice, etc. When a few more lots are sold PRICES WILL BE ADVANCED. Get Free Transportation
BORTHWICK, BATTY & CO.
2 Washington Street, - - - - - - - - Portland, Or.

ANACORTES.
BELDING, CANFIELD & CO.,
The Leading Real Estate Agents.
Correspondence Solicited.
ANACORTES.
WASHINGTON.

REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE.
Desirable residence and business property and farming lands in Clarke County.
WILLIAMS' BLOCK,
VANCOUVER, - WASH.

ANACORTES!
MOORE'S ADDITION
HIGH, DRY AND HIGHLY
The cheapest property at Anacortes and within the reach of all.
Lots 30x100 prices { $250, inside 300 corner
Terms $25 cash and $5 per month.
PRATT & OGDEN
ANACORTES, WASHINGTON
Mail orders promptly attended to.

CHOICE BUYS.
Block water front
Block in East Portland.
Two quarter blocks in East Portland.
Sixteen acres near city.
Two story house in Albina
House and lot McMillen's addition.
Twenty acres farm land.
Lots in Glencoe Park.
F. SHANNON & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers,
93 Morrison st.

SALEM ★ PORTLAND
THE OREGON LAND CO., Offices: HOTEL PORTLAND, SIXTH AND YAMHILL STS.
City and Suburban Property!
Fruit, Grain and Stock Farms.
Acre Property Rapidly Increasing in Value.
IF YOU WANT TO SELL
City or Country Property, Leave It With Us.
THE OREGON LAND CO., Offices: HOTEL PORTLAND, SIXTH AND YAMHILL STS.
ASTORIA ★ ALBANY

ANACORTES
SHIP HARBOR
Before purchasing Anacortes Real Estate call on THE McNAUGHT LAND & INVESTMENT CO., owners of the original town plat.
For a few days only we offer the following list of acre property on Fidalgo Island.

5 acres in original plat.	10 acres in section 5.
134 acres in section 31.	100 acres in section 7.
40 acres in section 31.	10 acres in section 25.
20 acres in section 1.	125 acres in section 8.
20 acres in section 3.	8 acres in section 24.
32 acres in section 7.	38 acres in section 13.
Waterfront—	30 acres in section 31.
80 acres in section 4.	12 acres in section 14.
40 acres in section 1.	10 acres in section 30.
20 acres in section 31.	7 acres in section 25.

ON GUEMAS ISLAND, DIRECTLY OPPOSITE ANACORTES.

180 acres in section 11	132 acres in section 8.
151 acres in sections 20 and 36.	25 acres in section 1.
3 4 mile waterfront.	70 acres in section 2.

55-acre mill site, running water.
For further information and maps of Anacortes and Fidalgo Island address McNAUGHT, DAVIS & STINE Anacortes office, cor. I and 7th sts.; Seattle offices, room 2, Kilgen block, 62 and 63 Boston block.

WOODSTOCK
In less than two months the electric motor now under construction will be whirling hundreds of our people to this beautiful suburb. As its beauties are seen and made known they will be appreciated, and those who make their selections and complete their purchases before that time will reap rich reward. In the last two and one-half months of the most dismal weather ever experienced in Oregon we have sold over $45,000 worth of this property, mostly to Portland people. No lots less than 100x100 feet. Present prices from $250 to $400 each. Costs nothing to inspect, and if not satisfied you will not be importuned to buy.
TELFER & STEARNS REAL ESTATE CO.,
33 STARK STREET.
LOTS $200 EACH. A portion of this beautiful tract has been subdivided into full sized lots, 50x100 feet. LOTS $200 EACH.
Parties not wishing to buy acre tracts can now get any number of lots they want at a price as cheap as acre property is selling for in less desirable localities.
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The proposed extension of the Second Street Electric Motor Line will go through the property and the P. & W. V. R R passes through it now.
At the price these lots are being offered they are likely to double in value within six months. The price for the next sixty days is $200 and upwards each, on easy terms, to suit all. Lithographic plats will be ready in a few days. Meantime investors had better call and make selections
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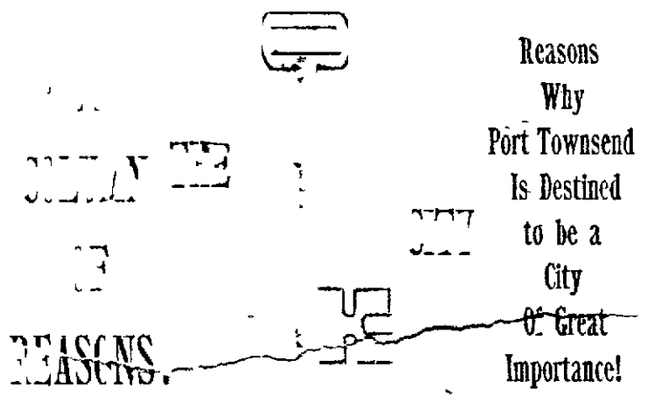
GRAYS HARBOR
The Future Terminus of the Hunt System of Railroads and the Future Point for Shipping the Coal and Wheat of Washington.
D. C. JOHNSON & CO. HAVE
Placed on the market the first Second addition to Grays Harbor.
This addition comprises 40 acres joining the Grays Harbor Company's Holdings on the west. It is distant from Broadway and Summit avenue, the principal streets of Grays Harbor and from the Postoffice, less than one-quarter mile It lies comparatively level and is considered by far the choicest property near the new city, and is sure to bring large profits to the investor Lots will be sold without reserve on the following terms: One-third cash, balance six and 12 months. All lots in this addition are cleared of timber and at a slight expense are ready for building. The recent contract with G. W. Hunt of Walla Walla, which is now recorded, is an assurance to the outside public that Grays Harbor will be the coal and wheat shipping point of Washington,. Plats can be seen at our office at Grays Harbor. For further information address
D. C. JOHNSON & CO.
GRAYS HARBOR, WASHINGTON.

GRAYS HARBOR
Grays Harbor Company Will Offer for Sale on TUESDAY, MARCH 25, at 10 A. M., Its Second Addition to the Original Townsite.
Lots 50x140 and 25x140 Terms, one-third cash, balance one and two years at 8 per cent interest. Only a portion of the addition will be sold, the company reserving absolutely one-half of the lots. This addition adjoins the original plat on the east and north and is all very desirable property.
RAIL CONNECTION
The Grays Harbor Company is now in position to positively assure the public of rail connection with the outside world in the near future, a contract having recently been entered into with Mr. G. W. Hunt, one of the most prominent railroad builders in the West to build from Grays Harbor to some point on the Northern Pacific.
Lots will be sold and plats can be seen only at the company's office in Grays Harbor.
HOW TO GET THERE—Take steamer Multnomah, leaving Tacoma at 7 A. M. daily, making close connections at Kamilche and Montesano, by rail and steamer, for Hoquiam and Grays Harbor, arriving at 5 P. M. From Portland take steamer Alliance, leaving weekly. No staging. Less than a day's journey.
Further information furnished on application to
GRAYS HARBOR COMPANY
GRAYS HARBOR, WASHINGTON.

PORT TOWNSEND, WASH.

Reasons Why Port Townsend Is Destined to be a City Of Great Importance!
REASONS.
REASON 1: It has the best harbor of Puget Sound, from Cape Flattery to Olympia, having the most convenient anchorage over the greatest area, from 5 to 15 fathoms deep, with the best holding ground. There are no bars, shoals, rocks or hidden dangers of any kind throughout the entire bay, which is land locked and well sheltered from the stormy winds and from the heavy ocean swell.
REASON 2: Ease of approach from the ocean. A sailing vessel can run direct from the ocean to the anchorage in Port Townsend Bay, with a westerly wind, or beat up to her anchorage with an easterly wind, the Straits of Fuca being over 12 miles wide, while above Port Townsend to any of the cities the navigation is more intricate, requiring the constant use of tugs. Steamers can run the distance from the ocean to Port Townsend during the densest fogs by aid of their compass alone, there being no hidden danger to apprehend.
REASON 3: It is the port of entry of Puget Sound, and its geographical position is such that it will afford greater facilities to commerce over a greater extent of country than any one position on Puget Sound.
REASON 4: It is at the entrance to Admiralty Inlet and within the lines of the proposed military works for the defense of Puget Sound, and is where the naval squadron will have a rendezvous, and where the government will build a dry dock for repairs, and a naval station for supplies for our naval vessels and the merchant marine.
REASON 5: It will become the great wheat shipping point on the Pacific Coast. It has been ascertained that from the junction of the Snake and Columbia rivers to Port Townsend there is a fall of about 400 feet, and that it is practically very nearly a level grade and that one engine can haul 25 loaded cars to Port Townsend, while it takes two decapod engines to haul 14 loaded cars through the tunnel to Tacoma. The peninsula which lies between Port Townsend and Port Discovery harbors, presents on both these harbors a greater extent of water front than any other position on Puget Sound, both of which can be utilized by one line of railroad, thus offering greater facilities for handling vast quantities of wheat than can be found elsewhere in the whole country
REASON 6: It will be the headquarters and great point of transit of all the whaling fleet, which can here ship all their oil and bone to Eastern markets and save 700 miles of ocean travel, which they now have to take to transport these products to San Francisco.
REASON 7: It will be the headquarters of the fishing business. The Union Pacific Railroad Co. stated to the senate committee on relations with Canada who were here in 1889, that they intend putting in refrigerator cars to take fresh fish through on the long haul at greatly reduced rates, and will here ship all the salmon pack, as well as other fish products destined for the interior and Eastern markets.
REASON 8: It is the point of departure for all passengers and freight to British Columbia and Alaska, and its unrivaled scenery makes it the admiration of all tourists who have ever visited Puget Sound.
REASON 9: It is the location of the smelting works of Irondale, on Port Townsend Bay, where the best charcoal iron known in the world is produced. A plant will be put up at these works by the company to manufacture steel plates for boilers and for building vessels, steel rails and all iron material required for railroad construction and every kind of iron for blacksmith use.
REASON 10: Port Townsend, by its geographical position, is intimately and directly connected with Portland, being due north, as can be seen on any map. The Willamette meridian, which commences in Portland as its initial point, terminates in Port Townsend bay, between Point Hudson and Marrowstone Point. The Port Townsend Southern railroad will soon connect the two cities, and Port Townsend will become in fact one of Portland's most important shipping points.
REASON 11: Because on the peninsula between Port Townsend and Port Discovery bays will be built within the very near future the most important city on the Pacific Coast, a city that will be fostered and developed by the Union Pacific railroad, which will here have its grand western terminus, from whence will proceed lines of great ocean steamships, which will bring in the commerce of Asia and China and the south seas.

FOR SALE.
Good house and barn and drugstore and 50x100 lot for sale for less than $1000 Yearly business of drugstore $4200 This for a few days only Inquire W H H. GRANT 210 1st., East Portland 8m17

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All or easy terms, all clear and level within one block of motor cars. For particulars inquire No 315 H st., city. 18m7

BARGAINS.
$2400, corner lot in Couch.
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HOW POTHEEN IS MADE.

A Visit by Night to the Moonshiners of Connemara.

GUARDED BY MORASSES AND CRAGS

From Barley Sack to Cask—The Man Who Makes The Intoxicating Fluid—How It Tastes and All About It.

A graphic description of potheen making near Connemara, Ireland, is given by a correspondent of the New York *Sun*: The shore rose gently out of the bay. It was such land as can only be found in desolate Galway—rock and bog. Here your foot goes down through a hole filled with black water into still blacker mud. The mud resembles black putty. When the foot comes out there is a sucking sound as if the bog were anxious to retain the shoe. "Millia, murther! are you hurted, sor!" "No, Bartley; only a skinned knee and arms covered with slime up to the elbows." We struggled on. At intervals, out of the gloom, shone that red eye from the still-house like a guiding star. "Blound your shins agin the sthone wall," was Bartley's friendly caution.

"What's that light Bartley?"

"That's a still-house, sor."

Two more acres of morass and crag, an interval of anxious poking of a blackthorn over the uneven ground ahead to find a footing and the still-house was reached. The kindly light came from a hole in the roof of the still-house, which was a cottage deserted by an Irishman who had gone to America. The half rotten door hung on one hinge. It was opened a few inches by a stalwart Gaelic distiller, who could not speak English, and an earnest talk ensued with Bartley, the guide. Apparently satisfied that the expedition was not one of discovery and seizure, the door was thrown open and the party entered.

Coming out of the black gloom of night into a dazzling radiance, the effect at first was blinding. Then slowly the details of the scene were taken in. The picture was a striking one. It was full of lights and shadows. An aroma of alcohol filled the cottage. Two bushels of turf had been turned by the alchemy of fire into coals, which glowed with an exquisite rosy hue. The leaping flames lit up a room 20x30 feet in size. In the further corner lay a pile of hay. The smoke found vent through four holes in the thatched roof.

The fire was built in a rude fireplace of stones. Upon the fireplace rested a round tin vessel, with a concave bottom, about three feet in diameter. This boiler had a capacity of about thirty-five gallons. A wooden tub about the size of an ordinary pail was fitted into the top of the boiler by means of a collar. The joint was made water-tight with oatmeal made into a thick mortar-like paste. A tin pipe, about three feet long, led from the tub to the worm, which was hidden in a huge wooden tub, filled with cold water. From the bottom of this tub projected the end of the worm, and from it ran a tiny stream of a colorless liquor, about as big as a darning needle, into an iron pot, such as is used to cook potatoes in.

Two men and one woman were attending to the still. The woman was carrying turf to feed the fire. She was barefooted. One man owned the liquor, the other owned the distilling apparatus. He was the distiller. He received a quart out of every gallon of the brew for the use of his utensils and his services. The apparatus of the still was made by the local tinker. It was valued at $25. The distiller's time was mainly taken up in plastering up leaks in his still with oatmeal mortar.

The process going on was known as that of "doubling." That is, the whisky had passed through its preparatory stages and was undergoing the final process before it was ready for the cask. The casks, ranging in capacity from five to fifteen gallons, stood around on the floor waiting to be filled. One of them was offered to the visitor in lieu of a chair. The firelight danced in ruddy gleams over the swart face of the distiller as he took a little wineglass, holding about a gill, from a niche in the hearthstone, and held it under the dripping mouth of the worm. The fluid rippled into the glass with a musical jingle. When it was filled to the brim he doffed his hat with a gesture of clumsy courtesy and handed the glass of liquor to the visitor. There was a moment of painful suspense, broken only by the sound of the wind in the thatch. Then an irresolute hand was reached out, weak fingers grasped the glass, that showed no color-[illegible] disappeared in its depths, and the [illegible] just as everybody said in unison, "Slainte," which, being interpreted, means "Good health!"

The effect was electrical. The liquor seared the throat like red-hot iron. It tasted like sulphuric acid and mustard mixed. When Solomon referred to wine as biting like a serpent and stinging like an adder he certainly had potheen in his mind's eye. This draught was what is known in the vocabulary of the Irish moonshiner as "first shot." It was the strongest liquor of the brew and was highly prized in consequence. The natives covet it on account of its supposed medicinal properties, and it is freely used as a remedy for rheumatism. It retails for nearly twice as much as the later distillation.

Looking out into the night from the door of the cottage the lights of five distilleries could be seen within a radius of one mile. The potheen is made under circumstances which would prevent its manufacture entirely were it not for the fact that the distillers are so miserably poor. The localities in Galway and Connemara where it is made have the least natural advantages of any locality in Ireland. The soil is almost entirely bog land, and very little of it can be successfully cultivated. The manufacture of potheen enables the Irishman to earn a few shillings which he could earn in no other way. At best the return is very small. The price ranges from $1 50 to $2 per gallon. Very seldom does a brew turn out more than fifteen gallons. The process is extremely laborious, and involves a large expense of time and money, to say nothing of the danger of detection by the police and excise officers. Indeed, in this locality the time of the police is mainly taken up in hunting for illicit whisky stills. Of course large numbers of the distillers are caught. When a still is captured by the police the apparatus is destroyed and the offenders are fined $30. A man here last week was caught twice in seven days. As he had no money to pay his fine he will be obliged to go to prison for six months. In the meantime his eleven children will starve in the usual commonplace way.

The means resorted to by the distillers to evade the police are novel and ingenious. The various parts of the still are hidden a mile apart. Portions of it are sometimes sunk in the little fresh water lakes which abound in the islands. Other parts are buried in holes in the bog. They are then covered with pieces of sail cloth or tarpaulin and these in turn by sods. A stranger would walk over these places of concealment every day for a century and never suspect what lay beneath his feet, so skillfully are the utensils buried. The police visit the islands every day, carrying with them long iron rods. These they thrust down into the bogs, and very often discover the machinery sought for. When discovered, the potheen—which is pronounced put-yeen, with the accent on the first syllable—is poured out upon the ground, except what is retained for their own use. The "peelers" are very fond of potheen. These elect defenders of the excise law have even been known to [illegible] without stopping to rest. The bags are then hidden in the bog holes. When ready to begin work the moonshiner spreads his grain on the clay floor of his inner room, about six inches deep, for a period of twenty-two days, until it begins to sprout. The grain is then dried in a primitive kiln, such as is used for burning lime. A number of lath-like sticks are laid over the kiln, near the top, and over these is spread straw. Upon the straw the grain is placed. A slow fire of turf is then made in the bottom of the kiln, and the smoke and heat rising upward dries the grain. Enough grain to make fifteen gallons of liquor can be dried in a day. The grain is then ground between two lime-stones in a clumsy manner by the distiller's wife or daughter, for the whole family usually is engaged in the illicit work. When ground the grain is put into large casks and mixed with warm water. A preparation called barm—a kind of yeast—is added to it to make the mass ferment. The grain is left to steep there for forty-eight hours. It is then ready for the still.

The first product of the still is called beer. It is pleasant to taste and is sometimes given to the cattle to drink. The islanders, however, despise it as a beverage. It is not strong enough to suit their well-tempered palates. The first process consumes one night. The next night, if the coast is clear, the beer is put through a second course. This time a liquor comes out which is known as "singling." Although it is now white, and to the uninitiated would seem to be good enough poison for any reasonable man, still the distiller is not satisfied. He puts it through the boiler and worm once more, and now all the deviltry has been boiled and condensed out of the barley. The casks are filled and hidden, and the distiller on the first favorable dark night puts the whisky into his frail canoe and starts for the Arran islands, fifteen miles away. If he and the other two oarsmen are sober and the sea is calm, he crosses Galway bay in safety. If not, he drowns. His canoe drifts ashore, but the man is seldom found. Every year accidents of this kind occur. In the event of crossing the treacherous bay safely he has next to encounter the police and coast guards of Arran, whose glasses are continually sweeping the sea for his frail craft. As the shore is rocky and precipitous, he must find a harbor in one of the small bays and land his precious cargo and hide it among the rocks. Then begins the search for a purchaser. It is ludicrous to see this wild-looking fellow, who has never been shaved in his life, whose clothes are ragged, and whose general appearance is suggestive of poverty and ignorance, coming down the road in Arranmore, with his hands in his pockets and with an easy, nonchalant air, a sort of I-don't-know-anything-about-it expression. He is a Connemara moonshiner, and every police officer and man, woman and child in Arran recognizes him as such. But he hasn't been caught yet, and there are ten chances to one that he will dispose of his potheen safely, for after all the police are not half as black as they are painted, and often let a poor fellow get away whom they might easily have captured. There are speculators in Arran who buy the liquor and sell it again in the county of Clare, realizing a profit of from 25 cents to $1 per gallon. Occasionally the owner of a *sheebeen* purchases a small keg, which she retails to the fishermen. The *sheebeen* is usually a cottage owned by a widow who has no visible means of support. The invisible intoxicating means is hidden in the pile of turf in the yard. It is an easy matter for an American to get a drink of potheen in a *sheebeen*. In fact, an American can have anything an Irishman has got excepting his wife, so ardent is the admiration of the Irish for the Western El Dorado. But an Englishman would require to be well vouched for before the bottle is fetched from its hiding place.

WHY HE DIDN'T MARRY HER.

The Exceeding Difference Betwixt Tweedledum and Tweedledee.

"Say, do you see that girl?"

"Why, yes; she's a beauty, too."

"Well, you can just bet she is. I was engaged to her once."

Then there was silence for the space of two minutes, says the New York *Sun*, as the two men drew near and passed the pretty young woman. Then the young man in the box coat remarked:

"You didn't speak to each other. How is that?"

"Well, you see," explained the gentleman with the black mustache and gray hair, "it's a very peculiar story. Sounds like a romance, but it's true, every word of it. I met her two years ago down at Long Branch. She was the daughter of an old Russian count, who was reputed to be worth at least half a million. I fell dead in love with her, and she seemed to be very much attached to me. Well, you know Thompson? I invited him down to stay with me for a week or two. He came, of course. Never knew Thompson to refuse an invitation. He met the count's daughter. They fell in love with each other at first sight. He proposed after he'd known her [illegible] days, and she accepted him. [illegible] round.

"Well, it made me sick. I knew the fellow only wanted the girl's money, so I put up a job on him. I told him that the count had failed, and that he wasn't worth a copper. As I expected, the blackguard went back to New York that night, and the next day wrote the girl a letter saying that he had been mistaken and asking to be released. The girl waxed indignant and sent him flying, and then I went to work and proposed myself. She accepted me. Well, all went on smoothly for a week, when—"

"What happened then? Did you marry the girl?" asked the box-coated gentleman.

"No-o. You scent the end of the week the old count died, and when his accounts were looked up it was discovered that instead of having a half million to his credit he was in debt to the tune of $200,000. Of course, you see, after that I couldn't marry the girl very well, you know. Much as I can do to support myself."

SHEDDING HIS ANTLERS.

How the Great Elk Stag Loses His Beauty in the Spring.

"Come with me and I will show you something curious," said Dan Neeson, the keeper of the deer park at Golden Gate Park, to a San Francisco *Examiner* reporter. "Our great elk stag, the one we got a few months ago from Menlo Park, has shed his horns and you would not recognize him."

On reaching the fence that surrounded the pen, the elk was found at the fodder trough calmly eating his dinner of cracked barley and apparently oblivious to the curious crowd that surrounded him. He was hardly recognizable. The magnificent antlers that had rendered him the admiration of the visitors were missing, and nothing remained but raw, blood-marked limbs. The elk was as docile as a cow, and submitted without opposition to the caresses of the crowd, and appeared to thoroughly enjoy their strokings.

He shed his horns on Saturday morning," continued the keeper. "Of late he has been more than usually ferocious, in fact so much so that it was dangerous to my life to enter the pen to feed the deer. On Friday he would not allow me to enter the enclosure at all. On Saturday morning I failed to find him in his usual place, and on my way to the deerhouse to hunt him up I came across one of his antlers in the gulley, and within a short distance I found the other. I then knew what was the matter, and entering boldly into the house I found him standing with the deer cow, as quiet and as docile as a child. Why, he then ate some food out of my hand. I took the antlers to the superintendent's office, where they now are."

At the office the antlers were seen, and a magnificent set they are, having on the beam horn six protuberances, one for each year of the stag's age. They weighed seventy pounds, and when set in position measured seven feet from tip to tip on the spread.

Now antlers will begin to grow on the stag by the middle of March, and will increase rapidly in length until they attain full size.

VESTIBULED TRAIN SERVICE.

Over the Northern Pacific railroad dining cars and sleeping cars every day in the year. Portland to Chicago twenty-five miles the shortest route.

Second-class passengers, too, are afforded excellent accommodations.

SEVEN HOURS AND THIRTY-SIX MINUTES Saved in reaching Chicago via this line. Office, 121 First street, corner Washington.

The town is growing south.

HEALY WAS A BRUTE.

Alleged Cruelty of the Revenue Cutter Bear's Commander.

THE TERROR OF THE ARCTIC SEAS

Witnesses Against the Chief Officer Spirited Away—Story of the Abused Sailors—The Art of "Tricing Up."

The investigation into the alleged cruelty of Commander M. A. Healy, of the revenue cutter Bear, during a cruise in the Arctic, now in progress at San Francisco, is exciting as much attention throughout the country as is the inquiry into the conduct of Commander McCalla, of the United States ship Enterprise. While the testimony in the former case has not all been taken, yet, making due allowance for the bias of witnesses, it seems impossible to doubt that inhuman tortures have been inflicted by Healy's orders for trivial or purely imaginary offenses. The San Francisco community has a strong stomach in matters of nautical brutalities. Accustomed to atrocities of such attaches of the sea as "Sunrise Harris," and Watts, of the Gatherer, these repeated complaints of Healy's severities have attracted comparatively little attention until this year. But at last the public is beginning to realize that where there is so much smoke there must be some fire. Commander Healy has cruised in Northern waters for many years of late in the Bear, and before that in the Corwin. Every year his return has been heralded by the complaints of the whaling and other crews with whom he happened to be brought in contact. Sometimes the complaints have been unjust, and have been shown to be so, and that fact, until this year, has given Healy the reputation of a persecuted man. Encouraged by immunity, he has apparently allowed his domineering instincts to carry him beyond all bounds.

The case with which the pending investigation is dealing is that of the cruel punishment of three sailors of the coaling bark Estella. In June last, according to the story of the men, the Estella was approaching Oonalaska. The captain was drunk, as usual. The vessel was near shore, and the captain directed the man at the wheel to put the helm down, an order which, if obeyed, would have driven the craft on the rocks. The man hesitated, and the mate, seeing the danger, ordered him to put the helm up. He did so, and the drunken captain snatched the wheel from his hands, changed the course of the ship and drove her ashore.

Next day, by the exertions of the men, the Estella was warked off, when the captain interfered and grounded her again. At last she succeeded in reaching port without further mishap. Then the mate improved the occasion by getting drunk himself. One of the sailors was ordered by the captain to attend to something on shore. He started to go, when the mate told him to stay where he was. After considering the situation he decided to obey the captain, and as he started to do so the mate struck him. The sailor retaliated by knocking his superior down. This, it is believed, will constitute Commander Healy's defense for his subsequent severity. He was "suppressing a mutiny" on the Estella.

Three weeks later, things on the Estella having remained calm meantime, and the captain and mate having spent most of their time in a state of harmonious inebriation, the bear was lying alongside the bark after taking in a supply of coal. As she sheered off Roy Fransderson and Alfred Holben were standing on the rail of the Estella. Holben said:

"I wonder where our captain is."

Healy overhead the remark and called out, "Are you talking?" Holben said, "Yes, sir." Healy ordered the master-at-arms of the Bear to put him in irons. A little later, Fransderson asked why his companion had been ironed. Captain Avery, of the Estella, and Commander Healy, of the Bear, were standing together. Avery immediately ordered the master-at-arms of the Bear to iron Fransderson. Otto Daweritz then asked the reason for that, when Healy ordered him also into irons along with the rest. By this time the thirst of the remaining members of the Estella's crew for information had been assuaged, and none of them asked any more questions.

The three sailors were taken on board the Bear and tricked up. The master-at-arms of the Bear, who performed this interesting ceremony, explained his method on the stand. The arms of the sailors were bent behind their backs, with their hands manacled together. Ropes were then fastened to the handcuffs, passed through ring bolts overhead, and hauled up. Master-at-Arms Hughes testified that after he had hauled the men up as high as he thought they ought to go, Lieutenant Bubner ordered him to trice them up higher. They were then hoisted up so high that their toes barely touched the deck, and they could be spun around like tops.

After remaining in this position five to seven minutes each, suffering intense agony, they were taken down and seated with their backs against stanchions, around which their arms were stretched and fettered behind. They were kept in this position for four hours and then iriced up again, after which Commander Healy seems to have thought their crime sufficiently punished.

Tricing up seems to be a favorite method of maintaining discipline with Healy. In the course of his examination the master-at-arms of the Bear mentioned incidentally that on the 8th of July twenty-one sailors of the bark Wanderer were put in irons by the autocrat of the revenue service. Two of them were tied up in the rigging, and one fainted, so that it was necessary to call the surgeon of the Bear to his relief. The trouble in this case is believed to have been that the crew of the Wanderer had mutinied at being compelled to work continuously and demanded a division of their time into watches.

In the case of the Estella, Fransderson swore that his tortures were increased by the fact that his irons were too small, and that his arms were too short to go around the stanchion to which he was pinioned. Daweritz alleged that his shoulder was thrown out of joint and remained so weak as to be very easily dislocated ever since. Dr. F. Bass testified as an expert that such punishment as was described would cause acute pain, temporary paralysis of the muscles, and disturbance of the circulation, and would be likely to induce permanent injury to the joints.

The sailors do not expect a verdict against Commander Healy. The feeling against him among workingmen is extremely bitter, but he is popular with the influential classes of the community, as he always takes the side of capitalists against crews. The men in authority swear by him. They regard him as a conservator of order. When he got into his present trouble the whaling captains in port united in presenting him a testimonial. The shipowners are working for him as if they were brothers. The feeling of at least a part of the commission that is investigating him may be judged from the fact that, when the prosecution was about to put Dr. Bass on the stand to testify to the effects of tricing up, Commissioner Ballbache asked why such a witness should be called when he himself was a physician and as competent to give expert testimony as anybody. The whole matter from its working for Healy say the sailors. Witnesses are intimidated or shipped off.

There are three civil suits for damages pending against Commander Healy, and it seems impossible to bring them to trial. They are continually postponed and probably will continue to do so at least until after the trial of the commission is in. The members of this body are Collector P. G. Phelps, Captain John M. White, of the revenue marine, and Surgeon P. H. Bahnache, of the United States marine hospital. Of these gentlemen the last two, at least, have natural prepossessions in favor of the defendant. Commander Healy is not by any means a fiend. He is simply a natural despot, whose autocratic temperament has been developed by a long course of unrestrained sovereignty in regions in which the commander of a revenue cutter is a proconsul, whose whims are law. It is admitted on all hands that he has been kind to his own men. It is the luckless mariners on whaling and coaling vessels who have tales of barbarity to tell.

Healy has been in the habit of acting the part of a savior of society in Alaskan waters, and has made it his business to quell, by what he considered the most efficient means, any symptoms of insubordination on board the merchantmen. The divine right of a captain to get drunk and maltreat his crew has been one that he has upheld with especial enthusiasm. His accusers say that he has been drunk most of the time himself, but while they profess absolute certainty of the truth of this charge, they have not yet been able to substantiate it by direct proof. Master-at-Arms Hughes swore that he was sober when he ordered the sailors of the Estella to be tricked up.

CONVICTING ANIMALS.

How They Were Regularly Tried and Punished in the Middle Ages.

In the middle ages the lower animals were frequently tried, convicted, and punished for various offences. Mr. Baring Gould has collected some curious cases of this kind. In 1265 a pig was burned at Fontenay-aux-Roses, near Paris, for having eaten a child. In 1386 a judge at Falaise condemned a sow to be mutilated and hunged for a similar offence. Three years later a horse was solemnly tried before the magistrate and condemned to death for having killed a man.

During the fourteenth century oxen and cows might be legally killed whenever taken in the act of marauding; and asses, for a first offence, had one ear cropped, for a second offence the other ear, and if after this they were asses enough to commit a third offence, their lives became forfeit to the crown. "Criminal" animals frequently expiated their offences, like other malefactors, on the gallows; but subsequently they were summarily killed without trial, and their owners mulcted in heavy damages.

In the fifteenth century it was popularly believed that cocks were intimately associated with witches, and they were sometimes credited with the power of laying accursed eggs, from which sprang winged serpents. In 1474, at Bale, a cock was publicly accused of having laid one of these dreadful eggs. He was tried, sentenced to death, and, together with his egg, was burned by the executioner in the market place amid a great concourse of people.

In 1691, during the witch persecutions in New England, a dog exhibited such strange symptoms of affliction that he was believed to have been ridden by a warlock, and he was accordingly hanged. Snails, flies, mice, ants, caterpillars, and other obnoxious creatures have been similarly proceeded against and condemned to various punishments, mostly in ecclesiastical courts. And, stranger still, inanimate objects have suffered the same fate.

In 1655, when the Protestant chapel at Rochelle was condemned to be demolished, the bell thereof was publicly whipped for having assisted heretics with its tongue. After being whipped it was catechized, compelled to recant, and then baptized and hung up in a Roman Catholic place of worship. Probably similar absurdities may have been perpetrated in our own country, for it must be remembered that only in the present reign was the law repealed which made a cartwheel, a tree or a beast which had killed a man forfeit to the state for the benefit of the poor.

It had been said that punishment is not likely to be efficacious unless it swiftly follows the offence. This was improved on by a Barbary Turk, who, whenever he bought a fresh Christian slave had him hung up by the heels and bastinadoed, on the principle, it is supposed—though the application is decidedly singular—that prevention is better than cure.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS

A baby was found floating down the Caney Fork river, Tenn., in a barrel. It had made sixty miles in safety.

An English traveling harpist has been discovered cheating the railroads by carrying his little girl done up in the green bag with his harp. He has traveled so all about England, and had paid no fare for the child.

The biggest snowball fight which has occurred at Princeton college in years came off last Friday between the freshmen and sophomores. There were over 100 men on a side. Better organization gave the field to the sophomores.

It came out in an English court a few days ago that 100 worn-out horses had just been shipped from that country to Germany and Belgium to be used up in the manufacture of sausages, and that such shipments were a regular thing.

Clubs are multiplying in Boston with amazing rapidity; in fact the city seems to be club mad. This gives point to a recent remark of a bright woman, "We are relapsing," she said, "to the days of savagery, and are being clubbed to death."

A return has just been issued showing that 412,342 English ladies are entitled to vote in county council contests, this number including 65,161 women voters in London alone. In municipal elections the total number of ladies entitled to a vote in the boroughs of England and Wales is 233,418.

The great Bear river canal in Utah, for the construction of which $2,000,000 has been provided, is expected to be one of the most extensive irrigation works in this country. It will irrigate 200,000 acres in Salt Lake valley and 600,000 on Bear river, increasing the value of the land to $50 an acre. Bear lake is in Eastern Idaho. The reservoir for the canal covers 150 square miles.

It seems that the African elephant is in danger of being as thoroughly exterminated as has been the American bison. Elephants not many years ago roamed the dark continent in countless herds, but the demand for ivory has caused them to be relentlessly hunted, and they have become so scarce that the supply of ivory has greatly decreased, and its price has advanced in proportion.

A 14-year-old boy living at Hookstown, Pa., went to a trap he had set for a fox, and found a big wildcat in it. Johnny attempted to kill the animal with a club, but it sprang at him with such force that it broke the chain by which the trap was anchored, and landed square with its fore paws on the boy's chest, tearing the clothing away and sinking its claws in the little fellow's flesh. The boy stood his ground and killed the animal with a club.

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